

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.1974, -10.9970,  
15.1962)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.1974, -10.9970,  
15.1962) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.2857,  
-11.1764, 15.4073)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3DABE
RGB	211, 218, 190
RGB Percent	83%, 85%, 75%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1451, 0.2549
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.13, 0.15
HSL	75°, 27%, 80%
HSV	75°, 13%, 85%
XYZ	61.2296, 67.7094, 58.5572
YIQ	212.7150, 4.8160, -10.1920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

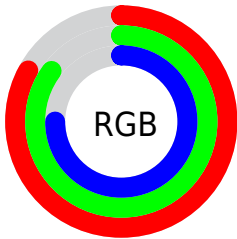
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	190, 218, 197
Decimal	13884094
CIELab	85.86, -7.23, 12.98
CIELCh	86, 14.858, 119.117
Yxy	67.7123, 0.3266, 0.3611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292074174 (0xFFD3DABE)
YUV	212.7150, -11.1985, -1.5041
Hunter-Lab	82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073

# Details

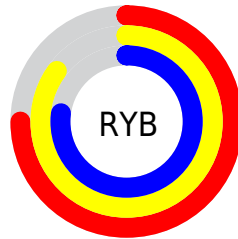
The HunterLab color  $82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $73.3219, 3.3841, -8.3990$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.4952, -4.3484, 4.4278$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.7165, -6.8910, 9.4830$ , and  $59.2186, -9.2175, 12.6334$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.2634, -15.9358, 22.6947$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $83.4009, -6.0113, 7.0987$ .

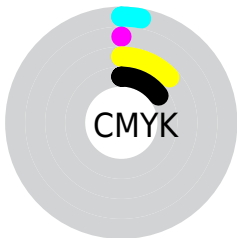
# Distribution



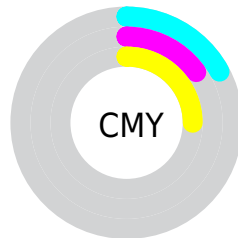
- Red (83%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 82.2857, -11.1764,  
15.4073

■ 82.2857, -11.1764,  
15.4073

212.7148,  
-20.7435, 27.1175

■ 70.4725, -10.1942,  
14.1297

■ 107.6757,  
-13.1908, 17.9645

■ 59.2843, -9.2230,  
12.8447

121.1977,  
-14.2204, 19.2476

■ 48.7602, -8.2626,  
11.5470

135.2427,  
-15.2661, 20.5369

■ 38.9451, -7.3100,  
10.2271

149.7919,  
-16.3284, 21.8339

■ 29.8945, -6.3601,  
8.8706

164.8284,  
-17.4072, 23.1396

■ 21.6795, -5.4042,  
7.4543

180.3368,

■ 14.3956, -4.4264,

-18.5027, 24.4550

5.9372

196.3032,  
-19.6148, 25.7808

■ 8.0561, -4.3407,  
5.6393

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.2857, -11.1764,  
15.4073

■ 82.2857, -11.1764,  
15.4073

■ 81.2634, -15.9358,  
22.6947

■ 83.4009, -6.0113,  
7.0987

■ 80.3280, -20.2736,  
28.9500

■ 84.6038, -0.4473,  
-2.2171

■ 79.4799, -24.1869,  
34.1780

■ 85.8807, 5.4166,  
-12.3008

■ 78.7171, -27.6755,  
38.3952

■ 86.4046, 7.1728,  
-11.5512

■ 78.0368, -30.7455,  
41.6333

■ 86.9417, 8.9623,  
-10.7879

■ 77.4351, -33.4100,  
43.9414

■ 87.4918, 10.7843,  
-10.0113

■ 76.9068, -35.6914,  
45.3901

■ 88.0549, 12.6377,  
-9.2219

■ 76.4451, -37.6240,  
46.0783

■ 88.6308, 14.5217,  
-8.4202

■ 76.1462, -38.8447,  
46.2409

■ 88.6710, 14.6529,  
-8.3644

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2875, -4.1765, 16.8515



82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073



82.2875, -16.2085, 11.1032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.2875, -11.1785, 15.4084



82.2875, -11.5441, -7.9518



82.2875, 10.2609, 4.2711

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073



73.3219, 3.3841, -8.3990

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.2875, 8.1248, -2.7459



82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073



82.2875, -4.6134, -10.1738

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.2875, -11.1785, 15.4084



82.2875, -16.4143, -2.3549



82.2875, 2.6155, -8.1912



82.2875, 8.3563, 10.7731



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073



82.2875, -17.8555, 6.9842



82.2875, 2.6155, -8.1912



82.2875, 9.9904, 1.8928

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.2875, -11.1785, 15.4084



99.4383, -7.9385, 9.7221



76.5230, 1.7887, 9.4392



45.9567, -3.8952, 4.8609

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

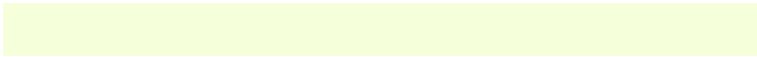


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.2875, -11.1785, 15.4084



97.9832, -14.6931, 20.5003



81.0765, -15.5242, 14.0618



38.8476, -4.4472, 5.9641



58.9821, -29.8883, 35.8212



15.1441, -7.0930, 9.2075



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.3219, 3.3841, -8.3990



85.4032, 5.7586, -12.9543



74.6588, 7.8616, -6.5363



35.7404, 0.5947, -2.2731



18.8529, 48.3714, -112.5087

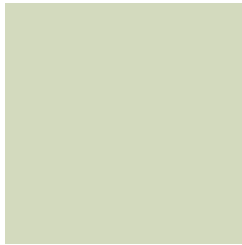


5.2052, 12.6884, -25.8948



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

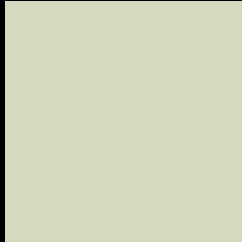
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

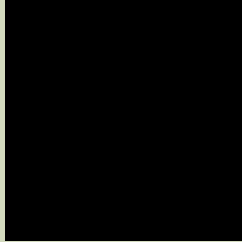
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

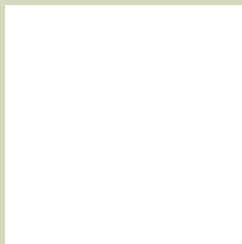
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2857,

-11.1764, 15.4073.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073

### Protanopia

82.2992, -4.8333, 16.3523

### Deuteranopia

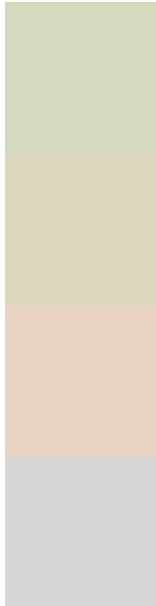
82.1499, 5.7071, 14.7283



## Tritanopia

82.1558, 0.2808, -2.8681

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073

## Protanomaly

82.1527, -6.8798, 15.7558

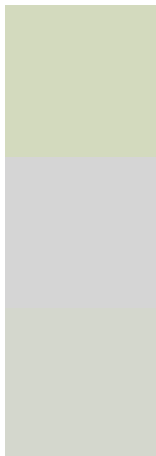
## Deuteranomaly

82.0604, -0.7949, 14.9383

## Tritanomaly

82.1258, -3.8849, 4.1240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073

## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

## Achromatomaly

81.8570, -7.0230, 8.4824

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 218, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 218, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 218, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 218, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 218, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 218, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 218, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 218, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 218, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 218,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.2857, -11.1764, 15.4073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 218, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
218, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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