

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.7563, 1.2163,  
-7.5726)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.7563, 1.2163, -7.5726)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.7613, 1.0536,  
-7.7010)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D3ED
RGB	213, 211, 237
RGB Percent	84%, 83%, 93%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1725, 0.0706
CMYK	0.10, 0.11, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	245°, 42%, 88%
HSV	245°, 11%, 93%
XYZ	66.0209, 66.8491, 89.5443
YIQ	214.5620, -7.1540, 8.5100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

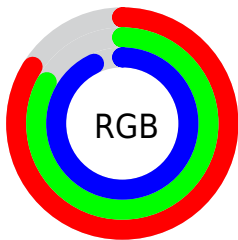
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	213, 211, 237
Decimal	14013421
CIE Lab	85.43, 5.62, -12.50
CIE LCh	85, 13.708, 294.205
Yxy	66.8519, 0.2968, 0.3006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292203501 (0xFFD5D3ED)
YUV	214.5620, 11.0619, -1.3699
Hunter-Lab	81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010

# Details

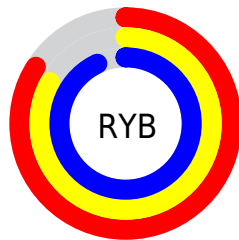
The HunterLab color  $81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $91.0689, -9.8079, 15.8198$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.2028, -4.3861, 4.4662$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.9230, 1.3921, -7.6559$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.7165, 6.8683, -20.4002$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.1067, -4.3981, 3.9212$ .

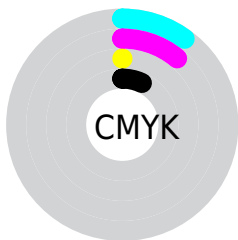
# Distribution



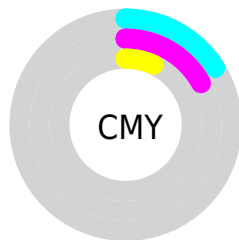
- Red (84%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 81.7613, 1.0536,  
-7.7010

■ 81.7613, 1.0536,  
-7.7010

211.9947, -3.9230,  
-4.6105

■ 69.9745, 1.4147,  
-7.8150

107.1019, 0.1963,  
-7.3120

■ 58.8142, 1.7294,  
-7.8727

120.6008, -0.2909,  
-7.0469

■ 48.3199, 1.9912,  
-7.8677

134.6236, -0.8146,  
-6.7379

■ 38.5367, 2.1941,  
-7.7940

149.1513, -1.3730,  
-6.3875

■ 29.5207, 2.3302,  
-7.6449

164.1670, -1.9644,  
-5.9978

■ 21.3438, 2.3879,  
-7.4141

179.6552, -2.5874,

■ 14.1030, 2.3500,

-5.5707

-7.1003

195.6021, -3.2406,  
-5.1077

7.7526, 2.7449,  
-7.1593

0.0000, NaN, -NF

81.7613, 1.0536,  
-7.7010

81.7613, 1.0536,  
-7.7010

72.7165, 6.8683,  
-20.4002

91.1067, -4.3981,  
3.9212

64.0204, 13.1688,  
-34.5222

99.4457, -8.3809,  
13.3622

55.7490, 20.1022,  
-50.5067

48.0094, 27.8353,  
-68.8774

■ 40.9584, 36.4922,  
-90.1043

■ 34.8257, 45.9648,  
-114.1418

■ 29.9251, 55.4934,  
-139.3326

■ 26.6031, 63.2163,  
-161.0672

■ 24.9902, 67.2634,  
-173.5148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7630, -5.6804, -8.8867



81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010



81.7630, 6.4882, -3.1473

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.7630, 1.0519, -7.6995



81.7630, 3.4056, 13.8921



81.7630, -16.9481, 5.6940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010



91.0689, -9.8079, 15.8198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.7630, -14.6840, 11.3828



81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010



81.7630, -3.0454, 15.8617

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.7630, 1.0519, -7.6995



81.7630, 7.8778, 9.3780



81.7630, -9.6485, 14.9818



81.7630, -15.9312, -0.8039



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010



81.7630, 8.5713, 0.9993



81.7630, -9.6485, 14.9818



81.7630, -16.5478, 7.7577

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.7630, 1.0519, -7.6995



96.9025, -3.5965, 1.7619



89.1821, -12.0856, 1.4755



44.4505, -1.4467, 0.3546

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.7630, 1.0519, -7.6995



86.7719, 2.4227, -11.1332



82.9648, 5.1231, -6.0461



38.2154, 0.0960, -2.7045



18.5227, 49.7426, -127.7344



5.3729, 14.0799, -34.3466

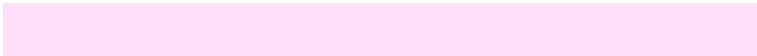


# Inverse Universe

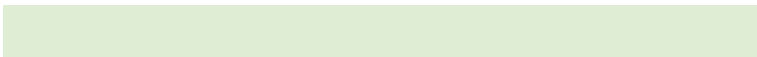
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.0203, 8.5130, -3.5434



89.7106, 12.0621, -5.6249



89.9138, -13.9157, 14.5206



39.1058, 3.0545, -1.0858



35.5317, 68.7157, -38.0208

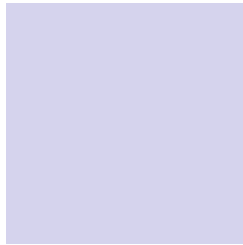


9.9866, 19.3598, -11.0463



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

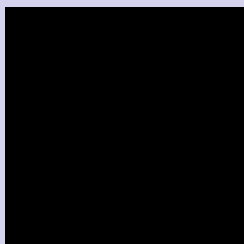
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010.



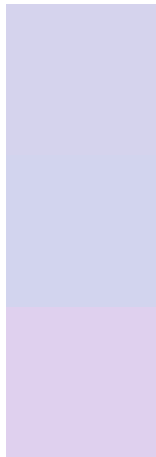
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010.

-7.7010.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010

### Protanopia

81.8301, -0.2056, -8.1883

### Deuteranopia

81.8369, 6.0208, -8.0703



## Tritanopia

81.6953, -1.2996, -3.4811

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010

## Protanomaly

81.9200, 0.1025, -8.0632

## Deuteranomaly

81.7521, 4.1986, -8.2152

## Tritanomaly

81.7987, -0.7374, -4.9452

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

82.2903, -2.8021, 0.3584

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 211, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 211, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 211, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 211, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 211, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 211, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 211, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 211, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 211, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 211,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.7613, 1.0536, -7.7010 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 211, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
211, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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