

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.1898, 9.9760,  
20.3954)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.1898, 9.9760,  
20.3954) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.2557, 9.8419,  
20.4982)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFCCB2
RGB	255, 204, 178
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 70%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2000, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	20°, 100%, 85%
HSV	20°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	70.8686, 67.6600, 51.4439
YIQ	216.2850, 38.7420, 2.7260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

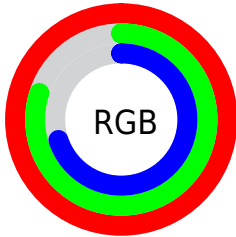
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 217, 178
Decimal	16764082
CIE Lab	85.84, 14.44, 19.81
CIE LCh	86, 24.515, 53.907
Yxy	67.6631, 0.3730, 0.3562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954162 (0xFFFFCCB2)
YUV	216.2850, -18.8745, 33.9531
Hunter-Lab	82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982

# Details

The HunterLab color **82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **85.2766, -14.3735, -13.4822**, and the grayscale version is **83.0584, -4.4318, 4.5127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3582, -8.8632, 14.6183**, and **59.2990, 9.5115, 17.3072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.8989, 15.7129, 24.5900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.8935, 4.4067, 15.9121**.

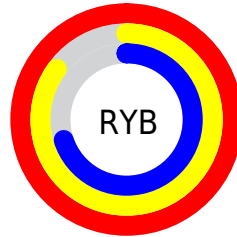
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

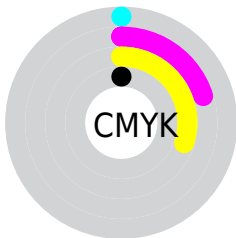
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (70%)

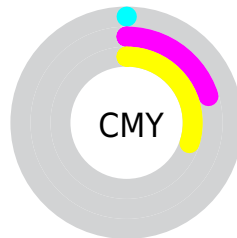


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)


Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82.2557, 9.8419,  
20.4982

 82.2557, 9.8419,  
20.4982


212.6738, 7.8780,  
34.7970

 70.4441, 9.8009,  
18.8563


 107.6430, 9.7349,  
23.7229

 59.2575, 9.6951,  
17.1815


121.1637, 9.6024,  
25.3150

 48.7351, 9.5137,  
15.4628

135.2075, 9.4211,  
26.8994

 38.9218, 9.2466,  
13.6832

149.7554, 9.1942,  
28.4793

 29.8732, 8.8805,  
11.8172

164.7907, 8.9243,  
30.0572

 21.6603, 8.3976,  
9.8252

180.2980, 8.6136,

 14.3789, 7.7725,

31.6351

7.9040

196.2633, 8.2643,  
33.2146

■ 8.0391, 7.5380,  
5.6274

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.2557, 9.8419,  
20.4982

■ 82.2557, 9.8419,  
20.4982

■ 76.8989, 15.7129,  
24.5900

■ 87.8935, 4.4067,  
15.9121

■ 71.8529, 22.0423,  
28.0928

■ 93.7760, -0.6109,  
10.9050

■ 67.1597, 28.8140,  
30.9047

99.8786, -5.2486,  
5.5413

■ 62.8638, 35.9739,  
32.9172

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 59.0116, 43.4071,  
34.0334

■ 55.6480, 50.9187,  
34.2015

■ 52.8536, 58.0558,  
33.5845

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2576, 18.0923, 12.9911



82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982



82.2576, -1.8970, 23.6660

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.2576, 9.8388, 20.4994



82.2576, -26.3761, 6.8035



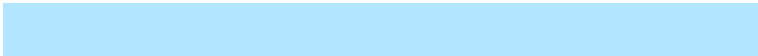
82.2576, 5.2983, -18.5626

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



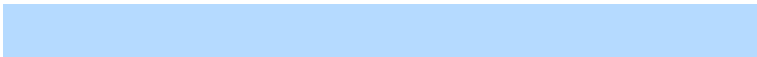
82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982



85.2766, -14.3735, -13.4822

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.2576, -6.8605, -20.8520



82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982



82.2576, -24.6965, -5.0561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.2576, 9.8388, 20.4994



82.2576, -22.4477, 16.5323



82.2576, -17.7194, -15.6000



82.2576, 15.3661, -9.7327



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982



82.2576, -9.9382, 23.2741



82.2576, -17.7194, -15.6000



82.2576, 1.3022, -20.1713

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.2576, 9.8388, 20.4994



94.4945, -1.1847, 10.2814



76.6663, 31.9568, -9.7159



43.3131, -0.2247, 5.1075

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.2576, 9.8388, 20.4994



79.1112, 13.1933, 22.9397



93.8499, -10.0295, 31.0447



43.5770, -0.4364, 4.8787



38.5261, 41.0693, 24.4586

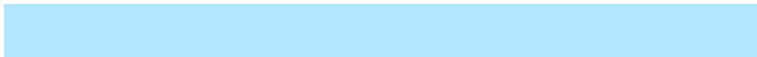


12.7971, 10.7487, 8.0737

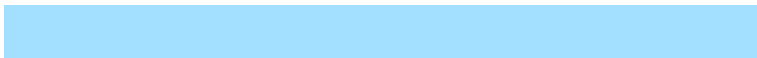


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.2766, -14.3735, -13.4822



82.6661, -15.4327, -17.1865



73.3993, 5.3184, -31.1002



44.0311, -4.0513, -0.2067



43.4320, -6.2330, -40.8309



14.2789, -3.0603, -11.2410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

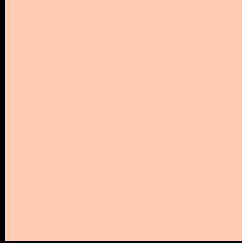
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

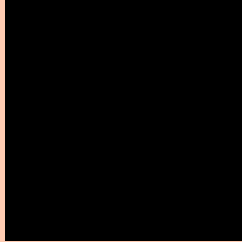
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2557, 9.8419,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982

### Protanopia

82.2683, -5.1984, 18.3156

### Deuteranopia

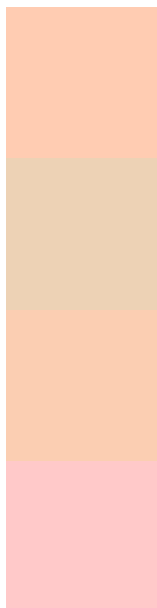
82.4498, 5.9944, 20.6219



## Tritanopia

82.1119, 17.2394, 4.9623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982

## Protanomaly

82.1182, 0.4357, 19.0451

## Deuteranomaly

82.3809, 7.2703, 20.5764

## Tritanomaly

82.0063, 14.6654, 10.8372

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982

## Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

## Achromatomaly

82.5677, -0.0004, 10.7537

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 204, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.2557, 9.8419, 20.4982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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