

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.1195, -14.8902,
11.6293)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.1195, -14.8902,
11.6293) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.0179,
-14.9634, 11.6559)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6DCC6
RGB	198, 220, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 78%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1372, 0.2235
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.14
HSL	120°, 24%, 82%
HSV	120°, 10%, 86%
XYZ	59.0749, 67.2694, 63.2967
YIQ	210.9140, -6.0500, -11.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

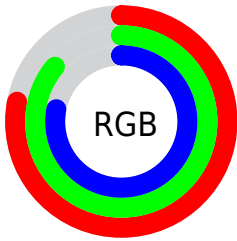
Format	Color
RYB	198, 220, 220
Decimal	13032646
CIELab	85.64, -11.40, 8.32
CIELCh	86, 14.117, 143.869
Yxy	67.2722, 0.3115, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291222726 (0xFFC6DCC6)
YUV	210.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256
Hunter-Lab	82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559

Details

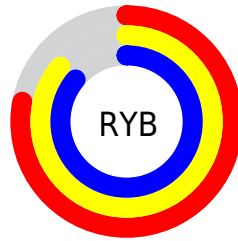
The HunterLab color $82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $77.9569, 6.9811, -3.3405$, and the grayscale version is $80.7026, -4.3061, 4.3847$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $59.0366, -12.6354, 9.6580$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.7207, -24.5669, 18.1450$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84.6004, -4.5157, 4.5976$.

Distribution



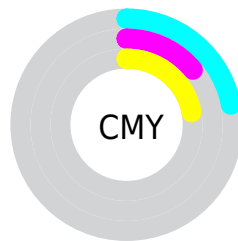
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.0179, -14.9634,
11.6559

■ 82.0179, -14.9634,
11.6559

212.3472,
-26.0553, 21.6603

■ 70.2182, -13.7719,
10.6158

107.3827,
-17.3645, 13.7761

■ 59.0442, -12.5788,
9.5842

120.8929,
-18.5748, 14.8563

■ 48.5353, -11.3812,
8.5592

134.9266,
-19.7942, 15.9513

■ 38.7365, -10.1720,
7.5362

149.4648,
-21.0236, 17.0615

■ 29.7035, -8.9409,
6.5079

164.4907,
-22.2639, 18.1874

■ 21.5079, -7.6705,
5.4619

179.9888,

■ 14.2460, -6.3302,

-23.5156, 19.3291

4.3756

195.9452,
-24.7793, 20.4867

■ 7.9027, -6.7092,
4.7963

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.0179, -14.9634,
11.6559

■ 82.0179, -14.9634,
11.6559

■ 79.7207, -24.5669,
18.1450

■ 84.6004, -4.5157,
4.5976

■ 77.7124, -33.2003,
23.9799

■ 87.4515, 6.6592,
-2.9502

■ 76.0003, -40.7561,
29.0872

■ 89.2575, 13.5541,
-7.6066

■ 74.5854, -47.1458,
33.4069

■ 73.4631, -52.3126,
36.9003

■ 72.6227, -56.2416,
39.5571

■ 72.0460, -58.9684,
41.4011

■ 71.7060, -60.5882,
42.4966

■ 71.5465, -61.3511,
43.0125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.0197, -9.7534, 15.3257



82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559



82.0197, -17.3318, 5.8195

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0197, -14.9652, 11.6570



82.0197, -5.8125, -9.3050



82.0197, 8.2867, 9.4756

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559



77.9569, 6.9811, -3.3405

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.0197, 9.4273, 3.0861



82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559



82.0197, 1.1338, -8.1207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0197, -14.9652, 11.6570



82.0197, -12.1627, -6.5578



82.0197, 6.7692, -3.4447



82.0197, 3.7026, 14.1420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559



82.0197, -17.0362, 1.3376



82.0197, 6.7692, -3.4447



82.0197, 9.0918, 7.4731

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0197, -14.9652, 11.6570



99.0429, -9.1690, 8.0227



83.9540, -8.0715, 13.8596



45.7057, -4.7096, 4.0275

0.0000, NaN, NaN



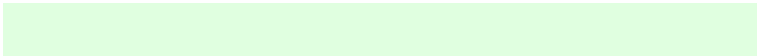
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0197, -14.9652, 11.6570



96.3508, -20.1582, 15.4471



82.3399, -13.1732, 7.0699



38.2181, -6.6942, 5.2420



54.8095, -46.9991, 32.9505



13.9506, -11.9626, 8.3868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.9569, 6.9811, -3.3405



90.5575, 11.1460, -5.9453



77.5943, 5.0423, 1.8081



36.4347, 2.9388, -1.3409



34.5868, 67.9985, -45.6162



8.8033, 17.3076, -11.6107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

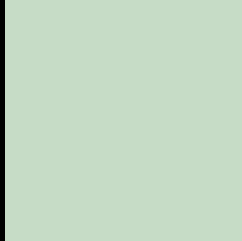
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

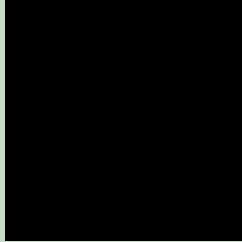
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

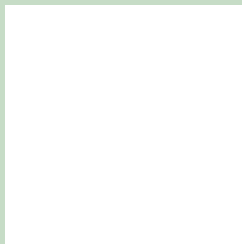
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559.



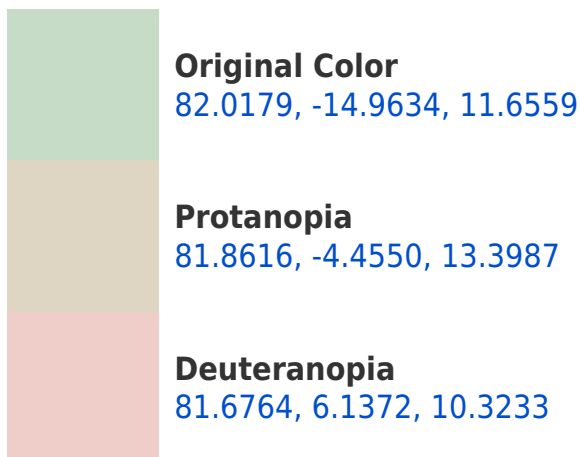
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0179,

-14.9634, 11.6559.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

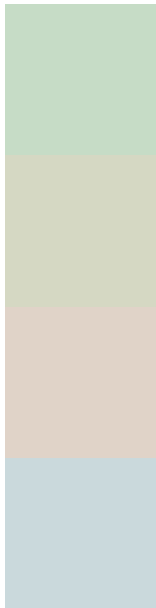




Tritanopia

82.0149, -4.7398, -4.7361

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559

Protanomaly

81.9744, -8.7833, 13.0160

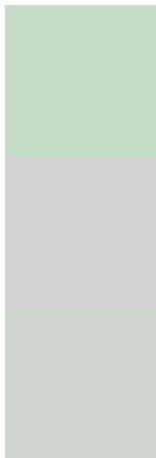
Deuteranomaly

81.6125, -1.8370, 10.5595

Tritanomaly

82.0668, -8.5714, 1.5012

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559

Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851

Achromatomaly

81.0378, -8.2441, 7.0688

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 220, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 220, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 220, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 220, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 220, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 220, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 220, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 220, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 220, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 220,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.0179, -14.9634, 11.6559 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 220, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
220, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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