

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.5746, 21.8354,
-6.3489)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.5746, 21.8354,
-6.3489) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.5962, 21.7536,
-6.2369)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC7ED
RGB	255, 199, 237
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2196, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	319°, 100%, 89%
HSV	319°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	76.9496, 68.2213, 89.2332
YIQ	220.0760, 21.1780, 23.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

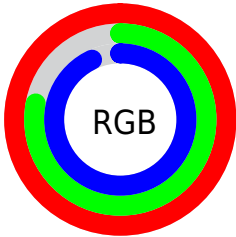
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 199, 237
Decimal	16762861
CIE _{Lab}	86.12, 25.84, -11.10
CIE _{LCh}	86, 28.127, 336.762
Yxy	68.2241, 0.3283, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952941 (0xFFFFC7ED)
YUV	220.0760, 8.3435, 30.6283
Hunter-Lab	82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369

Details

The HunterLab color $82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $94.1663, -28.6129, 16.1894$, and the grayscale version is $84.5916, -4.5136, 4.5960$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $59.6597, 20.5241, -6.3239$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75.4903, 34.3473, -10.9904$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90.2487, 9.2806, -1.0833$.

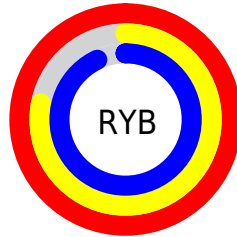
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

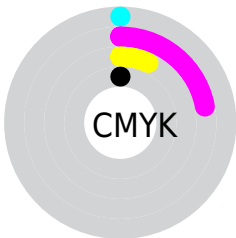
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (93%)

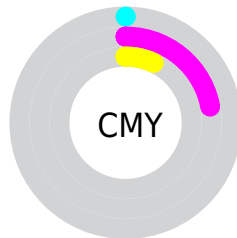


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)










Magenta (22%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369	 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369
213.1407, 23.5412, -2.6962	 70.7673, 21.2241, -6.4089
108.0151, 22.5715, -5.7376	 59.5626, 20.6099, -6.5266
121.5508, 22.8785, -5.4199	 49.0210, 19.8983, -6.5835
135.6090, 23.1232, -5.0598	 39.1871, 19.0773, -6.5737
150.1708, 23.3098, -4.6597	 30.1161, 18.1327, -6.4899
165.2195, 23.4419, -4.2216	 21.8786, 17.0482, -6.3243
180.7398, 23.5227,	 14.5695, 15.8106,


-3.7473


-6.0704


196.7178, 23.5549,
-3.2384

 8.2301, 14.9457,
-5.9394


0.0000, INF, -NF


 82.5962, 21.7536,
-6.2369


 82.5962, 21.7536,
-6.2369

 75.4903, 34.3473,
-10.9904


 90.2487, 9.2806,
-1.0833

 69.0226, 46.8672,
-15.1740

 98.3626, -2.9667,
4.3452

 63.3071, 58.9446,
-18.5486

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

 58.4640, 70.0086,
-20.8199

■ 54.6054, 79.2992,
-21.6808

■ 51.8050, 86.0153,
-20.9077

■ 50.0583, 89.6173,
-18.4915

■ 49.2731, 90.5075,
-15.6463

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.5979, 12.2889, -18.7084



82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



82.5979, 23.9939, 7.4488

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.5979, 21.7505, -6.2354



82.5979, -7.5510, 26.0601



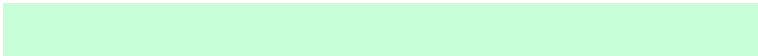
82.5979, -24.8500, -12.3072

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



94.1663, -28.6129, 16.1894

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.5979, -29.4315, 1.4301



82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



82.5979, -19.8824, 22.4603

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



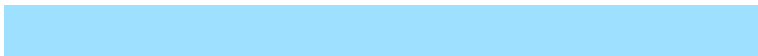
82.5979, 21.7505, -6.2354



82.5979, 6.4569, 24.6994



82.5979, -27.6751, 13.9565



82.5979, -14.7458, -22.6011

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



82.5979, 20.9691, 15.1951



82.5979, -27.6751, 13.9565



82.5979, -27.0554, -7.8585

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.5979, 21.7505, -6.2354



94.2185, 3.1769, 1.5797



79.2345, 12.3048, -21.7542



43.3635, 1.8121, 0.5794

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.5979, 21.7505, -6.2354



79.6548, 26.8348, -8.2135



81.6863, 17.0203, 6.7217



42.6558, 2.8927, 0.1050



35.6574, 65.5672, -11.8649



11.2158, 20.7795, -4.9387

Inverse Universe

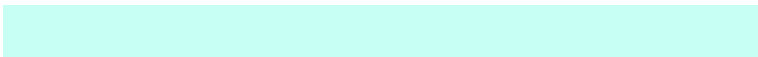
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.5979, 21.7505, -6.2354



79.6548, 26.8348, -8.2135



94.9944, -23.8908, 4.3321



42.6558, 2.8927, 0.1050



35.6574, 65.5672, -11.8649



11.2158, 20.7795, -4.9387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

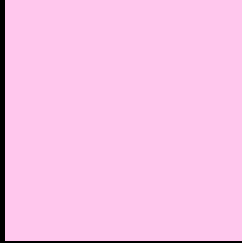
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

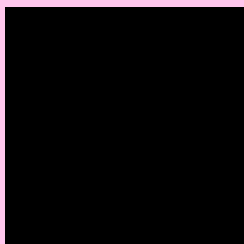
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369.

-6.2369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369

Protanopia

82.7709, 0.5318, -12.0203

Deuteranopia

82.8163, 6.0272, -5.1330



Tritanopia

82.4612, 15.7049, 3.3958

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



Protanomaly

82.6080, 7.4320, -9.8263



Deuteranomaly

82.6897, 11.7353, -5.7418



Tritanomaly

82.5180, 17.7990, -0.0237

Monochromacy



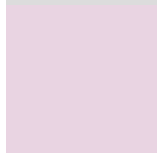
Original Color

82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369



Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964



Achromatomaly

83.6072, 5.0049, 0.5816

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 199, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 199, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 199, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 199, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 199, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 199, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 199, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 199, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 199, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 199,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.5962, 21.7536, -6.2369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 199, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
199, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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