

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.5486, -39.5609,
-17.7780)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.5486, -39.5609,
-17.7780) contains.

HunterLab(82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(82.6856,
-39.7301, -17.5839)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00EEFF
RGB	0, 238, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0667, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 50%
HSV	184°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	48.6246, 68.3691, 105.2415
YIQ	168.7760, -147.3050, -45.1690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

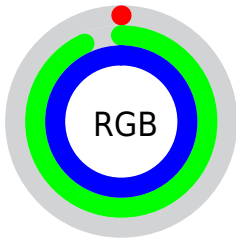
Format	Color
RYB	0, 123, 255
Decimal	61183
CIELab	86.19, -40.59, -21.55
CIELCh	86, 45.953, 207.970
Yxy	68.3715, 0.2188, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278251263 (0xFF00EEFF)
YUV	168.7760, 42.5084, -148.0166
Hunter-Lab	82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839

Details

The HunterLab color **82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.5439, 77.4819, 30.0338**, and the grayscale version is **62.7800, -3.3498, 3.4110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.9186, -38.5264, -6.3466**, and **60.9303, -28.3586, -14.9394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.6849, -39.7293, -17.5848**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4145, -39.9680, -16.5461**.

Distribution



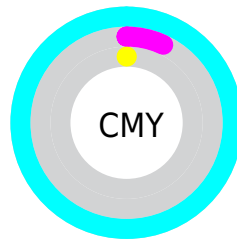
- Red (0%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

82.6856, -39.7301,
-17.5839

82.6856, -39.7301,
-17.5839

213.2630,
-62.0062, -17.0405

70.8520, -36.9817,
-17.3859

108.1126,
-44.9931, -17.8013

59.6426, -34.1299,
-17.1285

121.6522,
-47.5339, -17.8307

49.0959, -31.1482,
-16.8074

135.7141,
-50.0274, -17.8103

39.2567, -27.9985,
-16.4220

150.2796,
-52.4812, -17.7425

30.1799, -24.6252,
-15.9770

165.3319,
-54.9013, -17.6297

21.9359, -20.9410,
-15.4902

180.8556,

14.6195, -16.8786,

-57.2928, -17.4738

-15.0205

196.8369,
-59.6599, -17.2768

■ 8.2794, -14.4889,
-15.0623

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 82.6856, -39.7301,
-17.5839

■ 82.6856, -39.7301,
-17.5839

■ 82.6849, -39.7293,
-17.5848

■ 83.4145, -39.9680,
-16.5461

■ 84.3064, -39.5676,
-15.2781

■ 85.4070, -38.3620,
-13.7214

■ 86.7384, -36.2789,
-11.8564

■ 88.3149, -33.2846,
-9.6782

■ 90.1445, -29.3762,
-7.1932

■ 92.2308, -24.5764,
-4.4160

■ 94.5733, -18.9271,
-1.3673

■ 97.1681, -12.4842,
1.9282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.6870, -43.8788, 5.9666



82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



82.6870, -26.4376, -39.3134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.6870, -39.7304, -17.5818



82.6870, 36.1946, -20.8556



82.6870, -2.8555, 36.3067

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



46.5439, 77.4819, 30.0338

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.6870, 20.1816, 32.6571



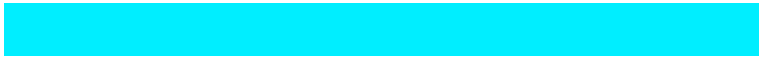
82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



82.6870, 44.1953, 3.0078

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.6870, -39.7304, -17.5818



82.6870, 17.1998, -41.5360



82.6870, 38.0433, 21.7912



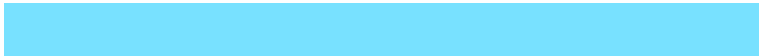
82.6870, -24.0175, 33.5440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



82.6870, -13.3697, -47.6539



82.6870, 38.0433, 21.7912



82.6870, 4.9349, 35.8160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.6870, -39.7304, -17.5818



92.2242, -24.5922, -4.4248



84.5938, -72.3660, 50.4857



42.2458, -12.3625, -2.6046

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.6870, -39.7304, -17.5818



82.6849, -39.7293, -17.5848



43.0000, 23.0732, -103.5483



45.0131, -5.6286, 0.9656



59.8433, -28.8098, -12.6068



18.8331, -9.1864, -3.7090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.3783, 101.4768, -57.5138



52.3765, 101.4816, -57.5137



64.3184, 29.7984, 40.1524



42.7531, 3.4130, -1.2755



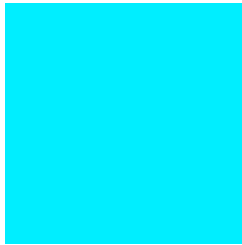
37.8725, 73.3978, -41.7287



11.8431, 22.9919, -13.3558

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

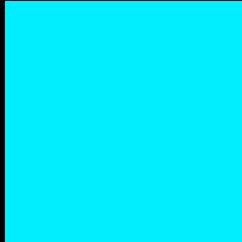
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

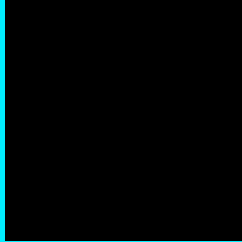
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839.



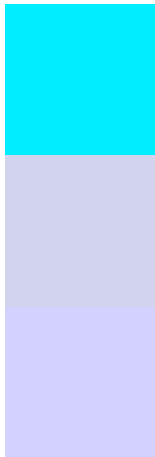
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839.

-39.7301, -17.5839.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839

Protanopia

81.8301, -0.2056, -8.1883

Deuteranopia

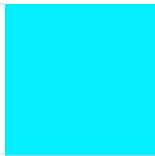
81.9525, 4.6075, -17.8663



Tritanopia

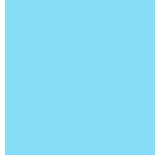
82.8603, -37.2476, -17.2898

Trichromacy



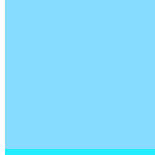
Original Color

82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



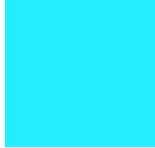
Protanomaly

79.5694, -22.5552, -15.1392



Deuteranomaly

79.6710, -19.6162, -21.6562



Tritanomaly

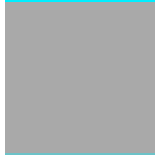
82.5612, -38.4089, -17.7397

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839



Achromatopsia

62.9885, -3.3609, 3.4223



Achromatomaly

67.7804, -24.0691, -6.4541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 238, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 238, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 238, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 238, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 238, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 238, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 238, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 238, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 238, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 238,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.6856, -39.7301, -17.5839 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 238, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 238,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor