

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.4107, -20.9538,  
4.0306)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.4107, -20.9538,  
4.0306) contains.

<b>HunterLab(81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(81.4556,  
-21.1204, 4.0021)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACDFD5
RGB	172, 223, 213
RGB Percent	67%, 87%, 84%
CMY	0.3255, 0.1255, 0.1647
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.04, 0.13
HSL	168°, 44%, 77%
HSV	168°, 23%, 87%
XYZ	55.4112, 66.3501, 72.8372
YIQ	206.6110, -27.1860, -13.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

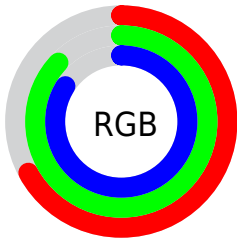
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	172, 200, 223
Decimal	11329493
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	85.18, -18.41, -0.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 18.413, 181.478
Y <sub>xy</sub>	66.3529, 0.2847, 0.3410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289519573 (0xFFACDFD5)
YUV	206.6110, 3.1498, -30.3538
Hunter-Lab	81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021

# Details

The HunterLab color **81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **69.6938, 15.3928, 5.5626**, and the grayscale version is **78.8212, -4.2057, 4.2825**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.5879, -13.8313, 2.4117**, and **58.6480, -18.0772, 3.1202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.8865, -27.2440, 4.1585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.2565, -14.2988, 4.1208**.

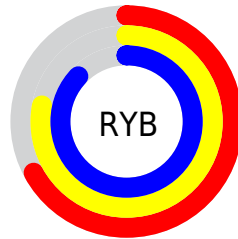
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (87%)

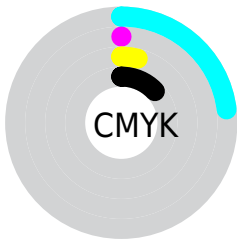
Blue (84%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (87%)

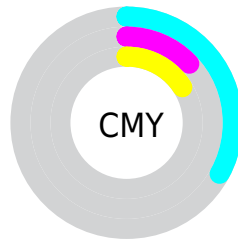


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 81.4556, -21.1204,  
4.0021

■ 81.4556, -21.1204,  
4.0021

211.5745,  
-34.8215, 10.9253

■ 69.6842, -19.5679,  
3.3841

■ 106.7673,  
-24.1864, 5.3405

■ 58.5403, -17.9910,  
2.8005

120.2528,  
-25.7065, 6.0556

■ 48.0634, -16.3814,  
2.2546

134.2625,  
-27.2230, 6.7999

■ 38.2988, -14.7250,  
1.7492

148.7776,  
-28.7383, 7.5724

■ 29.3031, -13.0010,  
1.2879

163.7812,  
-30.2543, 8.3720

■ 21.1486, -11.1753,  
0.8753

179.2576,

■ 13.9330, -9.1882,

-31.7727, 9.1979

0.5179

195.1930,  
-33.2947, 10.0493

7.5698, -11.0000,  
0.1520

0.0000, NaN, NaN

81.4556, -21.1204,  
4.0021

81.4556, -21.1204,  
4.0021

79.8865, -27.2440,  
4.1585

83.2565, -14.2988,  
4.1208

78.5446, -32.6164,  
4.5845

85.2814, -6.8352,  
4.5076

77.4285, -37.2046,  
5.2731

87.5268, 1.2032,  
5.1554

76.5316, -40.9938,  
6.2093

89.3190, 7.5283,  
5.2327

■ 75.8430, -43.9932,  
7.3714

■ 89.4586, 8.2732,  
3.2425

■ 75.3467, -46.2404,  
8.7300

■ 89.6015, 9.0343,  
1.2091

■ 75.0203, -47.8075,  
10.2485

■ 89.7475, 9.8115,  
-0.8674

■ 74.8621, -48.6218,  
11.3894

■ 89.8969, 10.6049,  
-2.9868

■ 90.0496, 11.4143,  
-5.1490

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.4573, -19.1677, 11.9912



81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021



81.4573, -18.7486, -4.7493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.4573, -21.1217, 4.0033



81.4573, 4.9929, -11.0844



81.4573, 4.1775, 17.7500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021



69.6938, 15.3928, 5.5626

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.4573, 11.1223, 12.6587



81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021



81.4573, 11.6074, -3.9248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.4573, -21.1217, 4.0033



81.4573, -3.8987, -14.0308



81.4573, 13.8974, 4.8623



81.4573, -4.8017, 19.3857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021



81.4573, -14.9689, -9.6996



81.4573, 13.8974, 4.8623



81.4573, 6.8409, 16.4157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.4573, -21.1217, 4.0033



98.2583, -11.6761, 5.0214



81.0717, -24.7975, 20.9775



45.3921, -5.6474, 2.3100

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

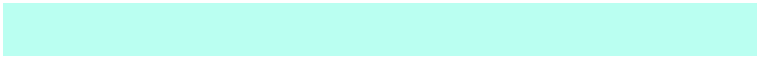


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.4573, -21.1217, 4.0033



93.9992, -27.7785, 4.6994



76.8546, -11.8237, -6.7089



39.4003, -5.5460, 1.9827



57.4172, -37.1963, 8.5296



15.1560, -9.5540, 1.6807



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6938, 15.3928, 5.5626



77.8428, 22.4918, 6.9017



73.7134, 5.9155, 14.1317



37.0733, 1.6457, 2.2754



30.5659, 52.7325, 16.7470

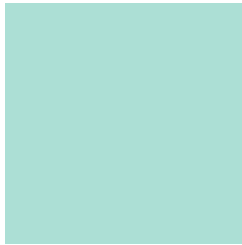


8.1253, 14.1710, 3.2637



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

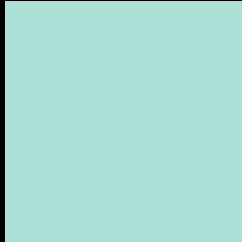
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

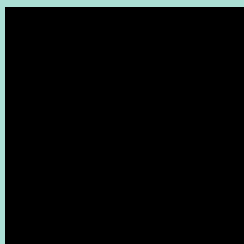
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

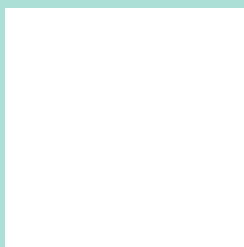
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021.



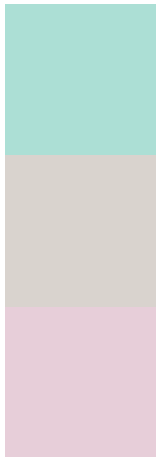
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.4556,

-21.1204, 4.0021.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021

### Protanopia

81.1150, -3.2046, 7.2453

### Deuteranopia

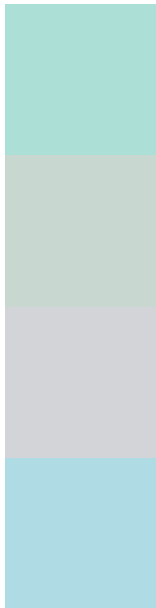
81.3273, 5.9398, 2.3599



## Tritanopia

81.3170, -13.3440, -8.5442

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021

## Protanomaly

81.0073, -9.7806, 5.5952

## Deuteranomaly

81.0842, -4.2726, 2.3850

## Tritanomaly

81.1799, -16.1253, -3.8666

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021

## Achromatopsia

78.9912, -4.2148, 4.2917

## Achromatomaly

79.7880, -10.8772, 4.1500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 223, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 223, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 223, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 223, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 223, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 223, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 223, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 223, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 223, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 223,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.4556, -21.1204, 4.0021 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 223, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
223, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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