

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.4155, 4.5203,  
27.1476)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.4155, 4.5203,  
27.1476) contains.

<b>HunterLab(82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(82.3555, 4.8145,  
27.2171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCCF9F
RGB	252, 207, 159
RGB Percent	99%, 81%, 62%
CMY	0.0118, 0.1882, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.37, 0.01
HSL	31°, 94%, 81%
HSV	31°, 37%, 99%
XYZ	68.7157, 67.8243, 42.2706
YIQ	214.9830, 42.2280, -5.3880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

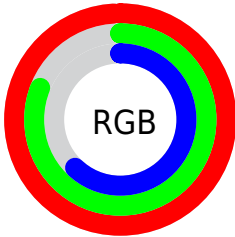
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 252, 159
Decimal	16568223
CIE Lab	85.92, 9.45, 29.82
CIE LCh	86, 31.283, 72.422
Yxy	67.8275, 0.3843, 0.3793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294758303 (0xFFFC9F)
YUV	214.9830, -27.5996, 32.4639
Hunter-Lab	82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171

# Details

The HunterLab color **82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **75.8834, -7.0403, -25.3212**, and the grayscale version is **82.5311, -4.4037, 4.4841**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.8104, -11.8922, 22.5049**, and **59.4250, 5.0232, 22.8271** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.3315, 8.5512, 31.4004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.5628, 1.5241, 22.2302**.

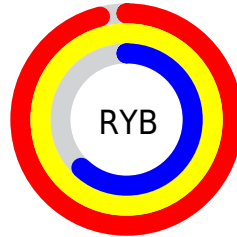
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (81%)

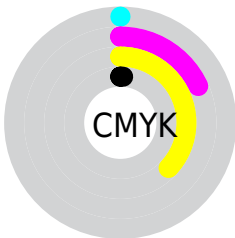
Blue (62%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (62%)

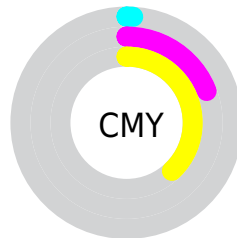


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (19%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82.3555, 4.8145,  
27.2171

 82.3555, 4.8145,  
27.2171


212.8108, 1.1460,  
45.4823

 70.5389, 4.9994,  
25.0127

 107.7522, 4.2830,  
31.4699

 59.3470, 5.1305,  
22.7354

 121.2773, 3.9500,  
33.5366

 48.8190, 5.1985,  
20.3660

135.3253, 3.5751,  
35.5737

 38.9996, 5.1953,  
17.8768

149.8773, 3.1607,  
37.5870

 29.9444, 5.1103,  
15.2286

164.9165, 2.7088,  
39.5810

 21.7243, 4.9288,  
12.3649


180.4276, 2.2214,

 14.4348, 4.6284,


41.5595


10.1043


196.3966, 1.7000,  
43.5258

 8.0956, 4.6540,  
5.6669


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 82.3555, 4.8145,  
27.2171


 82.3555, 4.8145,  
27.2171


 78.3315, 8.5512,  
31.4004


 86.5628, 1.5241,  
22.2302


 74.4999, 12.7595,  
34.7049

 90.9338, -1.3338,  
16.5088

 70.8782, 17.4401,  
37.0663

 95.4573, -3.7892,  
10.1232

 67.4819, 22.5793,  
38.4366

 99.7173, -6.3205,  
5.0827

■ 64.3252, 28.1366,  
38.8031

■ 61.4186, 34.0319,  
38.2254

■ 60.5656, 35.8838,  
37.9484

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.3574, 18.8149, 21.4296



82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171



82.3574, -10.7218, 27.6717

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.3574, 4.8114, 27.2182



82.3574, -31.5695, -1.8619



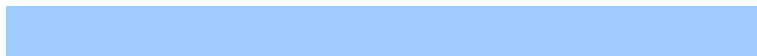
82.3574, 16.7201, -19.3538

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171



75.8834, -7.0403, -25.3212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.3574, 2.1209, -28.3482



82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171



82.3574, -25.2959, -17.0644

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.3574, 4.8114, 27.2182



82.3574, -30.9667, 12.6058



82.3574, -13.2212, -27.4403



82.3574, 26.0326, -4.5620



# Rectangle

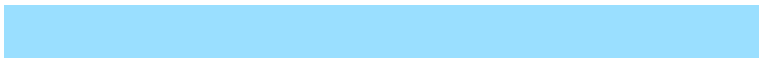
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171



82.3574, -19.7994, 25.0305



82.3574, -13.2212, -27.4403



82.3574, 12.2238, -23.2686

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.3574, 4.8114, 27.2182



94.8516, -2.8670, 12.9929



70.6572, 37.0805, -4.5444



43.5947, -1.1708, 6.4184

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.3574, 4.8114, 27.2182



80.5471, 7.5285, 30.6944



96.3429, -18.1312, 38.8622



43.2518, -1.4640, 5.4300



44.0510, 25.1220, 27.5838

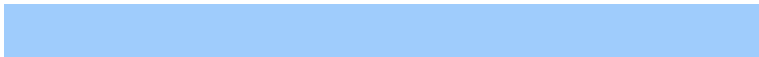


14.1759, 5.9457, 8.8392

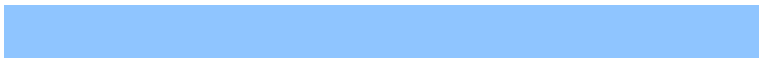


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.8834, -7.0403, -25.3212



72.8095, -6.4833, -32.2892



62.6070, 16.6501, -48.3465



42.4606, -2.9403, -0.9561



33.4572, 10.3757, -64.2168



11.1713, 1.2567, -16.6759



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

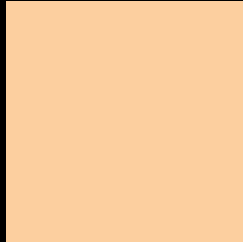
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

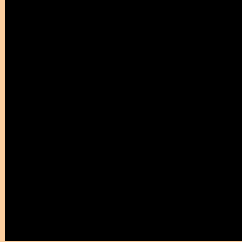
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.3555, 4.8145,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171

### Protanopia

82.4818, -7.0190, 26.1309

### Deuteranopia

82.2901, 6.1029, 27.1806



## Tritanopia

82.4255, 16.8590, 4.8405

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171

## Protanomaly

82.3634, -2.7541, 26.4314

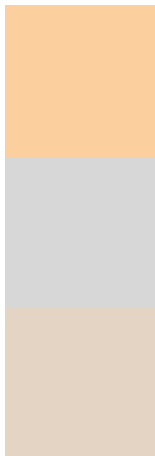
## Deuteranomaly

82.1757, 5.7192, 27.0705

## Tritanomaly

82.2939, 12.3297, 13.7274

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

82.1712, -1.7561, 13.3497

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 207, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 207, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 207, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 207, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 207, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 207, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 207, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 207, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 207, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 207,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.3555, 4.8145, 27.2171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 207, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
207, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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