

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.2465, 17.8404,  
11.9489)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.2465, 17.8404,  
11.9489) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.7612, 16.2218,  
11.2690)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC5C5
RGB	255, 197, 197
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2274, 0.2274
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 89%
HSV	0°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	71.2843, 65.2237, 61.6556
YIQ	214.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

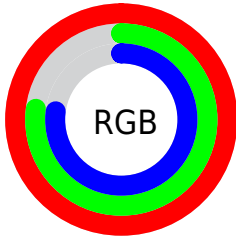
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 197, 197
Decimal	16762309
CIE Lab	84.60, 20.66, 7.98
CIE LCh	85, 22.148, 21.132
Yxy	65.2266, 0.3597, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952389 (0xFFFFC5C5)
YUV	214.3420, -8.5496, 35.6571
Hunter-Lab	80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690

# Details

The HunterLab color **80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95.1879, -22.4954, -0.6681**, and the grayscale version is **82.1769, -4.3848, 4.4648**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.6491, -4.9818, 5.5265**, and **57.8778, 15.3118, 9.3114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.1695, 26.3709, 14.1252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9222, 6.4764, 8.5935**.

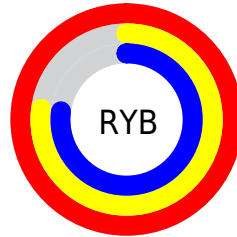
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (77%)

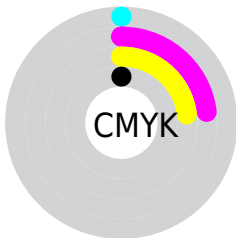
Blue (77%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (77%)

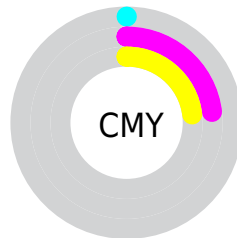


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)


Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.7612, 16.2218,  
11.2690

 80.7612, 16.2218,  
11.2690


210.6195, 16.3912,  
21.1369

 69.0253, 15.8994,  
10.2472


106.0074, 16.6445,  
13.3553

 57.9187, 15.4995,  
9.2346


119.4620, 16.7626,  
14.4194

 47.4814, 15.0094,  
8.2296


133.4421, 16.8238,  
15.4988

 37.7595, 14.4173,  
7.2277

147.9286, 16.8317,  
16.5941

 28.8100, 13.7079,  
6.2218

162.9044, 16.7897,  
17.7053

 20.7066, 12.8622,  
5.1995

178.3541, 16.7007,

 13.5489, 11.8577,

18.8329

4.1381

194.2634, 16.5671,  
19.9767

■ 7.1365, 12.4501,  
4.9955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.7612, 16.2218,  
11.2690

■ 80.7612, 16.2218,  
11.2690

■ 73.1695, 26.3709,  
14.1252

■ 88.9222, 6.4764,  
8.5935

■ 66.2544, 36.8379,  
17.1344

■ 97.5568, -2.8466,  
6.0913

■ 60.1539, 47.3702,  
20.2241

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 55.0212, 57.4854,  
23.2434

■ 51.0059, 66.4360,  
25.9528

■ 48.2127, 73.3329,  
28.0617

■ 46.6423, 77.4956,  
29.3424

■ 46.1091, 78.9606,  
29.7945

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.7630, 17.4962, 1.2559



80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690



80.7630, 9.2891, 18.4522

# Triad

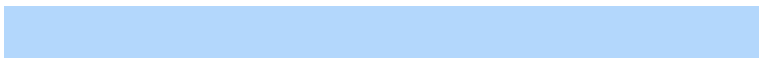
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.7630, 16.2187, 11.2703



80.7630, -20.0196, 15.9525



80.7630, -7.5251, -17.9328

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690



95.1879, -22.4954, -0.6681

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.7630, -17.0717, -12.7521



80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690



80.7630, -24.0296, 7.4151

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.7630, 16.2187, 11.2703



80.7630, -11.7445, 20.8954



80.7630, -22.9798, -3.1410



80.7630, 3.3960, -16.5411



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690



80.7630, 2.5893, 21.1043



80.7630, -22.9798, -3.1410



80.7630, -10.9922, -16.8795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.7630, 16.2187, 11.2703



93.8293, 1.0710, 7.1356



82.7122, 26.2960, -16.3897



43.1680, 0.7553, 3.3709

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.7630, 16.2187, 11.2703



77.4565, 20.4917, 12.4640



89.2661, 0.7855, 19.9336



42.4115, 1.5780, 3.5921



33.3304, 57.0766, 21.5373



10.4007, 17.8086, 6.7206



# Inverse Universe

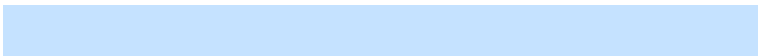
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.1879, -22.4954, -0.6681



94.4427, -25.2338, -1.6403



85.7226, -7.8500, -12.7510



45.2562, -6.0142, 1.2520



64.1375, -33.9990, -6.7723



20.0134, -10.6092, -2.1129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

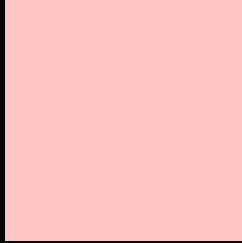
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.7612, 16.2218,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690

### Protanopia

81.0555, -3.5302, 8.0974

### Deuteranopia

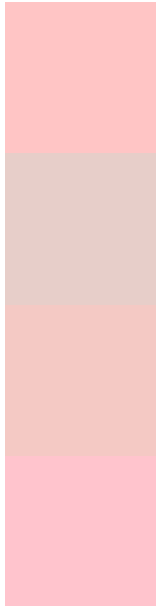
80.8384, 6.0712, 11.6150



## Tritanopia

80.8659, 18.7670, 5.4532

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690

## Protanomaly

80.8385, 3.3159, 9.3418

## Deuteranomaly

80.6176, 9.8333, 11.4399

## Tritanomaly

80.7141, 17.9777, 7.6235

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690

## Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554

## Achromatomaly

81.4394, 2.6976, 6.7853

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 197, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 197, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 197, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 197, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 197, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 197, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 197, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 197, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 197, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 197,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.7612, 16.2218, 11.2690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 197, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
197, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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