

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(81.9251, -51.9061,  
38.2025)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(81.9251, -51.9061,  
38.2025) contains.

<b>HunterLab(81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(81.9367,  
-51.8579, 38.2764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BEF71
RGB	123, 239, 113
RGB Percent	48%, 94%, 44%
CMY	0.5176, 0.0627, 0.5568
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.53, 0.06
HSL	115°, 80%, 69%
HSV	115°, 53%, 94%
XYZ	42.0155, 67.1362, 26.3669
YIQ	189.9520, -28.6900, -63.7780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

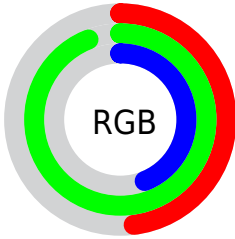
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">113, 239, 229</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8122225</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.57, -56.93, 50.46</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 76.077, 138.445</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.1391, 0.3100, 0.4954</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286312305 (0xFF7BEF71)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">189.9520, -37.9373, -58.7169</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764</a>

# Details

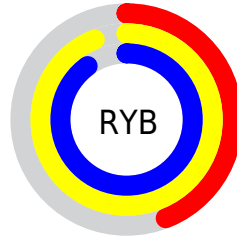
The HunterLab color **81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF66**. A complement of this color would be **58.9088, 59.9341, -44.8448**, and the grayscale version is **71.9027, -3.8365, 3.9066**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.7906, -40.0141, 32.2458**, and **58.9697, -44.2676, 31.2637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.7621, -57.2539, 41.8078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4022, -45.2469, 33.8010**.

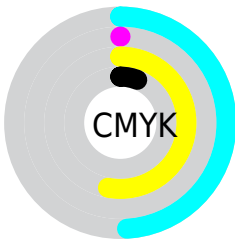
# Distribution



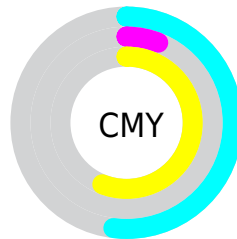
- Red (48%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 81.9367, -51.8579,  
38.2764

■ 81.9367, -51.8579,  
38.2764

212.2356,  
-80.7933, 65.2464

■ 70.1410, -48.1670,  
34.8375

■ 107.2938,  
-58.8464, 44.7903

■ 58.9714, -44.3034,  
31.2443

■ 120.8005,  
-62.1833, 47.9010

■ 48.4671, -40.2266,  
27.4662

■ 134.8307,  
-65.4364, 50.9333

■ 38.6732, -35.8783,  
23.4659

149.3656,  
-68.6175, 53.8982

■ 29.6456, -31.1738,  
19.2321

164.3882,  
-71.7363, 56.8049

■ 21.4559, -25.9849,  
15.0192


179.8832,

■ 14.2007, -21.7213,


-74.8009, 59.6610


9.9405


195.8366,  
-77.8180, 62.4730


 7.8555, -13.7471,  
5.4989


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 81.9367, -51.8579,  
38.2764


 81.9367, -51.8579,  
38.2764


 80.7621, -57.2539,  
41.8078


 83.4022, -45.2469,  
33.8010


 79.8634, -61.4181,  
44.4006


 85.1578, -37.4672,  
28.4050


 79.2259, -64.3846,  
46.1008


 87.2047, -28.5999,  
22.1389

 78.8254, -66.2396,  
47.0008

 89.5383, -18.7445,  
15.0709

 78.6599, -66.9997,  
47.2969

 92.1509, -8.0122,  
7.2802

 94.9819, 3.2156,  
-0.4727

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.9384, -26.0671, 46.6081



81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



81.9384, -63.9740, 17.1020

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.9384, -51.8593, 38.2769



81.9384, -18.3930, -95.9015



81.9384, 76.3223, 23.4106

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



58.9088, 59.9341, -44.8448

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.9384, 79.3948, -10.5849



81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



81.9384, 19.8353, -91.5849

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.9384, -51.8593, 38.2769



81.9384, -47.1190, -65.7124



81.9384, 57.2091, -55.7106



81.9384, 49.4477, 41.0940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



81.9384, -64.4433, -6.3233



81.9384, 57.2091, -55.7106



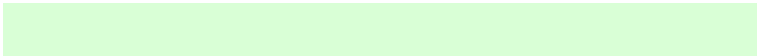
81.9384, 80.3315, 13.9518

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.9384, -51.8593, 38.2769



95.5008, -23.8257, 18.8505



86.7806, -15.1607, 42.5339



43.9411, -12.0431, 9.4534

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.9384, -51.8593, 38.2769



86.8713, -61.8800, 45.1626



82.4510, -47.9158, 24.1960



42.0907, -7.1535, 5.8792



58.4919, -49.7263, 35.1719



16.9315, -14.0828, 10.1866



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.9088, 59.9341, -44.8448



58.4893, 77.0583, -58.5131



58.0769, 53.3330, -10.9917



39.9548, 3.0041, -1.6250



34.4711, 69.0233, -55.1703

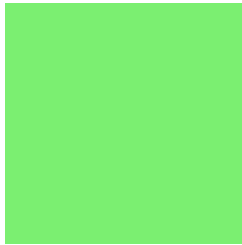


10.0363, 20.0421, -15.6429



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

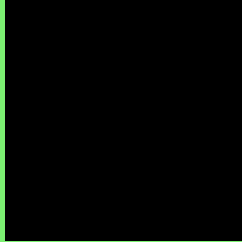
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.9367,

-51.8579, 38.2764.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764

### Protanopia

81.3942, -9.6433, 40.4459

### Deuteranopia

81.3260, 4.8818, 34.0205



## Tritanopia

81.7346, -21.4351, -11.5200

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



## Protanomaly

80.4819, -27.6795, 38.8608



## Deuteranomaly

80.2480, -19.6275, 34.5212



## Tritanomaly

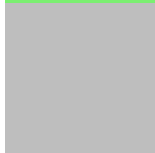
81.3355, -34.6346, 11.4428

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764



## Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987



## Achromatomaly

74.7177, -23.7212, 18.5010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 239, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 239, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 239, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 239, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 239, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 239, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 239, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 239, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 239, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 239, 113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.9367, -51.8579, 38.2764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 239, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
239, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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