

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.2447, 16.5693,  
-6.5411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.2447, 16.5693,  
-6.5411) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.1431, 16.9074,  
-6.5819)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F3C7EA
RGB	243, 199, 234
RGB Percent	95%, 78%, 92%
CMY	0.0471, 0.2196, 0.0823
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.04, 0.05
HSL	312°, 65%, 87%
HSV	312°, 18%, 95%
XYZ	72.2368, 65.8420, 86.7434
YIQ	216.1460, 14.9890, 20.2130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

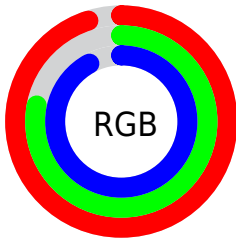
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 199, 234
Decimal	15976426
CIE Lab	84.92, 21.31, -11.41
CIE LCh	85, 24.172, 331.830
Yxy	65.8449, 0.3213, 0.2929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294166506 (0xFFFF3C7EA)
YUV	216.1460, 8.8020, 23.5510
Hunter-Lab	81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819

# Details

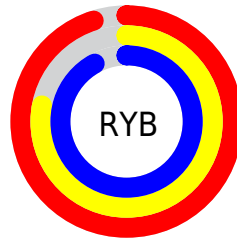
The HunterLab color  $81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $89.8884, -24.2732, 15.6004$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.8897, -4.4228, 4.5036$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.2274, 15.8536, -6.7312$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74.3365, 29.3114, -12.8231$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.4444, 4.6774, -0.1476$ .

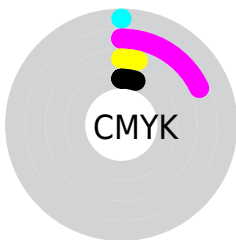
# Distribution



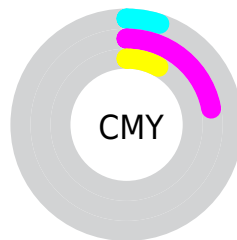
- Red (95%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (5%)












- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819	 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819
211.1450, 17.2769, -3.1799	 69.3877, 16.5603, -6.7350
106.4254, 17.3795, -6.1174	 58.2606, 16.1341, -6.8331
119.8970, 17.5209, -5.8160	 47.8014, 15.6167, -6.8693
133.8934, 17.6047, -5.4718	 38.0560, 14.9965, -6.8376
148.3957, 17.6346, -5.0870	 29.0811, 14.2581, -6.7307
163.3868, 17.6141, -4.6636	 20.9495, 13.3829, -6.5411
178.8512, 17.5460,	 13.7599, 12.3494,


-4.2036


-6.2640


194.7749, 17.4328,  
-3.7086


 7.3781, 12.5673,  
-6.5386


0.0000, NaN, -NF


 81.1431, 16.9074,  
-6.5819

 81.1431, 16.9074,  
-6.5819


 74.3365, 29.3114,  
-12.8231

 88.4444, 4.6774,  
-0.1476


 68.1045, 41.7352,  
-18.7342

 96.1643, -7.3006,  
6.3869

 62.5481, 53.8775,  
-24.0997

 98.6961, -10.2927,  
6.8388

 57.7758, 65.2556,  
-28.6228

 98.8551, -9.4140,  
4.5694

■ 53.8928, 75.1983,  
-31.9424

■ 98.8913, -9.2142,  
4.0533

■ 50.9783, 82.9393,  
-33.7047

■ 49.0530, 87.8508,  
-33.6954

■ 48.0213, 89.8356,  
-32.0226

■ 47.8730, 90.0535,  
-31.6201

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.1449, 8.1282, -16.4072



81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819



81.1449, 19.9021, 5.1111

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.1449, 16.9051, -6.5803



81.1449, -5.0657, 23.3481



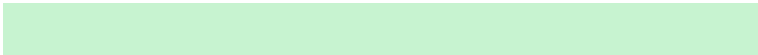
81.1449, -22.9268, -7.9616

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819



89.8884, -24.2732, 15.6004

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.1449, -26.0221, 3.7165



81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819



81.1449, -16.0868, 20.8625

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.1449, 16.9051, -6.5803



81.1449, 6.7871, 21.4022



81.1449, -23.5910, 14.0623



81.1449, -14.8868, -17.2823



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819



81.1449, 18.0883, 12.1232



81.1449, -23.5910, 14.0623



81.1449, -24.5584, -4.1281

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.1449, 16.9051, -6.5803



95.8991, 0.9984, 1.9702



77.9116, 6.9836, -16.3972



44.1045, 0.8764, 0.6870

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.1449, 16.9051, -6.5803



82.8031, 23.0190, -9.5871



80.4165, 13.0888, 3.7581



40.8740, 2.9725, -0.4891



35.4940, 66.8145, -23.8079



10.5905, 20.0480, -7.9741



# Inverse Universe

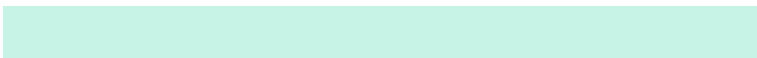
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1449, 16.9051, -6.5803



82.8031, 23.0190, -9.5871



90.5245, -20.6634, 6.4819



40.8740, 2.9725, -0.4891



35.4940, 66.8145, -23.8079



10.5905, 20.0480, -7.9741



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

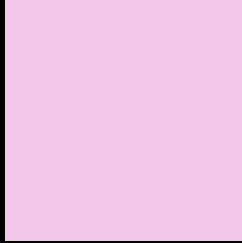
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

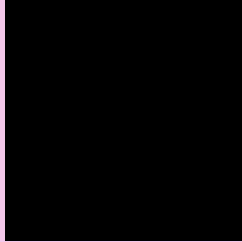
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819.

-6.5819.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819

### Protanopia

81.3663, -0.0068, -10.5026

### Deuteranopia

81.1622, 6.4622, -6.1908



## Tritanopia

81.2427, 11.7358, 1.8602

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819

## Protanomaly

81.2492, 5.5818, -8.8640

## Deuteranomaly

80.9839, 10.4055, -6.3557

## Tritanomaly

81.2603, 13.6665, -1.1428

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819

## Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

## Achromatomaly

82.2129, 3.1820, 0.3681

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 199, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 199, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 199, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 199, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 199, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 199, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 199, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 199, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 199, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 199,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.1431, 16.9074, -6.5819 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 199, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
199, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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