

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.5455, 26.6388,
-16.6272)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.5455, 26.6388,
-16.6272) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.4378, 26.8550,
-16.7748)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFC4FF |
| RGB | 255, 196, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 77%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.2313, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 300°, 100%, 88% |
| HSV | 300°, 23%, 100% |
| XYZ | 79.0300, 67.9599, 103.5600 |
| YIQ | 220.3670, 16.2250, 30.8570 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

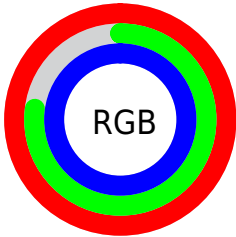
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 255, 196, 255 |
| Decimal | 16762111 |
| CIE Lab | 85.99, 30.57, -20.85 |
| CIE LCh | 86, 37.001, 325.710 |
| Yxy | 67.9625, 0.3154, 0.2712 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294952191 (0xFFFFC4FF) |
| YUV | 220.3670, 17.0741, 30.3731 |
| Hunter-Lab | 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 |

Details

The HunterLab color $82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $93.4036, -32.5660, 23.8319$, and the grayscale version is $84.6826, -4.5185, 4.6010$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.3633, -4.2744, 4.7000$, and $59.5223, 25.2519, -16.0982$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75.7756, 41.1439, -26.6121$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.6997, 12.7308, -7.0387$.

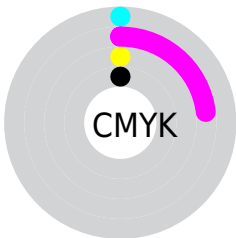
Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82.4378, 26.8550,
-16.7748

 82.4378, 26.8550,
-16.7748


212.9232, 30.1588,
-16.0488

 70.6167, 26.1312,
-16.5980


107.8418, 28.0432,
-16.9497

 59.4204, 25.3165,
-16.3617

121.3705, 28.5272,
-16.9582

 48.8878, 24.3978,
-16.0611


135.4219, 28.9439,
-16.9172

 39.0635, 23.3637,
-15.6951


149.9773, 29.2979,
-16.8291

 30.0029, 22.2014,
-15.2668

165.0198, 29.5931,
-16.6962

 21.7769, 20.8994,
-14.7919


180.5340, 29.8331,

 14.4806, 19.4587,


-16.5207

-14.3233


196.5061, 30.0207,
-16.3043


 8.1417, 18.5817,
-14.4048


0.0000, INF, -NF


 82.4378, 26.8550,
-16.7748

 82.4378, 26.8550,
-16.7748

 75.7756, 41.1439,
-26.6121

 89.6997, 12.7308,
-7.0387

 69.8087, 55.3313,
-36.3679

 97.4705, -1.0799,
2.4934

 64.6486, 68.9506,
-45.7227

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

 60.4040, 81.3309,
-54.2184

■ 57.1627, 91.6592,
-61.3006

■ 54.9620, 99.1790,
-66.4541

■ 53.7557, 103.4965,
-69.4120

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4394, 11.4841, -31.8845



82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



82.4394, 33.8536, 1.9344

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.4394, 26.8518, -16.7726



82.4394, -1.7446, 31.4513



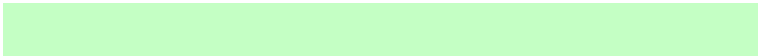
82.4394, -33.8718, -11.4580

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



93.4036, -32.5660, 23.8319

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.4394, -36.7480, 6.9613



82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



82.4394, -19.1716, 29.3813

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.4394, 26.8518, -16.7726



82.4394, 16.4523, 27.6985



82.4394, -31.5999, 21.2598



82.4394, -23.3716, -28.3748

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



82.4394, 32.4237, 13.0757



82.4394, -31.5999, 21.2598



82.4394, -35.7207, -5.1375

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.4394, 26.8518, -16.7726



94.4115, 4.2164, -1.1635



76.4454, 7.6227, -26.1377



43.4609, 2.3356, -0.8040

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.4394, 26.8518, -16.7726



79.1170, 33.7968, -21.5555



81.3672, 21.3508, -1.6570



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

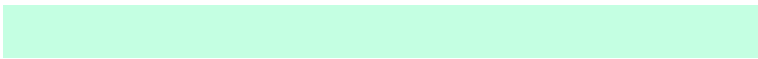
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.4394, 26.8518, -16.7726



79.1170, 33.7968, -21.5555



94.1914, -28.0374, 12.4835



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

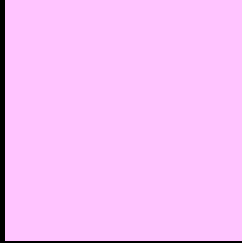
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748.

-16.7748.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748

Protanopia

82.7254, 0.9863, -16.8139

Deuteranopia

82.4784, 6.1413, -15.2729



Tritanopia

82.5214, 14.4333, 3.4454

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



Protanomaly

82.2757, 10.2785, -17.2989



Deuteranomaly

82.3064, 13.2310, -15.9933



Tritanomaly

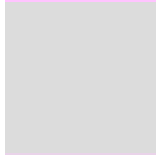
82.3247, 19.0336, -3.3866

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748



Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964



Achromatomaly

83.5436, 6.7938, -3.1124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 196, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 196, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 196, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 196, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 196, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 196, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 196, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 196, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.4378, 26.8550, -16.7748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 196, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
196, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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