

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.2262, -6.2594,  
3.4059)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.2262, -6.2594, 3.4059)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(81.0610, -6.0700,  
3.3112)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFD5D6
RGB	207, 213, 214
RGB Percent	81%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1647, 0.1608
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	189°, 8%, 83%
HSV	189°, 3%, 84%
XYZ	61.6639, 65.7089, 73.0513
YIQ	211.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

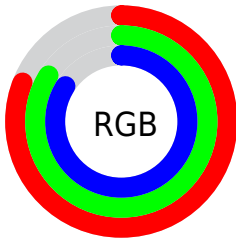
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 210, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13620694</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.85, -1.84, -1.21</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 2.205, 213.278</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">65.7117, 0.3077, 0.3279</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291810774 (0xFFCFD5D6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">211.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112</a>

# Details

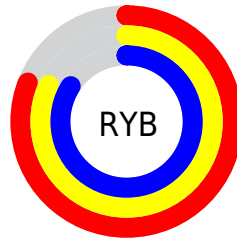
The HunterLab color  $81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $79.9451, -2.4762, 5.4380$ , and the grayscale version is  $80.8446, -4.3137, 4.3924$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.0769, -4.4447, 2.2228$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $78.3051, -10.9135, -0.1102$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $83.9958, -0.7231, 6.8384$ .

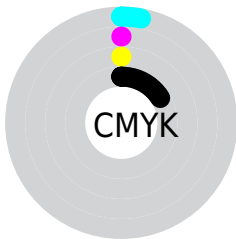
# Distribution



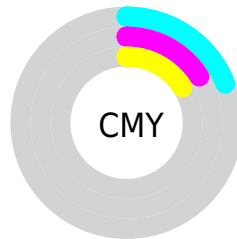
- Red (81%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 81.0610, -6.0700,  
3.3112

■ 81.0610, -6.0700,  
3.3112

211.0320,  
-13.6728, 9.9788

■ 69.3097, -5.3547,  
2.7279

106.3355, -7.5879,  
4.5854

■ 58.1870, -4.6661,  
2.1807

119.8034, -8.3852,  
5.2703

■ 47.7326, -4.0070,  
1.6735

133.7963, -9.2075,  
5.9855

■ 37.9922, -3.3787,  
1.2097

148.2952,  
-10.0543, 6.7299

■ 29.0227, -2.7820,  
0.7934

163.2830,  
-10.9248, 7.5024

■ 20.8972, -2.2180,  
0.4303

178.7443,

■ 13.7144, -1.6868,

-11.8184, 8.3019

0.1285

194.6649,  
-12.7346, 9.1277

■ 7.3269, -1.4876,  
-0.2856

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.0610, -6.0700,  
3.3112

■ 81.0610, -6.0700,  
3.3112

■ 78.3051, -10.9135,  
-0.1102

■ 83.9958, -0.7231,  
6.8384

■ 75.7310, -15.1951,  
-3.4086

■ 87.0958, 5.0804,  
10.4485

■ 73.3475, -18.8651,  
-6.5601

■ 88.5633, 5.3227,  
12.0746

■ 71.1602, -21.8766,  
-9.5414

■ 89.4813, 3.7017,  
13.0489

■ 69.1725, -24.1918,  
-12.3299

■ 90.4063, 2.0857,  
14.0218

■ 67.3850, -25.7860,  
-14.9057

■ 91.3381, 0.4746,  
14.9934

■ 65.7944, -26.6541,  
-17.2543

■ 92.2765, -1.1315,  
15.9636

■ 64.3922, -26.8162,  
-19.3696

■ 93.2215, -2.7326,  
16.9322

■ 63.1625, -26.3272,  
-21.2593

■ 94.1730, -4.3285,  
17.8994

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.0627, -6.4084, 4.2985



81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112



81.0627, -5.2685, 2.6141

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.0627, -6.0718, 3.3125



81.0627, -2.4519, 3.5122



81.0627, -4.4493, 6.3749

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112



79.9451, -2.4762, 5.4380

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.0627, -3.3865, 6.1706



81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112



81.0627, -2.2297, 4.5262

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.0627, -6.0718, 3.3125



81.0627, -3.1781, 2.7304



81.0627, -2.5727, 5.4972



81.0627, -5.4748, 6.0592



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112



81.0627, -4.5744, 2.4104



81.0627, -2.5727, 5.4972



81.0627, -4.0846, 6.3648

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.0627, -6.0718, 3.3125



99.6434, -5.9814, 5.0015



81.1852, -7.6104, 6.3427



46.1078, -2.7525, 2.3238

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.0627, -6.0718, 3.3125



98.5868, -7.8812, 3.7137



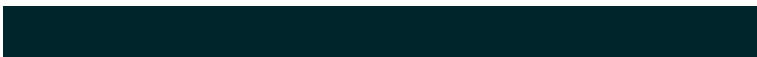
80.0006, -4.3188, 2.0709



37.7510, -3.1835, 1.3166



48.6366, -20.1658, -17.2594



12.2934, -5.4015, -3.7053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.8292, -0.9425, 2.4173



96.7319, -0.1605, 2.3633



80.9977, -4.2374, 6.6247



36.9220, 0.2700, 0.7114



32.7610, 62.4890, -28.3238

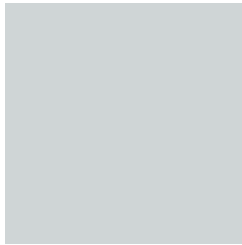


8.0987, 15.5324, -7.6591



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

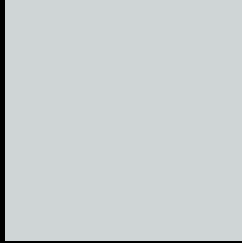
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

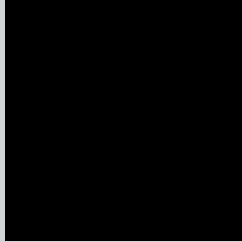
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

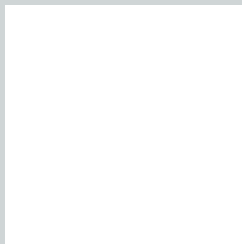
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112.



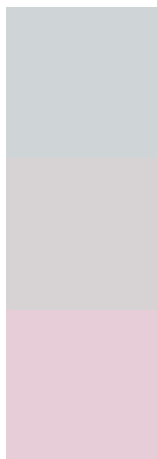
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0610, -6.0700,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112

### Protanopia

81.1417, -2.6836, 3.9542

### Deuteranopia

80.8972, 5.9550, 2.3389



## Tritanopia

81.0835, -1.9016, -3.7408

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112

## Protanomaly

81.1715, -4.1586, 3.9636

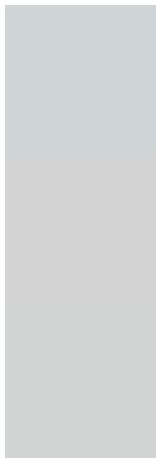
## Deuteranomaly

80.9615, 1.5068, 2.8334

## Tritanomaly

81.1323, -3.6493, -1.0878

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112

## Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851

## Achromatomaly

80.9581, -4.9641, 4.1826

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 213, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 213, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 213, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 213, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

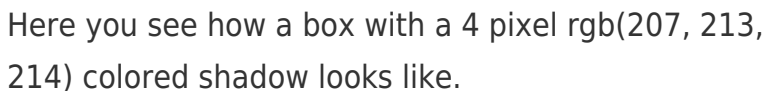
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 213, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 213, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 213, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 213, 214); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 213, 214); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 213, 214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.0610, -6.0700, 3.3112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 213, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
213, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor