

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.0450, 9.0881,  
2.9976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.0450, 9.0881, 2.9976)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.0078, 9.2784,  
3.0250)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDCBD7
RGB	237, 203, 215
RGB Percent	93%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2039, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.09, 0.07
HSL	339°, 49%, 86%
HSV	339°, 14%, 93%
XYZ	68.5467, 65.6226, 73.3435
YIQ	214.5340, 16.4120, 10.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

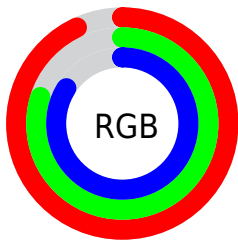
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 203, 215
Decimal	15584215
CIE Lab	84.81, 13.89, -1.52
CIE LCh	85, 13.969, 353.758
Yxy	65.6255, 0.3303, 0.3162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293774295 (0xFFEDCBD7)
YUV	214.5340, 0.2297, 19.7027
Hunter-Lab	81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250

# Details

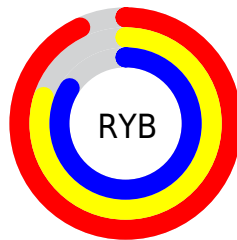
The HunterLab color  $81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $88.7146, -17.4118, 6.7507$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.2287, -4.3875, 4.4676$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.1865, 9.0676, 2.1246$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73.8389, 19.4362, 2.1278$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.6082, -0.6650, 4.3288$ .

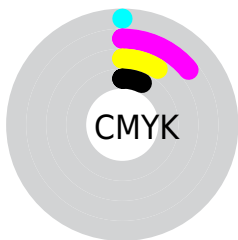
# Distribution



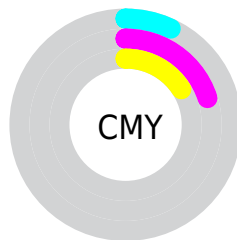
- Red (93%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81.0078, 9.2784,  
3.0250

 81.0078, 9.2784,  
3.0250


210.9589, 7.1694,  
9.5879

 69.2593, 9.2563,  
2.4560


106.2773, 9.1370,  
4.2730

 58.1394, 9.1691,  
1.9237


119.7429, 8.9876,  
4.9455

 47.6880, 9.0067,  
1.4323


133.7335, 8.7899,  
5.6488

 37.9509, 8.7590,  
0.9854

148.2303, 8.5469,  
6.3817

 28.9850, 8.4124,  
0.5874

163.2159, 8.2612,  
7.1430

 20.8633, 7.9488,  
0.2443


178.6751, 7.9350,

 13.6850, 7.3418,

7.9318

-0.0349


194.5937, 7.5705,  
8.7470


 7.2935, 7.9067,  
-0.4663


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 81.0078, 9.2784,  
3.0250


 81.0078, 9.2784,  
3.0250


 73.8389, 19.4362,  
2.1278


 88.6082, -0.6650,  
4.3288

 67.1742, 29.7475,  
1.7296

 96.5724, -10.3721,  
5.9569

 61.1111, 40.0481,  
1.9450

 98.3589, -11.0926,  
3.3853

 55.7626, 50.0278,  
2.8920

■ 51.2525, 59.1800,  
4.6636

■ 47.6979, 66.8102,  
7.2770

■ 45.1768, 72.1821,  
10.6134

■ 43.6818, 74.8325,  
14.3891

■ 43.1729, 75.4041,  
16.5089

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.0096, 6.6439, -3.4053



81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250



81.0096, 8.1662, 9.3270

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.0096, 9.2760, 3.0264



81.0096, -9.5983, 15.1227



81.0096, -12.0157, -6.4341

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250



88.7146, -17.4118, 6.7507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.0096, -16.1058, -0.8368



81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250



81.0096, -14.7431, 11.5159

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.0096, 9.2760, 3.0264



81.0096, -2.8804, 15.9698



81.0096, -17.0874, 5.7688



81.0096, -5.7631, -9.1537



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250



81.0096, 5.4715, 12.6549



81.0096, -17.0874, 5.7688



81.0096, -13.6805, -4.8053

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.0096, 9.2760, 3.0264



96.5640, -1.0729, 4.7567



80.4749, 9.0013, -9.2839



44.3792, -0.1233, 2.1447

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.0096, 9.2760, 3.0264



85.8576, 13.0645, 2.9752



81.9779, 4.9276, 9.7349



38.9125, 2.0185, 1.6624



31.9353, 55.8453, 11.6825



9.0473, 16.0095, 1.8482



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.0096, 9.2760, 3.0264



85.8576, 13.0645, 2.9752



87.6294, -12.9928, -0.4409



38.9125, 2.0185, 1.6624



31.9353, 55.8453, 11.6825

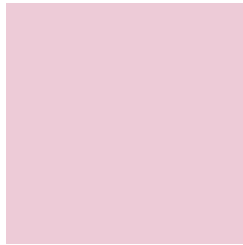


9.0473, 16.0095, 1.8482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

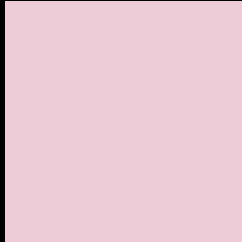
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

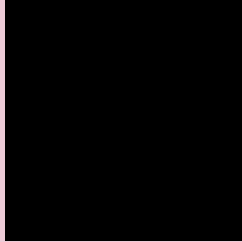
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0078, 9.2784,

3.0250.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250

### Protanopia

81.1800, -2.1035, 0.5337

### Deuteranopia

80.9678, 6.1279, 2.9219



## Tritanopia

80.8131, 10.3228, 1.3134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250

## Protanomaly

81.0576, 2.0259, 1.4656

## Deuteranomaly

80.8800, 7.3489, 2.8380

## Tritanomaly

80.7808, 10.1516, 1.7731

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

81.9651, 0.2743, 4.0067

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 203, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 203, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 203, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 203, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 203, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 203, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 203, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 203, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 203, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 203,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.0078, 9.2784, 3.0250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 203, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
203, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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