

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.9943, -7.2532,
5.0602)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.9943, -7.2532, 5.0602)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.8477, -7.0676,
4.9796)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CED5D2
RGB	206, 213, 210
RGB Percent	81%, 84%, 82%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1647, 0.1765
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	154°, 8%, 82%
HSV	154°, 3%, 84%
XYZ	60.8808, 65.3635, 70.3804
YIQ	210.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

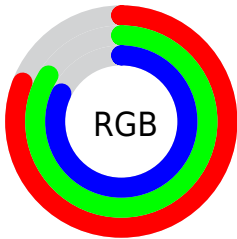
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 210, 213
Decimal	13555154
CIE Lab	84.67, -2.92, 0.65
CIE LCh	85, 2.991, 167.540
Yxy	65.3663, 0.3096, 0.3324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291745234 (0xFFCED5D2)
YUV	210.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035
Hunter-Lab	80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796

Details

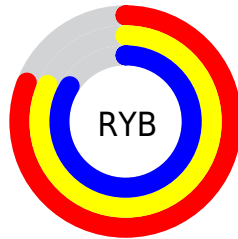
The HunterLab color $80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $79.3057, -1.4355, 3.7430$, and the grayscale version is $80.5262, -4.2967, 4.3751$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $57.9046, -5.2266, 3.3840$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.7902, -14.9609, 6.7680$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83.1221, 1.3649, 3.3731$.

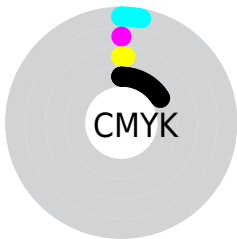
Distribution



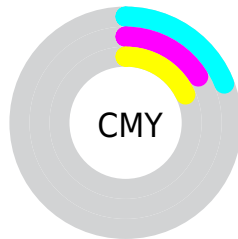
- Red (81%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80.8477, -7.0676,
4.9796

■ 80.8477, -7.0676,
4.9796

210.7385,
-15.0540, 12.2707

■ 69.1073, -6.3001,
4.3119

106.1020, -8.6825,
6.4108

■ 57.9960, -5.5563,
3.6756

119.5604, -9.5251,
7.1694

■ 47.5538, -4.8384,
3.0737

133.5442,
-10.3911, 7.9555

■ 37.8266, -4.1467,
2.5082

148.0343,
-11.2799, 8.7684

■ 28.8713, -3.4809,
1.9815

163.0136,
-12.1911, 9.6070

■ 20.7615, -2.8402,
1.4967

178.4666,

■ 13.5966, -2.2215,

-13.1242, 10.4708

1.0575

194.3792,
-14.0786, 11.3589

■ 7.1919, -2.1538,
0.7634

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8477, -7.0676,
4.9796

■ 80.8477, -7.0676,
4.9796

■ 78.7902, -14.9609,
6.7680

■ 83.1221, 1.3649,
3.3731

■ 76.9505, -22.2366,
8.7233

■ 85.6004, 10.2692,
1.9507

■ 75.3345, -28.8281,
10.8306

■ 86.5963, 14.1449,
-1.4618

■ 73.9436, -34.6754,
13.0681

■ 86.9127, 15.8065,
-5.9440

■ 72.7764, -39.7324,
15.4093

■ 87.2187, 17.4083,
-10.2644

■ 71.8277, -43.9724,
17.8229

■ 71.0880, -47.3929,
20.2741

■ 70.5428, -50.0211,
22.7254

■ 70.1710, -51.9204,
25.1368

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8494, -6.4003, 6.2013



80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796



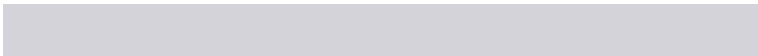
80.8494, -7.0052, 3.5834

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8494, -7.0694, 4.9809



80.8494, -3.4616, 1.7855



80.8494, -2.3944, 6.3664

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796



79.3057, -1.4355, 3.7430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8494, -1.5958, 5.2099



80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796



80.8494, -2.2149, 2.5580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8494, -7.0694, 4.9809



80.8494, -4.9293, 1.7215



80.8494, -1.5298, 3.8165



80.8494, -3.7053, 6.9916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796



80.8494, -6.5552, 2.7394



80.8494, -1.5298, 3.8165



80.8494, -2.0568, 6.0278

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8494, -7.0694, 4.9809



99.7243, -6.3666, 5.6374



80.9987, -6.7885, 7.0489



46.1433, -2.9219, 2.6034

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8494, -7.0694, 4.9809



98.9131, -9.4192, 6.2635



80.7978, -6.3176, 3.4804



37.8973, -3.8715, 2.4583



54.7203, -41.2212, 20.5891



13.4999, -9.7475, 4.1683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.3057, -1.4355, 3.7430



96.5890, -0.9369, 4.4000



79.3547, -2.1817, 5.2310



36.8579, -0.0778, 1.6250



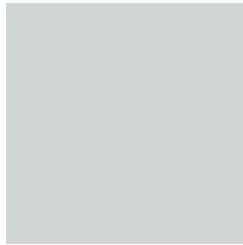
30.2088, 53.3378, 7.0843



7.5288, 13.4993, 0.1666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

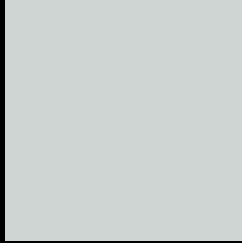
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

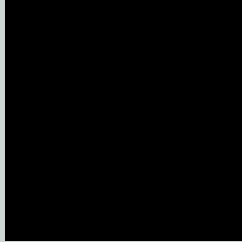
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

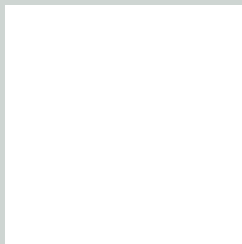
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796.

4.9796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796

Protanopia

80.6811, -3.0130, 5.8096

Deuteranopia

80.5780, 6.1506, 3.9279



Tritanopia

80.7431, -1.5696, -3.6380

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796

Protanomaly

80.7397, -4.3255, 5.3795

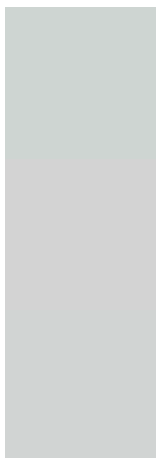
Deuteranomaly

80.5347, 1.3481, 4.2779

Tritanomaly

80.7582, -3.4972, -0.5203

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796

Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851

Achromatomaly

80.8365, -5.4504, 4.5142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 213, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 213, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 213, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 213, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 213, 210) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 213, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 213, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 213, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 213, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 213,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.8477, -7.0676, 4.9796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 213, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
213, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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