

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.1845, -17.9093,
-17.9243)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.1845, -17.9093,
-17.9243) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.0388,
-17.7141, -18.1319)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99E0FF
RGB	153, 224, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 88%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.1216, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.12, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	198°, 100%, 80%
HSV	198°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	57.8425, 67.3036, 104.5501
YIQ	206.3050, -52.2670, -5.4110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

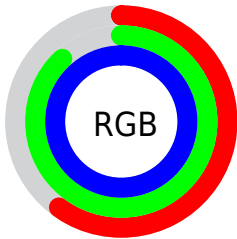
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 195, 255
Decimal	10084607
CIE _{Lab}	85.66, -14.46, -22.04
CIE _{LCh}	86, 26.361, 236.723
Yxy	67.3062, 0.2518, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288274687 (0xFF99E0FF)
YUV	206.3050, 24.0066, -46.7485
Hunter-Lab	82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319

Details

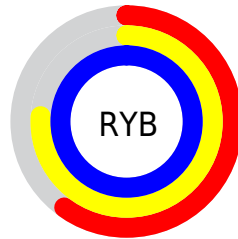
The HunterLab color **82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.0534, 17.4235, 23.6730**, and the grayscale version is **78.6112, -4.1945, 4.2711**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.2231, -18.7351, 0.6696**, and **59.1100, -15.2499, -17.4324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.1109, -19.0082, -24.0131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.2086, -15.6300, -12.2188**.

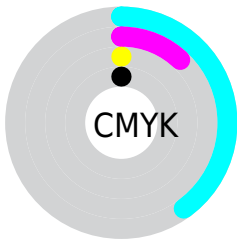
Distribution



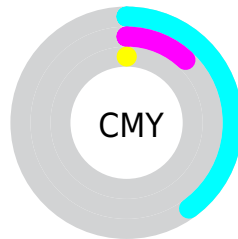
- Red (60%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

82.0388, -17.7141,
-18.1319

82.0388, -17.7141,
-18.1319

212.3756,
-29.9390, -17.7412

70.2378, -16.3659,
-17.9152

107.4053,
-20.4027, -18.3854

59.0627, -15.0071,
-17.6394

120.9165,
-21.7475, -18.4325

48.5526, -13.6319,
-17.3002

134.9510,
-23.0959, -18.4294

38.7526, -12.2305,
-16.8978

149.4901,
-24.4496, -18.3787

29.7183, -10.7882,
-16.4382

164.5167,
-25.8098, -18.2825

21.5212, -9.2811,
-15.9429

180.0157,

14.2575, -7.6667,

-27.1775, -18.1429

-15.4798

195.9729,
-28.5537, -17.9619

■ 7.9146, -8.3859,
-15.8073

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 82.0388, -17.7141,
-18.1319

■ 82.0388, -17.7141,
-18.1319

■ 78.1109, -19.0082,
-24.0131

■ 86.2086, -15.6300,
-12.2188

■ 74.4336, -19.4438,
-29.8345

■ 90.6012, -12.8244,
-6.3084

■ 71.0189, -18.9696,
-35.5538

■ 95.2034, -9.3700,
-0.4192

■ 67.8725, -17.5590,
-41.1293

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 64.9913, -15.2275,
-46.5275

■ 62.3420, -12.1130,
-51.7733

■ 62.3416, -12.1124,
-51.7742

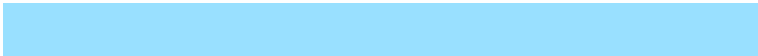
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.0403, -25.6351, -7.0232



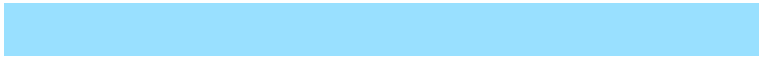
82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319



82.0403, -5.8128, -23.1531

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0403, -17.7150, -18.1297



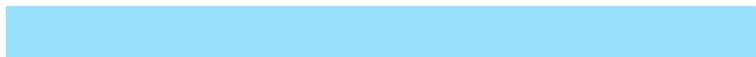
82.0403, 22.2339, 3.0880



82.0403, -15.3752, 23.0708

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319



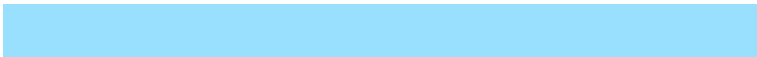
76.0534, 17.4235, 23.6730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.0403, -2.9411, 24.9200



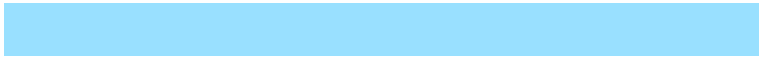
82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319



82.0403, 19.2826, 14.5011

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0403, -17.7150, -18.1297



82.0403, 17.6935, -9.7576



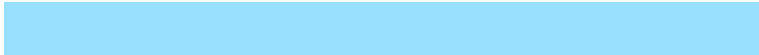
82.0403, 9.8612, 22.0370



82.0403, -24.3447, 16.5250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319



82.0403, 2.9724, -21.8746



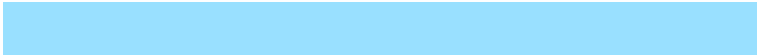
82.0403, 9.8612, 22.0370



82.0403, -11.4858, 24.2132

Sweetspot

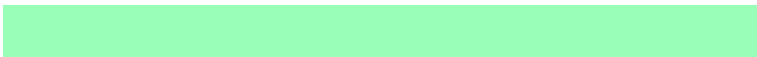
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0403, -17.7150, -18.1297



94.2661, -10.1101, -1.5956



90.4084, -44.6727, 25.3311



43.3308, -4.8949, -1.0937

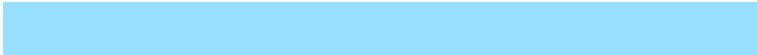
0.0000, NaN, NaN



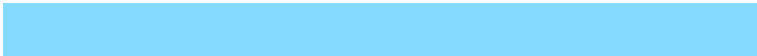
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0403, -17.7150, -18.1297



78.8763, -18.8164, -22.8412



66.3588, 8.1702, -43.4968



44.1530, -4.2489, -0.0598



45.3687, -9.2176, -36.8088



14.8219, -3.8623, -10.1884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.3036, 44.7629, -15.3713



65.5571, 54.6396, -18.5140



90.9662, -8.9118, 36.2529



42.6624, 2.9280, 0.0112



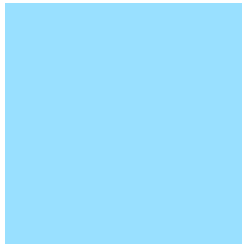
35.7853, 66.0255, -13.6368



11.2531, 20.9125, -5.4511

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

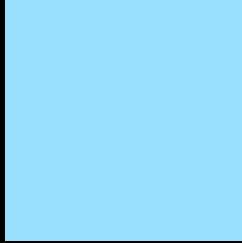
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319.



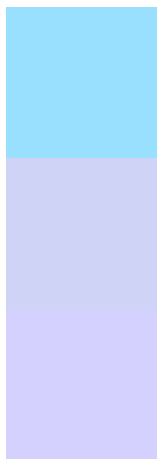
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319.

-17.7141, -18.1319.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319

Protanopia

81.8949, 0.6787, -13.2317

Deuteranopia

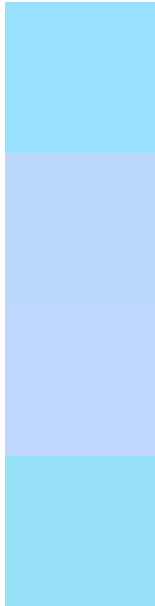
81.7423, 5.4462, -18.1572



Tritanopia

82.1026, -21.7052, -11.5957

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319

Protanomaly

81.5957, -6.4939, -15.5531

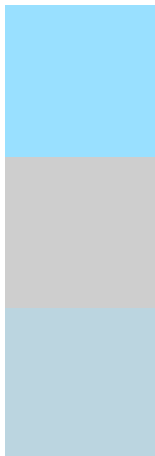
Deuteranomaly

81.4798, -3.2977, -18.6931

Tritanomaly

81.9799, -20.1586, -14.0648

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319

Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Achromatomaly

79.7089, -10.1826, -3.5177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 224, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 224, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 224, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 224, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 224, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 224, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 224, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 224, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 224, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 224,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.0388, -17.7141, -18.1319 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 224, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
224, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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