

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.3230, -21.2001,  
12.1074)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.3230, -21.2001,  
12.1074) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.1784,  
-21.0864, 12.1579)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8E0C5
RGB	184, 224, 197
RGB Percent	72%, 88%, 77%
CMY	0.2784, 0.1215, 0.2274
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.12, 0.12
HSL	139°, 39%, 80%
HSV	139°, 18%, 88%
XYZ	56.5009, 67.5329, 62.8805
YIQ	208.9620, -15.1730, -16.8770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

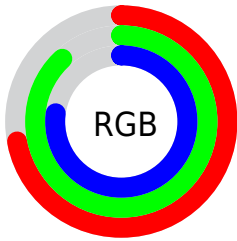
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 214, 224
Decimal	12116165
CIELab	85.77, -18.26, 8.92
CIELCh	86, 20.325, 153.970
Yxy	67.5357, 0.3023, 0.3613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290306245 (0xFFB8E0C5)
YUV	208.9620, -5.8973, -21.8917
Hunter-Lab	82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579

# Details

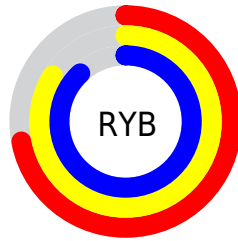
The HunterLab color  $82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $74.0494, 14.1820, -3.4698$ , and the grayscale version is  $79.8641, -4.2613, 4.3392$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.5906, -10.3390, 4.1815$ , and  $59.2494, -18.2713, 10.1849$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.2035, -29.2826, 16.2402$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.4115, -12.1262, 7.9945$ .

# Distribution



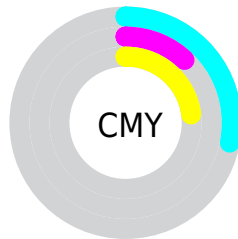
- Red (72%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 82.1784, -21.0864,  
12.1579

■ 82.1784, -21.0864,  
12.1579

212.5675,  
-34.7329, 22.3788

■ 70.3705, -19.5428,  
11.0878

■ 107.5582,  
-24.1376, 14.3333

■ 59.1881, -17.9755,  
10.0243

121.0756,  
-25.6510, 15.4392

■ 48.6700, -16.3768,  
8.9651

135.1160,  
-27.1612, 16.5589

■ 38.8615, -14.7330,  
7.9050

149.6608,  
-28.6705, 17.6928

■ 29.8179, -13.0240,  
6.8358

164.6930,  
-30.1809, 18.8416

■ 21.6107, -11.2173,  
5.7440


180.1973,

■ 14.3356, -9.2557,


-31.6940, 20.0054


4.6046


196.1597,  
-33.2109, 21.1844


 7.9950, -10.3809,  
5.0595


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 82.1784, -21.0864,  
12.1579


 82.1784, -21.0864,  
12.1579

 80.2035, -29.2826,  
16.2402


 84.4115, -12.1262,  
7.9945


 78.4865, -36.6218,  
20.1923

 86.8901, -2.4913,  
3.7885

 77.0306, -43.0303,  
23.9674

 89.6067, 7.7220,  
-0.4228

 75.8334, -48.4527,  
27.5175

 90.4400, 11.3622,  
-6.0947

■ 74.8878, -52.8608,  
30.7973

■ 74.1810, -56.2604,  
33.7663

■ 73.6937, -58.6982,  
36.3908

■ 73.3942, -60.2867,  
38.6412

■ 73.3432, -60.5635,  
39.0666

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.1801, -14.9398, 18.3403



82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579



82.1801, -22.8423, 3.1866

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.1801, -21.0880, 12.1590



82.1801, -3.0432, -16.1243



82.1801, 12.3079, 14.1218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579



74.0494, 14.1820, -3.4698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.1801, 15.8507, 5.7395



82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579



82.1801, 6.7218, -12.3310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.1801, -21.0880, 12.1590



82.1801, -12.7219, -13.8756



82.1801, 13.7592, -4.0348



82.1801, 4.2891, 19.3741



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579



82.1801, -21.3582, -3.3741



82.1801, 13.7592, -4.0348



82.1801, 14.0788, 11.6158

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.1801, -21.0880, 12.1590



98.5492, -10.9698, 7.8876



84.0675, -14.9015, 19.5584



45.5017, -5.4346, 3.8085

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

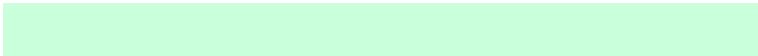


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.1801, -21.0880, 12.1590



94.3963, -27.6538, 15.6528



82.7630, -17.7887, 3.8199



39.2560, -6.3508, 4.0448



55.9717, -46.1001, 29.5572



14.7904, -11.7981, 6.9819



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.0494, 14.1820, -3.4698



83.3024, 20.5131, -5.6623



73.4208, 10.8786, 5.4718



37.2235, 2.4526, 0.1352



32.4818, 59.7095, -10.6650

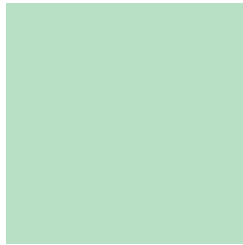


8.6460, 16.0575, -4.1102



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

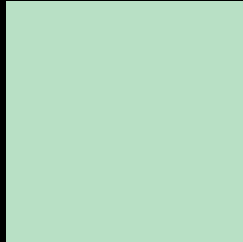
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

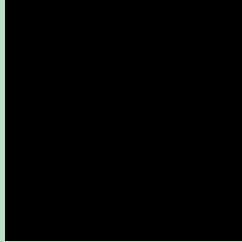
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579.



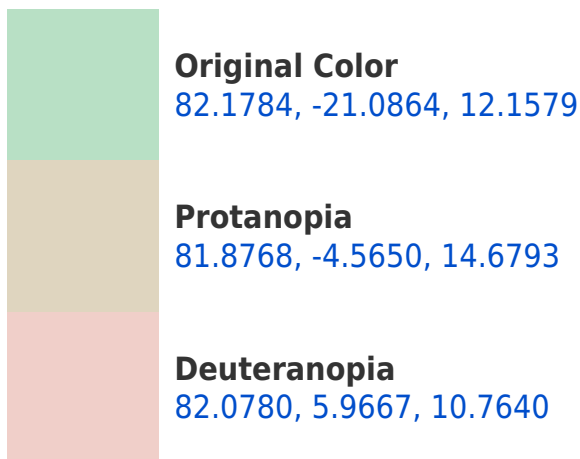
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579.

-21.0864, 12.1579.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

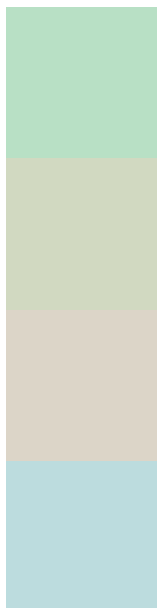




## Tritanopia

82.0215, -9.2678, -6.9848

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579

## Protanomaly

81.8726, -10.8661, 13.7232

## Deuteranomaly

81.8378, -4.2015, 10.7662

## Tritanomaly

81.9461, -13.7621, 0.2531

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579

## Achromatopsia

79.8497, -4.2606, 4.3384

## Achromatomaly

80.4862, -10.2564, 6.8686

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 224, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 224, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 224, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 224, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 224, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 224, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 224, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 224, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 224, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 224,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.1784, -21.0864, 12.1579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 224, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
224, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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