

Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.6338, 1.7774,
-16.6464)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(82.6338, 1.7774,
-16.6464) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(82.5944, 2.1091,
-16.9825)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D5FF
RGB	208, 213, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	234°, 100%, 91%
HSV	234°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	67.8566, 68.2183, 104.1987
YIQ	216.2930, -16.4620, 12.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

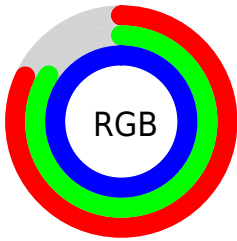
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 213, 255
Decimal	13686271
CIE Lab	86.12, 6.72, -21.03
CIE LCh	86, 22.075, 287.729
Yxy	68.2211, 0.2824, 0.2839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291876351 (0xFFD0D5FF)
YUV	216.2930, 19.0826, -7.2730
Hunter-Lab	82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825

Details

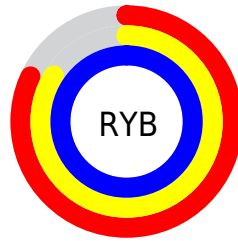
The HunterLab color $82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $97.0486, -10.1657, 23.1648$, and the grayscale version is $82.9199, -4.4244, 4.5052$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $59.4165, 2.8412, -16.6504$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $73.5853, 6.8766, -30.7651$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.9232, -2.1129, -4.4159$.

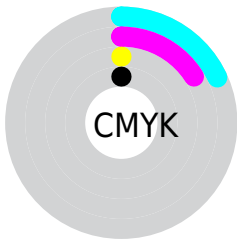
Distribution



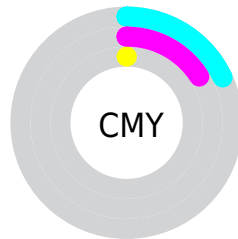
- Red (82%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

82.5944, 2.1091,
-16.9825

82.5944, 2.1091,
-16.9825

213.1382, -2.5059,
-16.3000

70.7655, 2.4221,
-16.8005

108.0131, 1.3420,
-17.1673

59.5609, 2.6863,
-16.5593

121.5487, 0.8974,
-17.1808

49.0194, 2.8949,
-16.2539

135.6068, 0.4147,
-17.1447

39.1857, 3.0413,
-15.8833

150.1686, -0.1039,
-17.0615

30.1148, 3.1169,
-15.4512

165.2172, -0.6567,
-16.9334

21.8775, 3.1094,
-14.9733

180.7375, -1.2422,

14.5684, 3.0002,

-16.7626

-14.5038

196.7154, -1.8590,
-16.5509

8.2291, 3.1201,
-14.5429

0.0000, NaN, -NF

82.5944, 2.1091,
-16.9825

82.5944, 2.1091,
-16.9825

73.5853, 6.8766,
-30.7651

91.9232, -2.1129,
-4.4159

64.9496, 12.3559,
-46.1258

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

56.7701, 18.7494,
-63.4975

49.1621, 26.2922,
-83.3441

■ 42.2909, 35.1811,
-105.9605

■ 36.3882, 45.3688,
-130.9350

■ 31.7503, 56.1297,
-156.1218

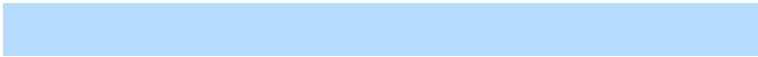
■ 28.6549, 65.6111,
-176.9476

■ 28.3024, 66.8019,
-179.5818

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.5960, -8.8449, -17.6014



82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825



82.5960, 11.7760, -10.1644

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.5960, 2.1074, -16.9802



82.5960, 10.2539, 18.0028



82.5960, -24.0205, 8.6459

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825



97.0486, -10.1657, 23.1648

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.5960, -19.4411, 16.8808



82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825



82.5960, 0.1173, 21.7911

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.5960, 2.1074, -16.9802



82.5960, 16.6454, 10.3733



82.5960, -10.7344, 21.4091



82.5960, -23.5498, -1.8478

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825



82.5960, 16.0189, -3.4720



82.5960, -10.7344, 21.4091



82.5960, -23.0310, 11.7415

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.5960, 2.1074, -16.9802



94.2327, -3.0703, -1.5140



95.8134, -20.5848, 2.9584



43.3085, -1.3025, -1.0588

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.5960, 2.1074, -16.9802



79.3406, 3.7394, -21.7442



82.7676, 10.3837, -16.5888



42.0580, -0.7781, -2.6444



20.7015, 47.3075, -127.9983



7.1737, 12.1287, -35.1488

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.3667, 12.7488, 7.9678



81.5245, 16.3888, 8.5762



96.9928, -18.7091, 22.9600



42.4482, 1.7777, 3.0632



33.4075, 57.3663, 20.3856



10.4714, 18.0745, 5.6657

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

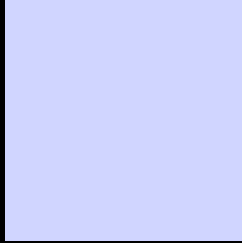
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

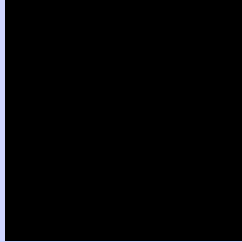
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825.



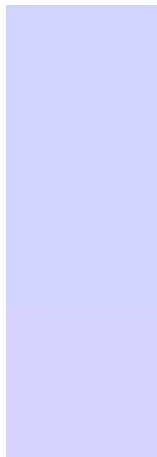
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825.

-16.9825.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825

Protanopia

82.5069, 1.8114, -17.1137

Deuteranopia

82.4088, 6.1407, -17.1792



Tritanopia

82.7065, -5.3877, -4.9337

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825

Protanomaly

82.5069, 1.8114, -17.1137

Deuteranomaly

82.4346, 4.6828, -17.1675

Tritanomaly

82.7657, -3.0168, -9.2303

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825

Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

Achromatomaly

82.7407, -2.3599, -2.7019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 213, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 213, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 213, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 213, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 213, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 213, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 213, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 213, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 213, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 213,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.5944, 2.1091, -16.9825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 213, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
213, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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