

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(82.8799, -0.3637,  
7.7375)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(82.8799, -0.3637, 7.7375)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(82.7785, -0.4266,  
7.7950)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3D5D1
RGB	227, 213, 209
RGB Percent	89%, 84%, 82%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1647, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.08, 0.11
HSL	13°, 24%, 85%
HSV	13°, 8%, 89%
XYZ	66.9814, 68.5228, 70.0175
YIQ	216.7300, 9.6280, 1.7240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

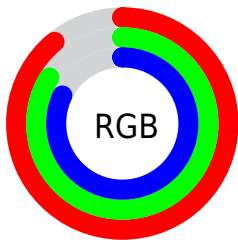
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	227, 214, 209
Decimal	14931409
CIE Lab	86.27, 4.14, 3.70
CIE LCh	86, 5.548, 41.767
Yxy	68.5258, 0.3259, 0.3334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293121489 (0xFFE3D5D1)
YUV	216.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068
Hunter-Lab	82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950

# Details

The HunterLab color  $82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $84.7794, -8.2514, 1.2722$ , and the grayscale version is  $83.1967, -4.4392, 4.5202$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $59.6581, 0.7882, 5.9559$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $76.8625, 5.2218, 11.4902$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.9380, -5.7542, 3.9563$ .

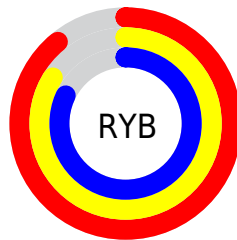
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (84%)

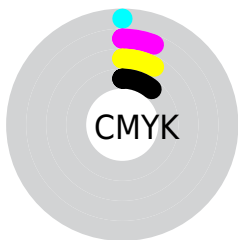
Blue (82%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (82%)

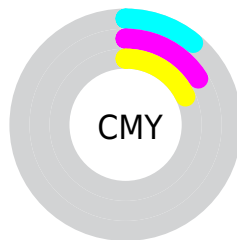


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82.7785, -0.4266,  
7.7950

82.7785, -0.4266,  
7.7950

213.3909, -5.9470,  
16.1717

70.9406, 0.0072,  
6.9797

108.2146, -1.4210,  
9.5006

59.7262, 0.3991,  
6.1871

121.7583, -1.9723,  
10.3875

49.1743, 0.7429,  
5.4185

135.8242, -2.5578,  
11.2972

39.3294, 1.0336,  
4.6736

150.3935, -3.1759,  
12.2291

30.2465, 1.2644,  
3.9515

165.4494, -3.8250,  
13.1829

21.9959, 1.4262,  
3.2499

180.9767, -4.5040,

14.6719, 1.5049,

14.1582

2.5636

196.9614, -5.2117,  
15.1546

■ 8.3306, 1.7196,  
2.2924

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.7785, -0.4266,  
7.7950

■ 82.7785, -0.4266,  
7.7950

■ 76.8625, 5.2218,  
11.4902

■ 88.9380, -5.7542,  
3.9563

■ 71.2181, 11.2277,  
14.9983

■ 95.3079, -10.7888,  
-0.0013

■ 65.8874, 17.6072,  
18.2663

■ 97.5044, -14.1293,  
2.3058

■ 60.9180, 24.3543,  
21.2212

■ 56.3658, 31.4195,  
23.7683

■ 52.2935, 38.6853,  
25.7928

■ 48.7672, 45.9391,  
27.1717

■ 45.8488, 52.8584,  
27.8046

■ 43.5818, 59.0178,  
27.7045

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.7803, 0.8345, 5.5282



82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950



82.7803, -2.7556, 9.1556

# Triad

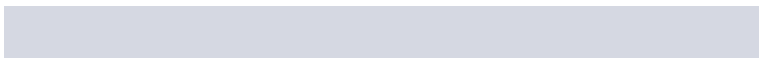
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.7803, -0.4288, 7.7963



82.7803, -9.3982, 6.0688



82.7803, -3.3371, -0.5864

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



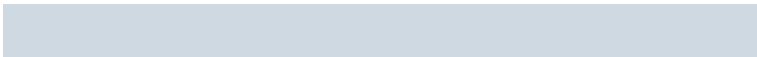
82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950



84.7794, -8.2514, 1.2722

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.7803, -6.0741, -0.4301



82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950



82.7803, -9.5493, 3.4705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.7803, -0.4288, 7.7963



82.7803, -7.9243, 8.1809



82.7803, -8.3397, 1.0747



82.7803, -0.8593, 0.6544



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



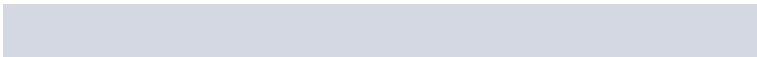
82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950



82.7803, -4.5849, 9.3913



82.7803, -8.3397, 1.0747



82.7803, -4.2578, -0.6966

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.7803, -0.4288, 7.7963



98.5757, -4.1265, 6.3210



82.0158, 4.0605, 0.0893



45.6382, -1.9370, 2.9041

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

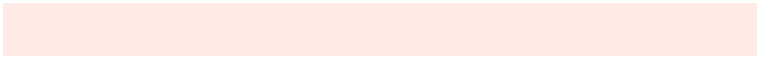


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.7803, -0.4288, 7.7963



92.9842, 0.8548, 9.8105



85.5129, -5.0267, 10.7803



38.5814, 0.1956, 3.9462



33.1996, 45.2600, 21.2498



9.7526, 10.1839, 6.1878

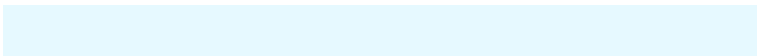


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.7794, -8.2514, 1.2722



95.8720, -10.4493, 0.3848



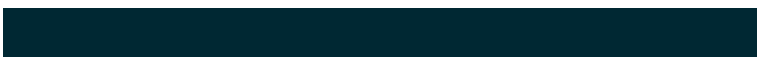
82.0037, -3.6898, -2.0786



39.7037, -4.1970, 0.2833



46.5188, -15.0674, -25.6182

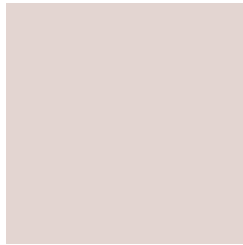


13.1661, -4.8090, -6.0753



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

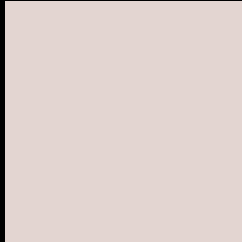
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

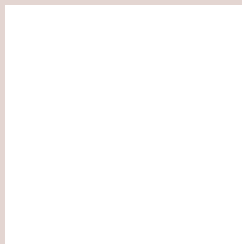
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950.

7.7950.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950

### Protanopia

82.8409, -3.2934, 7.3498

### Deuteranopia

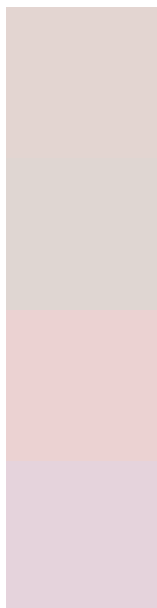
82.8280, 5.9702, 7.4972



## Tritanopia

82.7419, 5.2315, -0.9982

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950

## Protanomaly

82.7250, -2.1180, 7.2378

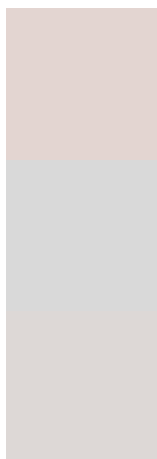
## Deuteranomaly

82.7094, 4.0428, 7.3278

## Tritanomaly

82.7127, 3.1362, 2.4862

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950

## Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

## Achromatomaly

83.2700, -3.1449, 5.9579

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 213, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 213, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 213, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 213, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 213, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 213, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 213, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 213, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 213, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 213,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 82.7785, -0.4266, 7.7950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 213, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
213, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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