

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.5509, 7.7095,  
7.3535)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.5509, 7.7095, 7.3535)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.5588, 7.6083,  
7.4758)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFCD CF
RGB	239, 205, 207
RGB Percent	94%, 80%, 81%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1961, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.06
HSL	356°, 52%, 87%
HSV	356°, 14%, 94%
XYZ	68.6904, 66.5184, 68.2505
YIQ	215.3940, 19.6220, 7.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

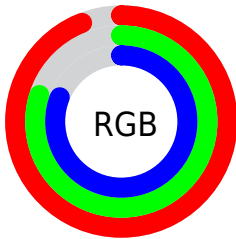
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 205, 207
Decimal	15715791
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	85.26, 12.23, 3.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 12.701, 15.640
Yxy	66.5213, 0.3376, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293905871 (0xFFEFCDCF)
YUV	215.3940, -4.1382, 20.7025
Hunter-Lab	81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758

# Details

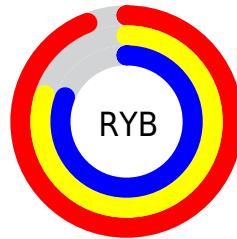
The HunterLab color **81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89.9045, -15.7075, 2.2833**, and the grayscale version is **82.6175, -4.4083, 4.4888**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **58.7370, 7.6609, 5.9069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.1104, 16.8610, 9.4605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.4553, -1.2983, 5.7252**.

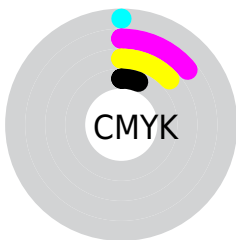
# Distribution



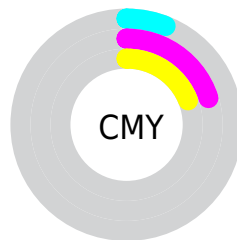
- Red (94%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81.5588, 7.6083,  
7.4758

 81.5588, 7.6083,  
7.4758


211.7166, 4.9180,  
15.7379

 69.7823, 7.6635,  
6.6759


106.8804, 7.3217,  
9.1527

 58.6329, 7.6576,  
5.8995


120.3704, 7.1039,  
10.0261

 48.1501, 7.5808,  
5.1480


134.3846, 6.8401,  
10.9227

 38.3792, 7.4239,  
4.4214

148.9040, 6.5331,  
11.8421

 29.3766, 7.1745,  
3.7189

163.9116, 6.1855,  
12.7837

 21.2145, 6.8151,  
3.0387

179.3921, 5.7992,

 13.9904, 6.3208,

13.7471

2.3758

195.3313, 5.3761,  
14.7320

■ 7.6322, 6.5766,  
2.2751

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.5588, 7.6083,  
7.4758

■ 81.5588, 7.6083,  
7.4758

■ 74.1104, 16.8610,  
9.4605

■ 89.4553, -1.2983,  
5.7252

■ 67.1888, 26.4414,  
11.6974

■ 97.7277, -9.8692,  
4.1758

■ 60.9005, 36.2343,  
14.1900

■ 98.5347, -10.4711,  
3.6062

■ 55.3710, 45.9772,  
16.8991

■ 50.7397, 55.1917,  
19.7152

■ 47.1397, 63.1711,  
22.4379

■ 44.6593, 69.1175,  
24.7940

■ 43.2885, 72.4823,  
26.5208

■ 42.8750, 73.4989,  
27.1301

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.5606, 7.6796, 1.5377



81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758



81.5606, 4.2629, 12.2356

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.5606, 7.6058, 7.4772



81.5606, -12.8146, 12.0724



81.5606, -7.3308, -7.4960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758



89.9045, -15.7075, 2.2833

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5606, -12.6317, -4.2112



81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758



81.5606, -15.7322, 7.2386

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.5606, 7.6058, 7.4772



81.5606, -7.5874, 14.7486



81.5606, -15.6663, 1.2805



81.5606, -1.0740, -7.4200



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758



81.5606, 0.6866, 14.2296



81.5606, -15.6663, 1.2805



81.5606, -9.2795, -6.7380

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.5606, 7.6058, 7.4772



96.4680, -1.5946, 6.1252



82.3749, 12.4024, -7.8007



44.3265, -0.4093, 2.8958

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.5606, 7.6058, 7.4772



85.4618, 10.9728, 8.6268



85.9112, -0.4548, 13.0673



39.7163, 1.5543, 3.0832



31.8821, 54.6732, 20.0264



9.2242, 15.8749, 5.3539



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.5606, 7.6058, 7.4772



85.4618, 10.9728, 8.6268



85.2458, -7.8665, -4.4071



39.7163, 1.5543, 3.0832



31.8821, 54.6732, 20.0264



9.2242, 15.8749, 5.3539



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

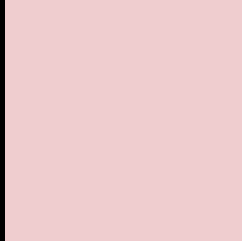
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

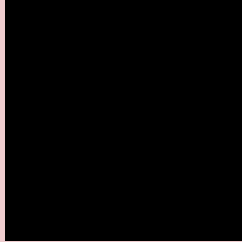
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.5588, 7.6083,

7.4758.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758

### Protanopia

81.5732, -2.8895, 5.4212

### Deuteranopia

81.5356, 6.0180, 7.4214



## Tritanopia

81.5642, 11.3692, 1.7424

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758

## Protanomaly

81.4012, 1.1453, 5.7685

## Deuteranomaly

81.6408, 6.3704, 7.5477

## Tritanomaly

81.6194, 9.8036, 3.7636

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

81.9691, 0.1014, 5.4569

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 205, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 205, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 205, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 205, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 205, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 205, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 205, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 205, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 205, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 205,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.5588, 7.6083, 7.4758 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 205, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
205, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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