

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.4561, -11.4546,  
4.2949)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.4561, -11.4546,  
4.2949) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.2870,  
-11.3523, 4.1834)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7DBD7
RGB	199, 219, 215
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 84%
CMY	0.2196, 0.1412, 0.1569
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.02, 0.14
HSL	168°, 22%, 82%
HSV	168°, 9%, 86%
XYZ	61.1505, 67.7115, 74.1367
YIQ	212.5640, -10.6360, -5.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

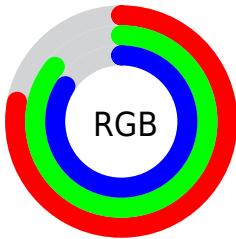
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	199, 210, 219
Decimal	13097943
CIELab	85.86, -7.42, -0.32
CIELCh	86, 7.427, 182.500
Yxy	67.7144, 0.3012, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291288023 (0xFFC7DBD7)
YUV	212.5640, 1.2009, -11.8956
Hunter-Lab	82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834

# Details

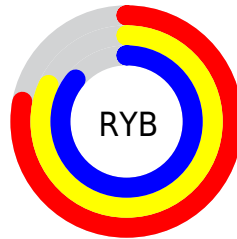
The HunterLab color  $82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $77.6019, 3.1722, 4.7035$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.3832, -4.3424, 4.4217$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $59.2526, -9.4070, 3.0678$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.4417, -18.2899, 4.0088$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.3547, -3.8157, 4.6208$ .

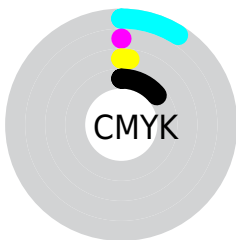
# Distribution



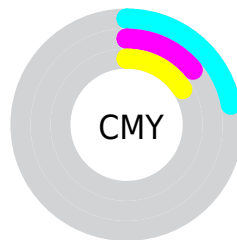
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 82.2870, -11.3523,  
4.1834

■ 82.2870, -11.3523,  
4.1834

212.7166,  
-20.9882, 11.1749

■ 70.4737, -10.3603,  
3.5563

107.6770,  
-13.3838, 5.5391

■ 59.2854, -9.3790,  
2.9629

121.1991,  
-14.4215, 6.2622

■ 48.7612, -8.4080,  
2.4066

135.2442,  
-15.4752, 7.0143

■ 38.9461, -7.4438,  
1.8901

149.7934,  
-16.5450, 7.7942

■ 29.8954, -6.4813,  
1.4168

164.8299,  
-17.6312, 8.6011

■ 21.6803, -5.5113,  
0.9908

180.3384,

■ 14.3963, -4.5174,

-18.7337, 9.4340

0.6182

196.3049,  
-19.8528, 10.2922

■ 8.0568, -4.4433,  
0.2719

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.2870, -11.3523,  
4.1834

■ 82.2870, -11.3523,  
4.1834

■ 80.4417, -18.2899,  
4.0088

■ 84.3547, -3.8157,  
4.6208

■ 78.8174, -24.5621,  
4.0984

■ 86.6340, 4.2592,  
5.3083

■ 77.4170, -30.1178,  
4.4531

■ 88.0542, 9.2889,  
4.9254

■ 76.2390, -34.9172,  
5.0671

■ 88.1942, 10.0331,  
2.9295

■ 75.2784, -38.9379,  
5.9280

■ 88.3375, 10.7936,  
0.8899

■ 74.5261, -42.1793,  
7.0167

■ 88.4841, 11.5704,  
-1.1934

■ 73.9687, -44.6667,  
8.3072

■ 88.6341, 12.3635,  
-3.3201

■ 73.5867, -46.4565,  
9.7664

■ 88.7873, 13.1728,  
-5.4903

■ 73.3450, -47.6787,  
11.3432

■ 88.9439, 13.9984,  
-7.7038

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2887, -10.5854, 7.5307



82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834



82.2887, -10.2853, 0.7753

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.2887, -11.3540, 4.1847



82.2887, -0.5539, -1.4098



82.2887, -1.0983, 10.2356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834



77.6019, 3.1722, 4.7035

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.2887, 1.6655, 8.0186



82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834



82.2887, 1.9837, 1.3062

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.2887, -11.3540, 4.1847



82.2887, -4.0858, -2.5421



82.2887, 2.8029, 4.7726



82.2887, -4.7040, 10.9316



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834



82.2887, -8.6636, -1.0488



82.2887, 2.8029, 4.7726



82.2887, -0.0378, 9.6485

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.2887, -11.3540, 4.1847



99.2369, -8.0995, 5.2522



82.1784, -12.6998, 11.4313



45.8190, -4.0842, 2.4097

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

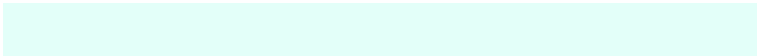


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.2887, -11.3540, 4.1847



97.3172, -15.1642, 4.9062



80.6322, -7.7946, 0.2671



38.4481, -5.4103, 1.9524



56.4766, -36.7013, 8.6368



14.4152, -9.0974, 1.6209



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.6019, 3.1722, 4.7035



90.5699, 5.7557, 5.6571



79.1764, -0.4140, 8.3184



36.1855, 1.6026, 2.2030



30.0824, 51.9145, 16.3569

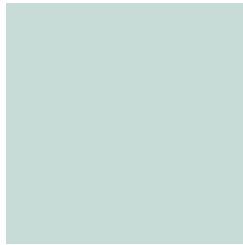


7.7373, 13.5105, 2.9828



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

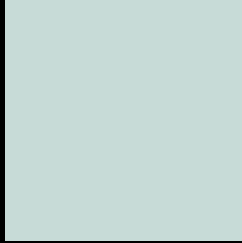
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

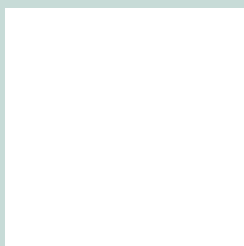
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.2870,

-11.3523, 4.1834.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834

### Protanopia

82.0987, -2.5853, 5.5610

### Deuteranopia

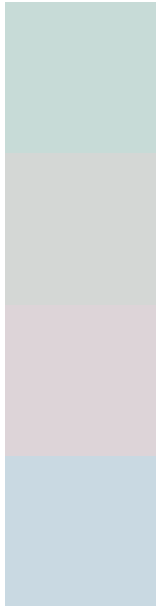
82.2277, 5.9128, 3.4383



## Tritanopia

82.1897, -5.6597, -5.0659

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834

## Protanomaly

82.0987, -5.6929, 5.0274

## Deuteranomaly

82.1078, -0.7351, 3.6699

## Tritanomaly

82.1792, -7.7810, -1.4088

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834

## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

## Achromatomaly

81.7715, -6.7763, 4.1409

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 219, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 219, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 219, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 219, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

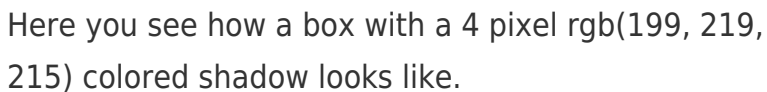
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 219, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 219, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 219, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 219, 215); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 219, 215); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 219, 215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.2870, -11.3523, 4.1834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 219, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
219, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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