

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.5875, -5.4942,  
33.8796)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.5875, -5.4942,  
33.8796) contains.

<b>HunterLab(82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(82.7191, -5.5799,  
33.9099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0D689
RGB	240, 214, 137
RGB Percent	94%, 84%, 54%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1608, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.43, 0.06
HSL	45°, 77%, 74%
HSV	45°, 43%, 94%
XYZ	64.4970, 68.4245, 33.4748
YIQ	212.9960, 40.2130, -18.4350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

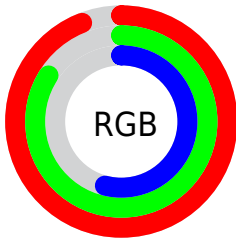
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 240, 137
Decimal	15783561
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.22, -1.22, 41.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 41.273, 91.697
Yxy	68.4277, 0.3876, 0.4112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293973641 (0xFFFF0D689)
YUV	212.9960, -37.4660, 23.6825
Hunter-Lab	82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099

# Details

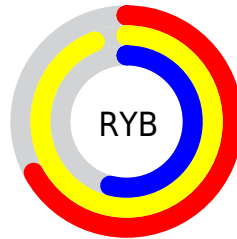
The HunterLab color  $82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $61.4839, 6.0387, -41.5045$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.7152, -4.3601, 4.4397$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.2556, -14.9780, 30.5394$ , and  $59.5090, -4.0482, 27.8266$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.5013, -4.5999, 38.0172$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85.0400, -6.1332, 28.7848$ .

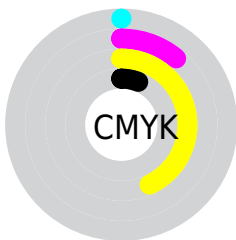
# Distribution



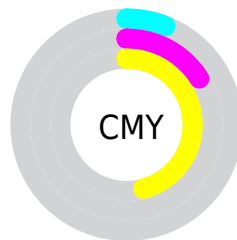
- Red (94%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82.7191, -5.5799,  
33.9099

82.7191, -5.5799,  
33.9099

213.3096,  
-12.9923, 56.9009

70.8842, -4.8919,  
31.0356

108.1498, -7.0505,  
39.3892

59.6730, -4.2310,  
28.0429

121.6909, -7.8251,  
42.0221

49.1245, -3.6016,  
24.9053

135.7542, -8.6256,  
44.5992

39.2832, -3.0052,  
21.5870

150.3211, -9.4513,  
47.1290

30.2041, -2.4435,  
18.0420

165.3747,  
-10.3015, 49.6186

21.9578, -1.9183,  
14.6245

180.8997,

14.6386, -1.4318,

-11.1755, 52.0740

10.2470

196.8822,  
-12.0726, 54.5000

■ 8.2980, -1.0850,  
5.8086

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.7191, -5.5799,  
33.9099

■ 82.7191, -5.5799,  
33.9099

■ 80.5013, -4.5999,  
38.0172

■ 85.0400, -6.1332,  
28.7848

■ 78.3818, -3.1855,  
41.0932

■ 87.4563, -6.2559,  
22.6632

■ 76.3627, -1.3489,  
43.1475

■ 89.9675, -5.9603,  
15.5795

■ 74.4422, 0.8898,  
44.2155

■ 92.5709, -5.2593,  
7.5735

■ 72.6162, 3.4949,  
44.3739

■ 95.1954, -4.5404,  
-0.3445

■ 71.3711, 5.5074,  
44.0750

■ 97.1250, -7.7266,  
1.9593

■ 98.6231, -10.1590,  
3.7172

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.7210, 15.1245, 31.1927



82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099



82.7210, -24.1377, 30.4865

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.7210, -5.5829, 33.9108



82.7210, -35.3717, -17.7354



82.7210, 33.2494, -15.3342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099



61.4839, 6.0387, -41.5045

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.7210, 17.3412, -34.2022



82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099



82.7210, -22.2998, -35.8093

# Square

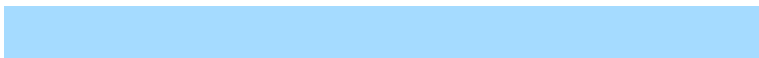
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.7210, -5.5829, 33.9108



82.7210, -40.2647, 3.3840



82.7210, -3.2471, -42.4624



82.7210, 38.8109, 5.6060



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099



82.7210, -33.1490, 24.5451



82.7210, -3.2471, -42.4624



82.7210, 28.8629, -22.2906

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



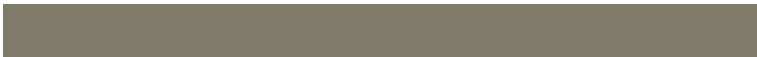
82.7210, -5.5829, 33.9108



96.3451, -6.3919, 16.7923



62.5415, 37.8933, 5.6947



44.2942, -3.0066, 8.5852

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.7210, -5.5829, 33.9108



86.6471, -5.1455, 40.0367



88.7244, -26.5401, 38.3909



42.1238, -2.6726, 5.9937



53.0167, 3.6976, 32.7334



15.7970, 0.1793, 9.7372



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.4839, 6.0387, -41.5045



59.9598, 10.2441, -56.4246



56.3595, 26.0912, -51.5392



39.8459, -1.5420, -1.8436



23.2900, 32.8193, -99.9578



7.7772, 6.4826, -23.7148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.7191, -5.5799,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099

### Protanopia

82.8305, -8.3169, 33.6829

### Deuteranopia

82.5348, 5.0919, 29.9144



## Tritanopia

82.7604, 13.8647, 2.7313

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099

## Protanomaly

82.7287, -7.0889, 33.6205

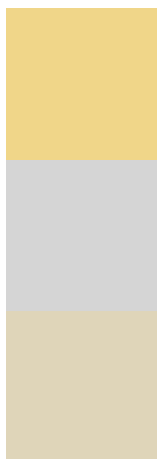
## Deuteranomaly

82.7602, 1.0994, 31.5336

## Tritanomaly

82.7178, 5.9894, 16.1573

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099

## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

## Achromatomaly

81.7186, -5.4329, 16.9580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 214, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 214, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 214, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 214, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 214, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 214, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 214, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 214, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 214, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 214,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.7191, -5.5799, 33.9099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 214, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
214, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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