

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.4543, -2.0007,
-0.5853)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.4543, -2.0007,
-0.5853) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.4478, -2.1262,
-0.4593)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D6E1
RGB	215, 214, 225
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 88%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1608, 0.1176
CMYK	0.04, 0.05, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	245°, 15%, 86%
HSV	245°, 5%, 88%
XYZ	65.6615, 67.9764, 80.8942
YIQ	215.5530, -2.9350, 3.6330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

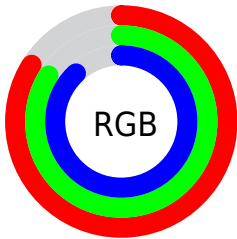
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 214, 225
Decimal	14145249
CIE Lab	86.00, 2.37, -5.29
CIE LCh	86, 5.794, 294.159
Yxy	67.9793, 0.3061, 0.3169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335329 (0xFFD7D6E1)
YUV	215.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850
Hunter-Lab	82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593

Details

The HunterLab color $82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $86.3450, -6.7950, 9.3997$, and the grayscale version is $82.6562, -4.4103, 4.4909$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $59.3061, -0.9976, -1.4932$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $73.7967, 3.2106, -11.7027$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.3562, -7.1850, 9.9360$.

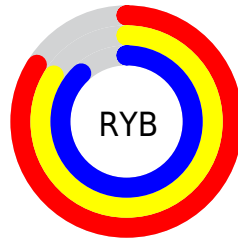
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (84%)

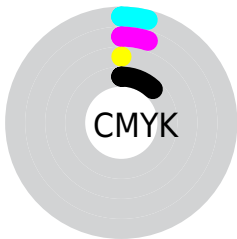
Blue (88%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (88%)

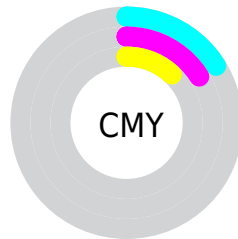


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.4478, -2.1262,
-0.4593

■ 82.4478, -2.1262,
-0.4593

212.9372, -8.2588,
4.8993

■ 70.6264, -1.6097,
-0.8680

107.8529, -3.2739,
0.4880

■ 59.4296, -1.1311,
-1.2319

121.3821, -3.8975,
1.0187

■ 48.8963, -0.6954,
-1.5455

135.4340, -4.5527,
1.5852

■ 39.0714, -0.3065,
-1.8037

149.9898, -5.2380,
2.1856

■ 30.0102, 0.0304,
-1.9998

165.0326, -5.9523,
2.8186

■ 21.7834, 0.3080,
-2.1247

180.5473, -6.6945,

■ 14.4863, 0.5159,

3.4826

-2.1658

196.5197, -7.4637,
4.1765

■ 8.1474, 0.8331,
-2.2879

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4478, -2.1262,
-0.4593

■ 82.4478, -2.1262,
-0.4593

■ 73.7967, 3.2106,
-11.7027

■ 91.3562, -7.1850,
9.9360

■ 65.4384, 8.9218,
-24.0632

■ 99.1041, -10.2659,
18.2707

■ 57.4305, 15.1228,
-37.8885

■ 49.8519, 21.9560,
-53.6188

■ 42.8165, 29.5645,
-71.7419

■ 36.4915, 38.0025,
-92.5890

■ 31.1172, 46.9937,
-115.7329

■ 27.0047, 55.4868,
-138.7882

■ 24.4467, 61.4630,
-156.6253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4496, -4.9658, -0.9191



82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593



82.4496, 0.1275, 1.3477

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.4496, -2.1280, -0.4579



82.4496, -1.1404, 8.6398



82.4496, -9.8336, 5.0215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593



86.3450, -6.7950, 9.3997

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.4496, -8.8392, 7.5094



82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593



82.4496, -3.8402, 9.5519

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.4496, -2.1280, -0.4579



82.4496, 0.7032, 6.6122



82.4496, -6.6550, 9.1452



82.4496, -9.3893, 2.3056

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593



82.4496, 0.9844, 3.0390



82.4496, -6.6550, 9.1452



82.4496, -9.6569, 5.9111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.4496, -2.1280, -0.4579



98.9680, -4.7475, 4.2226



85.4928, -7.6308, 3.1445



45.8108, -2.2099, 1.9814

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.4496, -2.1280, -0.4579



93.8508, -1.7605, -1.9686



82.9537, -0.3936, 0.1944



37.6185, -0.5720, -1.0820



18.0064, 48.2331, -123.2212



4.9545, 12.8672, -30.7707

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.3580, 0.9246, 1.2191



95.1497, 2.5886, 0.4504



85.8502, -8.5337, 8.8126



38.1927, 1.3470, -0.0080



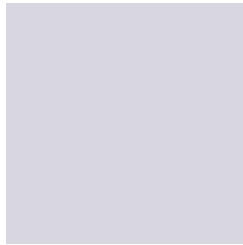
34.2965, 66.1345, -35.2068



9.0646, 17.5344, -9.7317

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

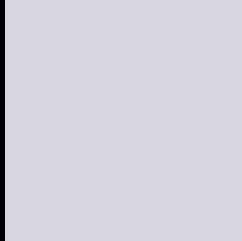
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

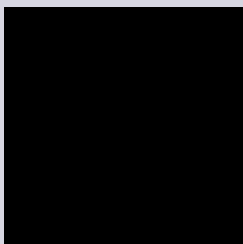
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

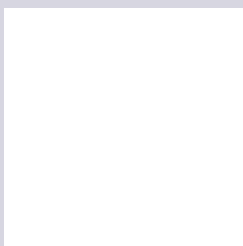
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593.



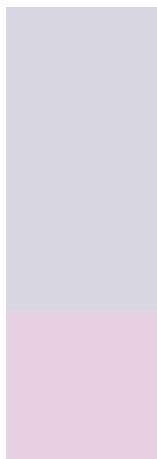
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593.

-0.4593.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593

Protanopia

82.5399, -1.8088, -0.3399

Deuteranopia

82.5111, 5.9211, -0.7556



Tritanopia

82.4018, -0.3751, -3.0965

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593

Protanomaly

82.5399, -1.8088, -0.3399

Deuteranomaly

82.5149, 2.8577, -0.8045

Tritanomaly

82.3340, -0.7435, -2.1348

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593

Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

Achromatomaly

82.6525, -3.3890, 2.7961

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 214, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 214, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 214, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 214, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 214, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 214, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 214, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 214, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.4478, -2.1262, -0.4593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 214, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
214, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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