

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.0447, -1.2796,  
6.8657)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.0447, -1.2796, 6.8657)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.0843, -1.2476,  
6.9875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFD4D1
RGB	223, 212, 209
RGB Percent	87%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1686, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.06, 0.13
HSL	13°, 18%, 85%
HSV	13°, 6%, 87%
XYZ	65.4835, 67.3783, 69.8755
YIQ	214.9470, 7.5190, 1.3990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

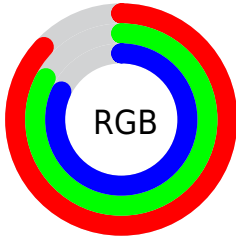
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 213, 209
Decimal	14669009
CIE Lab	85.70, 3.26, 2.83
CIE LCh	86, 4.317, 40.877
Yxy	67.3813, 0.3230, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292859089 (0xFFDFD4D1)
YUV	214.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625
Hunter-Lab	82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875

# Details

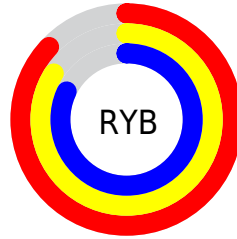
The HunterLab color  $82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $83.7068, -7.4370, 2.0007$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.4230, -4.3979, 4.4782$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.9960, -0.0032, 5.1882$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $76.2006, 4.3189, 10.5800$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.2053, -6.5053, 3.2698$ .

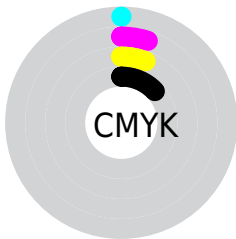
# Distribution



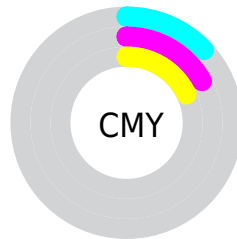
- Red (87%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 82.0843, -1.2476,  
6.9875

■ 82.0843, -1.2476,  
6.9875

212.4384, -7.0580,  
15.0507

■ 70.2812, -0.7749,  
6.2149

107.4554, -2.3145,  
8.6138

■ 59.1038, -0.3422,  
5.4675

120.9685, -2.9000,  
9.4637

■ 48.5911, 0.0448,  
4.7471

135.0050, -3.5185,  
10.3377

■ 38.7882, 0.3815,  
4.0541

149.5460, -4.1684,  
11.2352

■ 29.7509, 0.6619,  
3.3886

164.5744, -4.8485,  
12.1558

■ 21.5505, 0.8776,  
2.7497

180.0751, -5.5574,

■ 14.2831, 1.0160,

13.0989

2.1349

196.0340, -6.2942,  
14.0640

■ 7.9410, 1.3671,  
1.9071

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.0843, -1.2476,  
6.9875

■ 82.0843, -1.2476,  
6.9875

■ 76.2006, 4.3189,  
10.5800

■ 88.2053, -6.5053,  
3.2698

■ 70.5814, 10.2312,  
14.0079

■ 94.5314, -11.4816,  
-0.5516

■ 65.2678, 16.5067,  
17.2232

■ 97.1741, -15.3104,  
1.8861

■ 60.3066, 23.1429,  
20.1582

■ 55.7527, 30.0961,  
22.7240

■ 51.6685, 37.2574,  
24.8102

■ 48.1202, 44.4252,  
26.2939

■ 45.1715, 51.2884,  
27.0669

■ 42.8708, 57.4375,  
27.0927

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.0861, -0.3041, 5.2034



82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875



82.0861, -3.0319, 8.0812

# Triad

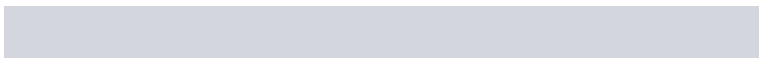
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0861, -1.2497, 6.9888



82.0861, -8.2360, 5.7402



82.0861, -3.6064, 0.5304

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875



83.7068, -7.4370, 2.0007

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.0861, -5.7280, 0.6831



82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875



82.0861, -8.3863, 3.7261

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0861, -1.2497, 6.9888



82.0861, -7.0599, 7.3731



82.0861, -7.4725, 1.8650



82.0861, -1.6740, 1.4530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



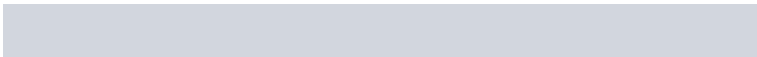
82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875



82.0861, -4.4473, 8.2865



82.0861, -7.4725, 1.8650



82.0861, -4.3213, 0.4571

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0861, -1.2497, 6.9888



98.5630, -4.1052, 6.3065



81.5277, 2.2180, 0.9329



45.6326, -1.9276, 2.8977

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

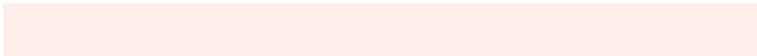


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0861, -1.2497, 6.9888



94.3158, -0.3274, 8.8927



84.1730, -4.7535, 9.2937



37.6495, 0.2254, 3.8228



32.5496, 44.9212, 20.8433



9.3010, 9.6915, 5.9009

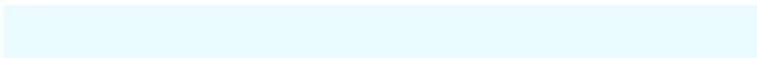


# Inverse Universe

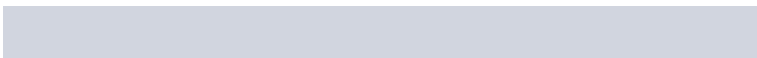
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.7068, -7.4370, 2.0007



96.7332, -9.5583, 1.4519



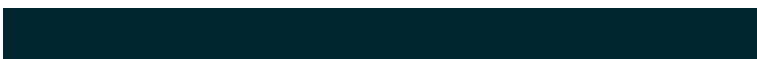
81.5924, -3.9565, -0.5227



38.7905, -4.1324, 0.3106



46.2235, -15.4425, -24.4395

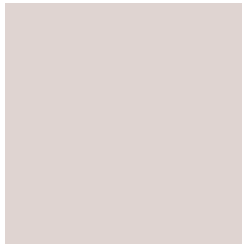


12.6761, -4.7545, -5.5804



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

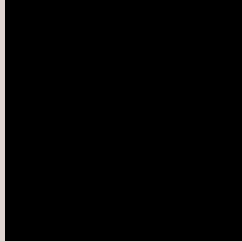
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

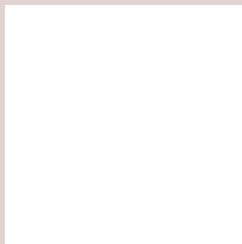
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875.



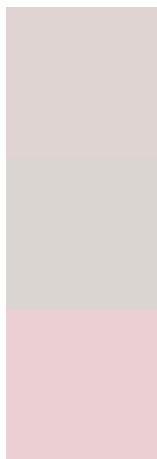
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0843, -1.2476,

6.9875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875

### Protanopia

82.0376, -2.9190, 6.4340

### Deuteranopia

81.9217, 5.9746, 6.4559



## Tritanopia

81.9143, 3.9125, -1.5352

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875

## Protanomaly

82.1324, -2.5912, 6.5490

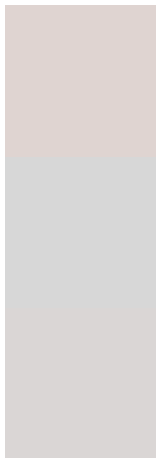
## Deuteranomaly

82.0018, 3.1864, 6.4996

## Tritanomaly

81.9193, 1.9902, 1.5072

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

82.3424, -3.2580, 5.3547

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 212, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 212, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 212, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 212, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 212, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 212, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 212, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 212, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 212, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 212,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.0843, -1.2476, 6.9875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 212, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
212, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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