

Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.2447, 2.8284,
-19.0688)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(81.2447, 2.8284,
-19.0688) contains.

HunterLab(81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(81.3330, 2.5128,
-18.8060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCD2FF
RGB	204, 210, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1765, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	233°, 100%, 90%
HSV	233°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	65.9984, 66.1506, 103.8976
YIQ	213.3360, -18.0210, 12.7230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

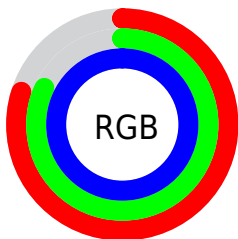
Format	Color
RYB	204, 209, 255
Decimal	13423359
CIELab	85.07, 7.10, -22.63
CIELCh	85, 23.721, 287.412
Yxy	66.1532, 0.2796, 0.2802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291613439 (0xFFCCD2FF)
YUV	213.3360, 20.5404, -8.1877
Hunter-Lab	81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060

Details

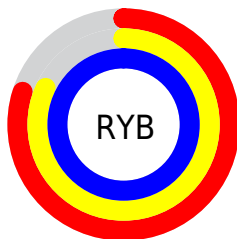
The HunterLab color $81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96.6282, -10.2057, 24.3097$, and the grayscale version is $81.6375, -4.3560, 4.4355$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $58.5181, 2.7565, -18.0239$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $72.4570, 7.2250, -32.6414$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90.5306, -1.6338, -6.2042$.

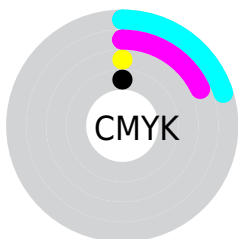
Distribution



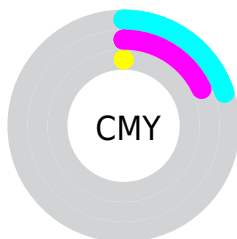
- Red (80%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.3330, 2.5128,
-18.8060

■ 81.3330, 2.5128,
-18.8060

211.4059, -1.9375,
-18.5988

■ 69.5678, 2.8033,
-18.5673

106.6331, 1.7876,
-19.1028

■ 58.4305, 3.0435,
-18.2696

120.1131, 1.3625,
-19.1711

■ 47.9605, 3.2265,
-17.9091

134.1176, 0.8986,
-19.1888

■ 38.2035, 3.3452,
-17.4870

148.6277, 0.3980,
-19.1585

■ 29.2159, 3.3904,
-17.0111

163.6263, -0.1374,
-19.0823

■ 21.0703, 3.3490,
-16.5074

179.0981, -0.7061,

■ 13.8650, 3.2010,

-18.9624

-16.0562

195.0289, -1.3065,
-18.8006

7.4952, 3.7264,
-16.8303

0.0000, NaN, -NF

81.3330, 2.5128,
-18.8060

81.3330, 2.5128,
-18.8060

72.4570, 7.2250,
-32.6414

90.5306, -1.6338,
-6.2042

63.9572, 12.6724,
-48.0719

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

55.9179, 19.0609,
-65.5229

48.4561, 26.6251,
-85.4357

■ 41.7385, 35.5518,
-108.0497

■ 35.9965, 45.7637,
-132.8467

■ 31.5199, 56.4844,
-157.5491

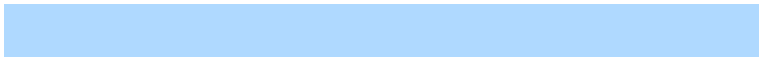
■ 28.5468, 65.8129,
-177.7519

■ 28.5466, 65.8137,
-177.7537

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.3346, -9.1982, -19.4016



81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060



81.3346, 12.9245, -11.4600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.3346, 2.5112, -18.8037



81.3346, 11.4776, 18.6841



81.3346, -25.1937, 8.9628

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060



96.6282, -10.2057, 24.3097

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.3346, -20.2824, 17.6414



81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060



81.3346, 0.6265, 22.6963

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.3346, 2.5112, -18.8037



81.3346, 18.2992, 10.5857



81.3346, -10.9798, 22.3439



81.3346, -24.7529, -2.2539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060



81.3346, 17.5301, -4.2463



81.3346, -10.9798, 22.3439



81.3346, -24.1262, 12.2397

Sweetspot

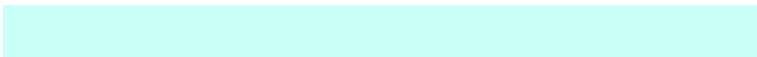
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.3346, 2.5112, -18.8037



94.2869, -3.1615, -1.4480



95.4712, -21.9188, 3.1926



43.3363, -1.3493, -1.0248

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.3346, 2.5112, -18.8037



77.7415, 4.3207, -24.1736



81.2697, 11.4882, -18.7415



42.0974, -0.8449, -2.5946



20.8950, 46.5390, -126.5812



7.2814, 11.7657, -34.4999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.1267, 14.4331, 7.9841



79.9824, 18.5520, 8.6460



96.8319, -19.4924, 24.3465



42.4521, 1.7989, 3.0069



33.4196, 57.4114, 20.2054



10.4789, 18.1023, 5.5549

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

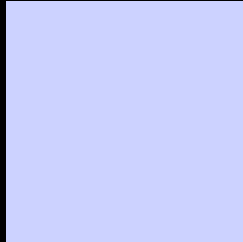
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

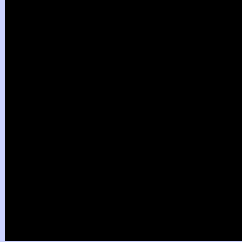
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060.

-18.8060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060

Protanopia

81.2464, 2.2186, -18.9381

Deuteranopia

81.4425, 5.9813, -18.5851



Tritanopia

81.3277, -5.6085, -5.0997

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060

Protanomaly

81.2464, 2.2186, -18.9381

Deuteranomaly

81.4716, 4.5357, -18.5678

Tritanomaly

81.4231, -3.0418, -9.9097

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060

Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

Achromatomaly

81.4801, -2.1094, -3.2388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 210, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 210, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 210, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 210, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 210, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 210, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 210, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 210, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 210, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 210,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 210, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
210, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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