

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.2688, 0.5262,  
16.1048)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.2688, 0.5262,  
16.1048) contains.

<b>HunterLab(82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(82.4165, 0.3196,  
16.1556)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBD3BD
RGB	235, 211, 189
RGB Percent	92%, 83%, 74%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1725, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.20, 0.08
HSL	29°, 53%, 83%
HSV	29°, 20%, 92%
XYZ	66.7405, 67.9248, 57.7374
YIQ	215.6680, 21.3660, -1.7540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

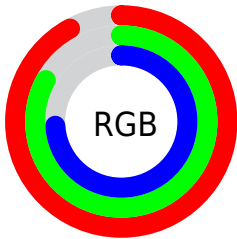
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 231, 189
Decimal	15455165
CIE Lab	85.97, 4.89, 13.93
CIE LCh	86, 14.762, 70.656
Yxy	67.9278, 0.3469, 0.3530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293645245 (0xFFE8D3BD)
YUV	215.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542
Hunter-Lab	82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556

# Details

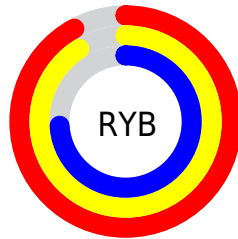
The HunterLab color  $82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $80.2521, -7.4859, -8.7478$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.7730, -4.4166, 4.4972$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.6858, -7.0598, 9.9225$ , and  $59.5611, 0.9341, 13.5311$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $78.1843, 3.5034, 21.0615$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.8089, -2.4955, 10.6786$ .

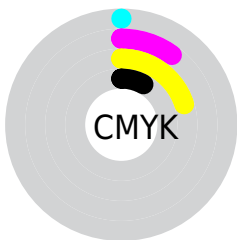
# Distribution



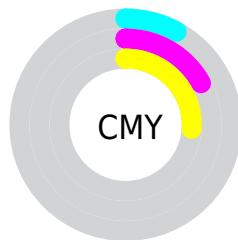
- Red (92%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82.4165, 0.3196,  
16.1556

 82.4165, 0.3196,  
16.1556


212.8944, -4.9295,  
28.2198

 70.5968, 0.7165,  
14.8286

 107.8188, -0.6069,  
18.8037

 59.4016, 1.0698,  
13.4908

121.3466, -1.1262,  
20.1290

 48.8701, 1.3727,  
12.1363


135.3972, -1.6808,  
21.4586

 39.0471, 1.6197,  
10.7545

149.9517, -2.2690,  
22.7943

 29.9879, 1.8034,  
9.3297

164.9933, -2.8893,  
24.1373

 21.7634, 1.9134,  
7.8363

180.5067, -3.5402,

 14.4689, 1.9342,

25.4887

6.2301

196.4780, -4.2207,  
26.8493

■ 8.1299, 2.1867,  
5.6909

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4165, 0.3196,  
16.1556

■ 82.4165, 0.3196,  
16.1556

■ 78.1843, 3.5034,  
21.0615

■ 86.8089, -2.4955,  
10.6786

■ 74.1211, 7.0890,  
25.3261

■ 91.3428, -4.9618,  
4.6872

■ 70.2448, 11.0940,  
28.8799

■ 95.8555, -7.9510,  
0.4083

■ 66.5726, 15.5298,  
31.6512

■ 98.1847, -11.7096,  
3.1659

■ 63.1228, 20.3932,  
33.5741

■ 59.9137, 25.6589,  
34.6004

■ 56.9624, 31.2698,  
34.7192

■ 54.2777, 37.1014,  
34.0638

■ 54.1686, 37.3490,  
34.0323

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4184, 6.5612, 12.7492



82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556



82.4184, -6.9910, 16.6008

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.4184, 0.3171, 16.1568



82.4184, -17.7963, 1.9694



82.4184, 4.9795, -6.3430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556



80.2521, -7.4859, -8.7478

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.4184, -1.7807, -9.8021



82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556



82.4184, -14.8206, -4.7321

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.4184, 0.3171, 16.1568



82.4184, -17.2790, 8.8035



82.4184, -9.0173, -9.1881



82.4184, 9.3174, -0.0779



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556



82.4184, -11.4635, 15.2031



82.4184, -9.0173, -9.1881



82.4184, 2.9054, -7.8962

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.4184, 0.3171, 16.1568



96.9879, -3.7396, 9.4453



76.7395, 15.8230, -1.3484



44.7209, -1.6461, 4.5665

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.4184, 0.3171, 16.1568



88.7644, 1.5329, 19.7001



89.3752, -11.1742, 22.9383



40.3024, -1.1712, 4.9259



40.7219, 27.1185, 25.5674



12.2220, 5.7505, 7.6318

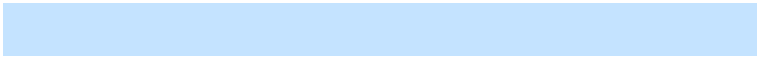


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.2521, -7.4859, -8.7478



85.9711, -8.5153, -12.4203



73.4005, 4.1142, -18.1870



39.8109, -2.9458, -0.7224



33.7974, 6.2805, -55.8015

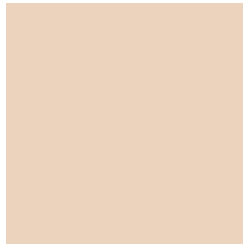


10.4379, 0.0150, -13.0789



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

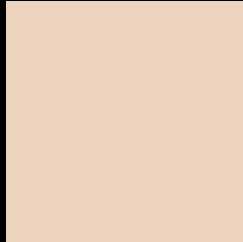
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

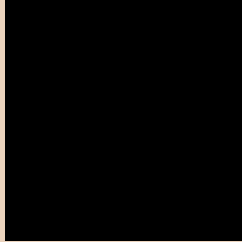
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4165, 0.3196,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556

### Protanopia

82.3786, -4.3982, 15.2088

### Deuteranopia

82.3139, 6.1499, 15.7400



## Tritanopia

82.3209, 9.5716, 1.1202

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556

## Protanomaly

82.4404, -2.6631, 15.7175

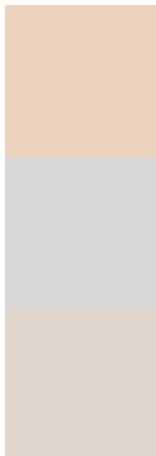
## Deuteranomaly

82.1768, 4.1698, 15.5623

## Tritanomaly

82.4270, 6.1475, 7.0408

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556

## Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

## Achromatomaly

82.6059, -2.7676, 8.9420

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 211, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 211, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 211, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 211, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 211, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 211, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 211, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 211, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 211, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 211,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.4165, 0.3196, 16.1556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 211, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
211, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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