

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.4462, 13.0960,  
0.1295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.4462, 13.0960,  
0.1295) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.4500, 13.1120,  
0.3230)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5CCE0
RGB	245, 204, 224
RGB Percent	96%, 80%, 88%
CMY	0.0392, 0.2000, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.09, 0.04
HSL	331°, 67%, 88%
HSV	331°, 17%, 96%
XYZ	72.7036, 67.9800, 79.8106
YIQ	218.5390, 18.0160, 14.9120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

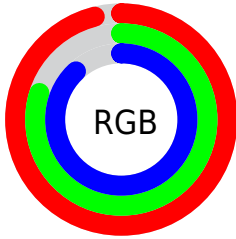
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 204, 224
Decimal	16108768
CIE Lab	86.00, 17.63, -4.47
CIE LCh	86, 18.189, 345.771
Yxy	67.9830, 0.3297, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294298848 (0xFFFF5CCE0)
YUV	218.5390, 2.6923, 23.2063
Hunter-Lab	82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230

# Details

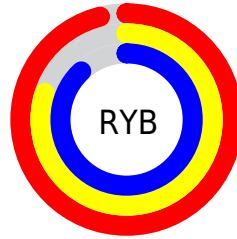
The HunterLab color  $82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $91.4222, -21.0748, 9.7650$ , and the grayscale version is  $83.9501, -4.4794, 4.5612$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $59.4715, 12.4010, -0.5584$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $75.2208, 24.2532, -2.0348$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.1479, 2.1522, 3.1169$ .

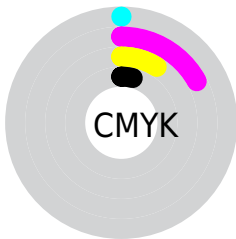
# Distribution



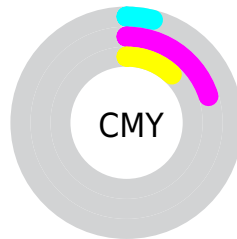
- Red (96%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230       82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230

212.9403, 12.2120, 5.9458       70.6286, 12.9320, -0.1205

107.8554, 13.2690, 1.3361       59.4316, 12.6805, -0.5211

121.3847, 13.2612, 1.8979       48.8983, 12.3463, -0.8733

135.4366, 13.2008, 2.4944       39.0732, 11.9186, -1.1723

149.9925, 13.0909, 3.1239       30.0118, 11.3833, -1.4118

165.0355, 12.9347, 3.7850       21.7849, 10.7215, -1.5832

180.5502, 12.7347,  14.4876, 9.9087,


4.4764


-1.6743


196.5227, 12.4931,  
5.1970


 8.1487, 9.4237,  
-1.8435


0.0000, INF, NaN


 82.4500, 13.1120,  
0.3230


 82.4500, 13.1120,  
0.3230


 75.2208, 24.2532,  
-2.0348


 90.1479, 2.1522,  
3.1169

 68.5391, 35.4742,  
-3.8347

 98.2410, -8.5797,  
6.2467

 62.5083, 46.5471,  
-4.9163

 99.0720, -8.5790,  
4.2792

 57.2452, 57.0756,  
-5.0962

■ 52.8725, 66.4576,  
-4.1979

■ 49.4973, 73.9336,  
-2.1151

■ 47.1752, 78.7888,  
1.1036

■ 45.8602, 80.7143,  
5.1898

■ 45.5594, 80.9718,  
6.5729

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4518, 8.4096, -7.8834



82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230



82.4518, 12.9787, 8.8521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.4518, 13.1095, 0.3245



82.4518, -9.0700, 18.8528



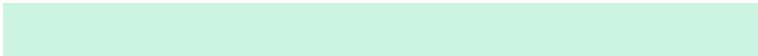
82.4518, -16.1681, -8.2455

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230



91.4222, -21.0748, 9.7650

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.4518, -20.4559, -0.1284



82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230



82.4518, -16.4797, 15.1973

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



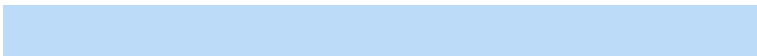
82.4518, 13.1095, 0.3245



82.4518, -0.0929, 18.9461



82.4518, -20.5674, 8.4452



82.4518, -8.6280, -13.1800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230



82.4518, 10.1611, 13.5706



82.4518, -20.5674, 8.4452



82.4518, -18.0231, -5.7619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.4518, 13.1095, 0.3245



95.7704, 0.3010, 3.8031



81.0611, 10.0237, -13.0606



44.0364, 0.5080, 1.6565

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.4518, 13.1095, 0.3245



83.7233, 17.5611, -0.5336



81.8297, 9.8215, 9.2010



40.7642, 2.3845, 1.0707



33.4809, 59.5825, 4.2285



10.0296, 18.0411, -0.2258



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.4518, 13.1095, 0.3245



83.7233, 17.5611, -0.5336



92.0523, -17.5239, 0.7744



40.7642, 2.3845, 1.0707



33.4809, 59.5825, 4.2285

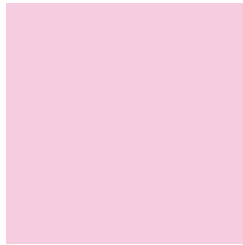


10.0296, 18.0411, -0.2258



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

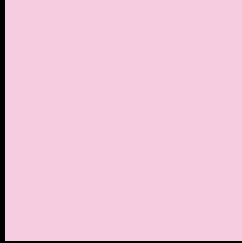
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

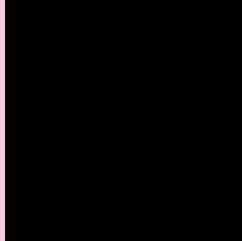
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4500, 13.1120,

0.3230.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230

### Protanopia

82.6156, -1.2126, -2.8401

### Deuteranopia

82.6149, 6.0714, 0.9114



## Tritanopia

82.6411, 12.0572, 2.0566

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230

## Protanomaly

82.3792, 4.0768, -1.9935

## Deuteranomaly

82.4366, 8.5135, 0.7359

## Tritanomaly

82.6735, 12.2279, 1.5962

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230

## Achromatopsia

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

## Achromatomaly

83.5509, 1.3968, 2.9650

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 204, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 204, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 204, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 204, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 204, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 204, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 204, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 204, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 204, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 204,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.4500, 13.1120, 0.3230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 204, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
204, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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