

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3CFE3
RGB	227, 207, 227
RGB Percent	89%, 81%, 89%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1882, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	300°, 26%, 85%
HSV	300°, 9%, 89%
XYZ	67.8565, 66.5026, 81.9328
YIQ	215.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

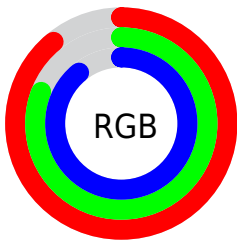
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 207, 227
Decimal	14929891
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	85.25, 10.44, -7.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 12.764, 324.904
Yxy	66.5054, 0.3137, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293119971 (0xFFE3CFE3)
YUV	215.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960
Hunter-Lab	81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846

# Details

The HunterLab color  $81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $85.2704, -14.2734, 11.2453$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.5223, -4.4032, 4.4836$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.7637, 6.0639, -3.0633$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $75.0234, 18.0033, -10.8888$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.4913, -6.0763, 5.7291$ .

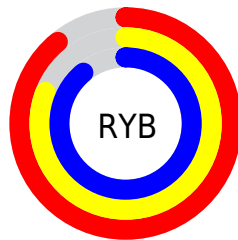
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (81%)

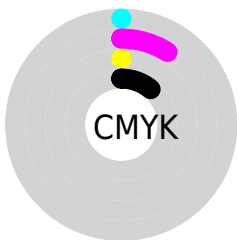
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (89%)

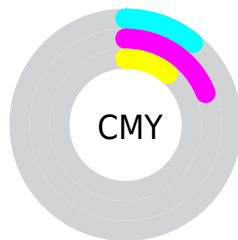


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846

81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846

211.7032, 2.5164,  
2.1944

69.7731, 5.9546,  
-2.8034

106.8698, 5.3792,  
-1.7061

58.6242, 6.0339,  
-3.0733

120.3593, 5.0894,  
-1.2553

48.1419, 6.0469,  
-3.2883

134.3731, 4.7562,  
-0.7660

38.3716, 5.9850,  
-3.4423

148.8920, 4.3819,  
-0.2404

29.3697, 5.8369,  
-3.5280

163.8993, 3.9690,  
0.3199

21.2083, 5.5864,  
-3.5356


179.3794, 3.5193,

13.9850, 5.2098,

0.9134

-3.4525


195.3183, 3.0346,  
1.5386


 7.6263, 5.5596,  
-3.6644


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846

 81.5491, 5.8178,  
-2.4846


 75.0234, 18.0033,  
-10.8888

 88.4913, -6.0763,  
5.7291


 68.9775, 30.4043,  
-19.4310

 95.7878, -17.6504,  
13.7315

 63.4940, 42.8402,  
-27.9867

 96.6423, -18.9532,  
14.6328

 58.6645, 54.9905,  
-36.3363

 96.6423, -18.9531,  
14.6326

■ 54.5845, 66.3592,  
-44.1408

■ 96.6423, -18.9530,  
14.6325

■ 51.3408, 76.2904,  
-50.9527

■ 96.6423, -18.9530,  
14.6323

■ 48.9893, 84.0817,  
-56.2932

■ 96.6423, -18.9529,  
14.6321

■ 47.5287, 89.2090,  
-59.8061

■ 96.6424, -18.9529,  
14.6320

■ 46.8356, 91.7263,  
-61.5302

■ 96.6424, -18.9528,  
14.6318

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.5509, 0.8192, -6.7445



81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846



81.5509, 8.0908, 3.4067

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.5509, 5.8158, -2.4831



81.5509, -3.2747, 15.1235



81.5509, -15.0764, -0.5748

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846



85.2704, -14.2734, 11.2453

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5509, -16.0979, 5.4581



81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846



81.5509, -9.4047, 14.2335

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.5509, 5.8158, -2.4831



81.5509, 2.7415, 13.3331



81.5509, -14.0519, 10.8030



81.5509, -11.2183, -5.5854



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846



81.5509, 7.7095, 7.3535



81.5509, -14.0519, 10.8030



81.5509, -15.7579, 1.4128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.5509, 5.8158, -2.4831



97.5786, -1.2639, 2.6205



79.6495, -0.6354, -5.0291



44.8480, -0.0787, 0.8629

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.5509, 5.8158, -2.4831



91.3186, 9.7533, -4.9845



81.2215, 4.0487, 2.1975



38.2299, 3.1119, -1.4263



35.7192, 70.2248, -47.1095



9.7099, 19.0899, -12.8063



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.5509, 5.8158, -2.4831



91.3186, 9.7533, -4.9845



85.5658, -12.6243, 7.0157



38.2299, 3.1119, -1.4263



35.7192, 70.2248, -47.1095

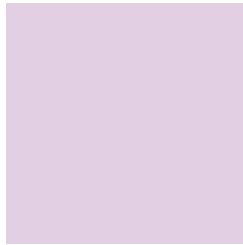


9.7099, 19.0899, -12.8063



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

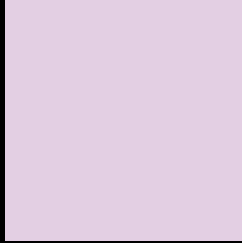
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

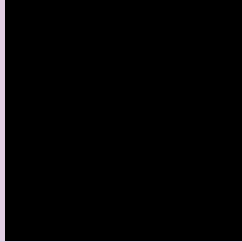
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846.

-2.4846.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846

### Protanopia

81.7295, -1.1131, -3.9668

### Deuteranopia

81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846



## Tritanopia

81.7462, 4.7489, -0.6936

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846

## Protanomaly

81.5488, 1.3279, -3.6220

## Deuteranomaly

81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846

## Tritanomaly

81.7795, 4.9274, -1.1662

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

82.0131, -0.8697, 2.0715

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 207, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 207, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 207, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 207, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 207, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 207, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 207, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 207, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 207, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 207,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.5491, 5.8178, -2.4846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 207, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
207, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor