

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.0969, -57.3876,
-84.5026)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.0969, -57.3876,
-84.5026) contains.

HunterLab(88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.0174,
-46.1904, -10.3021)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FDFF
RGB	0, 253, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0078, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 50%
HSV	180°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	53.1754, 77.4706, 106.7584
YIQ	177.5810, -151.4300, -53.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

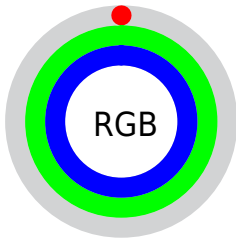
Format	Color
RYB	0, 127, 255
Decimal	65023
CIELab	90.54, -47.22, -15.00
CIELCh	91, 49.544, 197.627
Yxy	77.4734, 0.2240, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255103 (0xFF00FDFF)
YUV	177.5810, 38.1676, -155.7385
Hunter-Lab	88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021

Details

The HunterLab color **88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.1576, 78.7957, 29.8186**, and the grayscale version is **66.4509, -3.5457, 3.6104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.9972, -38.2240, -6.2396**, and **65.9978, -34.5383, -7.9332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.0184, -46.1917, -10.3007**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.2118, -45.7978, -10.0350**.

Distribution



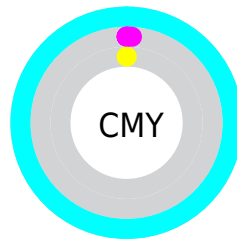
- Red (0%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.0174, -46.1904,
-10.3021


 88.0174, -46.1904,
-10.3021


220.5395,
-70.9214, -7.7555


 75.9220, -43.1162,
-10.3513


 113.9331,
-52.0662, -10.0393

 64.4364, -39.9236,
-10.3449


 127.7022,
-54.8962, -9.8365

 53.5966, -36.5845,
-10.2761


 141.9852,
-57.6689, -9.5890

 43.4438, -33.0595,
-10.1400

 156.7643,
-60.3928, -9.2992

 34.0280, -29.2923,
-9.9315

172.0233,
-63.0747, -8.9692

 25.4120, -25.1981,
-9.6466

187.7475,

 17.6786, -20.6412,

-65.7203, -8.6008

-9.2874

203.9237,
-68.3345, -8.1958

■ 10.9431, -19.1505,
-8.8808

■ 2.4429, -4.2750,
-25.5152

■ 88.0174, -46.1904,
-10.3021

■ 88.0174, -46.1904,
-10.3021

■ 88.0184, -46.1917,
-10.3007

■ 88.2118, -45.7978,
-10.0350

■ 88.5614, -44.7883,
-9.5509

■ 89.1135, -42.9904,
-8.7868

■ 89.8932, -40.3205,
-7.7137

■ 90.9185, -36.7319,
-6.3153

■ 92.2019, -32.2088,
-4.5865

■ 93.7510, -26.7627,
-2.5314

■ 95.5691, -20.4274,
-0.1619

■ 97.6559, -13.2548,
2.5037

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0190, -47.1112, 14.0846



88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



88.0190, -34.9643, -36.3939

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0190, -46.1908, -10.3000



88.0190, 33.9275, -32.1699



88.0190, 5.8966, 38.9084

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



46.1576, 78.7957, 29.8186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0190, 30.2989, 32.4395



88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



88.0190, 47.6590, -5.6411

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0190, -46.1908, -10.3000



88.0190, 10.4184, -51.2570



88.0190, 46.2611, 17.6079



88.0190, -18.8644, 38.3115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



88.0190, -22.3532, -49.2117



88.0190, 46.2611, 17.6079



88.0190, 14.4618, 37.5853

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0190, -46.1908, -10.3000



93.7457, -26.7813, -2.5384



84.5699, -72.5164, 50.8404



43.0539, -13.5033, -1.5932

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0190, -46.1908, -10.3000



88.0184, -46.1917, -10.3007



47.4755, 13.5846, -88.6594



45.2279, -5.9694, 1.2187



63.6336, -33.4005, -7.4343



19.8751, -10.4449, -2.2946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2483, 104.4994, -68.8350



53.2466, 104.5053, -68.8386



60.4805, 38.4804, 37.9392



42.7759, 3.5353, -1.5999



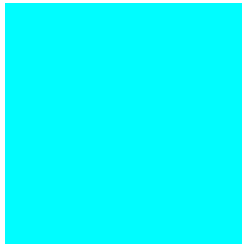
38.4912, 75.5475, -49.7795



12.0138, 23.5846, -15.5742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

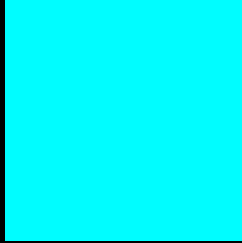
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

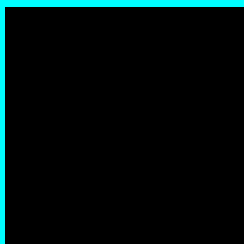
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021.



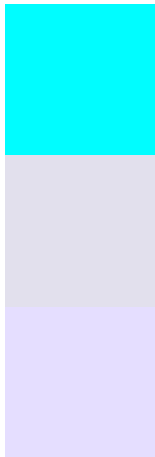
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0174,

-46.1904, -10.3021.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021

Protanopia

86.9451, -1.6557, -1.0902

Deuteranopia

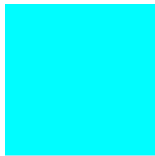
87.2471, 3.7980, -10.4643



Tritanopia

87.7611, -27.4481, -10.3180

Trichromacy



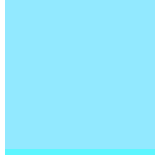
Original Color

88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



Protanomaly

84.7807, -27.2215, -8.0897



Deuteranomaly

84.6220, -23.5444, -14.5550



Tritanomaly

86.8972, -37.8144, -11.6673

Monochromacy



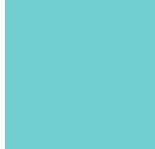
Original Color

88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021



Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252



Achromatomaly

71.8537, -26.9172, -4.3778

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 253, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 253, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 253, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 253, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 253, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 253, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 253, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 253, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 253, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 253,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0174, -46.1904, -10.3021 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 253, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 253,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor