

Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.0682, -4.3256,
4.4046)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(81.0682, -4.3256, 4.4046)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(81.1403, -4.3294,
4.4085)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4D4D4
RGB	212, 212, 212
RGB Percent	83%, 83%, 83%
CMY	0.1686, 0.1686, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	120°, 0%, 83%
HSV	120°, 0%, 83%
XYZ	62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970
YIQ	212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	212, 212, 212
Decimal	13948116
CIE Lab	84.91, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	85, 0.008, 289.347
Yxy	65.8403, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292138196 (0xFFD4D4D4)
YUV	212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Details

The HunterLab color $81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81.1414, -4.3277, 4.4074$, and the grayscale version is $81.1419, -4.3295, 4.4086$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.6753, -14.3138, 11.1195$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83.8661, 6.3408, -2.7567$.

Distribution



- Red (83%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.1403, -4.3294,
4.4085

■ 81.1403, -4.3294,
4.4085

211.1411,
-11.2737, 11.4834

■ 69.3850, -3.7035,
3.7702

106.4223, -5.6813,
5.7852

■ 58.2580, -3.1093,
3.1649

119.8938, -6.4007,
6.5182

■ 47.7990, -2.5508,
2.5960

133.8901, -7.1482,
7.2797

■ 38.0538, -2.0305,
2.0659

148.3922, -7.9226,
8.0689

■ 29.0791, -1.5513,
1.5779

163.3832, -8.7232,
8.8846

■ 20.9476, -1.1172,
1.1358

178.8475, -9.5491,

■ 13.7583, -0.7334,

9.7261

0.7450

194.7711,
-10.3995, 10.5926

■ 7.3764, -0.3924,
0.3972

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.1403, -4.3294,
4.4085

■ 81.1403, -4.3294,
4.4085

■ 78.6753, -14.3138,
11.1195

■ 83.8661, 6.3408,
-2.7567

■ 76.4768, -23.4905,
17.2942

■ 86.8349, 17.5909,
-10.3050

■ 74.5551, -31.7473,
22.8565

■ 86.9307, 17.9607,
-10.6453

■ 72.9154, -38.9802,
27.7361

■ 71.5586, -45.1049,
31.8753

■ 70.4806, -50.0670,
35.2366

■ 69.6713, -53.8512,
37.8084

■ 69.1137, -56.4899,
39.6109

■ 68.7822, -58.0715,
40.7018

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.1420, -4.3353, 4.4095



81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



81.1420, -4.3280, 4.4120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.1420, -4.3313, 4.4098



81.1420, -4.3288, 4.4224



81.1420, -4.3415, 4.4181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



81.1414, -4.3277, 4.4074

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.1420, -4.3398, 4.4216



81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



81.1420, -4.3324, 4.4241

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.1420, -4.3313, 4.4098



81.1420, -4.3265, 4.4192



81.1420, -4.3365, 4.4238



81.1420, -4.3412, 4.4143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



81.1420, -4.3266, 4.4142



81.1420, -4.3365, 4.4238



81.1420, -4.3412, 4.4194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.1420, -4.3313, 4.4098

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



81.1424, -4.3302, 4.4102



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.1420, -4.3313, 4.4098

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



81.1421, -4.3310, 4.4090



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



53.9177, -46.2209, 32.3852



13.2432, -11.3421, 7.9314

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1414, -4.3277, 4.4074

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



81.1413, -4.3280, 4.4082



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



33.9708, 66.7098, -44.2009



8.3453, 16.3914, -10.8855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

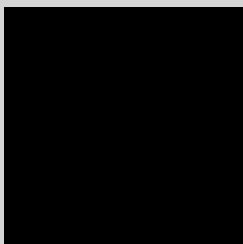
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

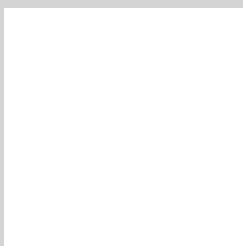
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085.

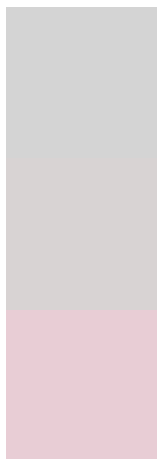


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1403, -4.3294,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Protanopia

81.1730, -2.6995, 4.9572

Deuteranopia

81.0077, 6.1355, 3.9500



Tritanopia

81.1667, -0.1824, -2.5472

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Protanomaly

81.0794, -3.0234, 4.8419

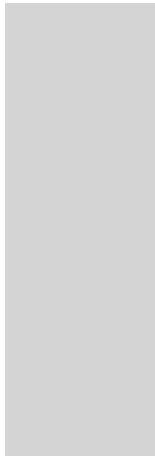
Deuteranomaly

81.1932, 2.1692, 4.1001

Tritanomaly

81.2128, -1.9252, 0.0684

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Achromatomaly

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 212, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 212, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 212, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 212, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 212, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 212, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 212, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 212, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 212, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 212,  
212) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 212, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
212, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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