

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.1150, -51.0347,
23.3467)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.1150, -51.0347,
23.3467) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.0349,
-50.8585, 23.1204)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61F2AA
RGB	97, 242, 170
RGB Percent	38%, 95%, 67%
CMY	0.6196, 0.0510, 0.3333
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.30, 0.05
HSL	150°, 85%, 66%
HSV	150°, 60%, 95%
XYZ	43.9376, 68.9479, 49.0227
YIQ	190.4370, -63.3080, -53.1320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

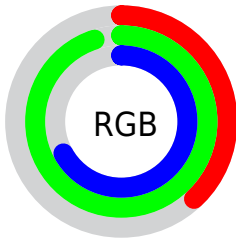
Format	Color
R _Y B	97, 193, 242
Decimal	6419114
CIE Lab	86.48, -55.11, 23.40
CIE LCh	86, 59.872, 156.995
Yxy	68.9507, 0.2714, 0.4258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284609194 (0xFF61F2AA)
YUV	190.4370, -10.0754, -81.9442
Hunter-Lab	83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204

Details

The HunterLab color **83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.0388, 59.5366, -5.4812**, and the grayscale version is **72.0042, -3.8420, 3.9121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8596, -36.8074, 9.5186**, and **60.0121, -43.6819, 19.5873** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.0876, -55.2456, 26.2556**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.2405, -45.4736, 19.9570**.

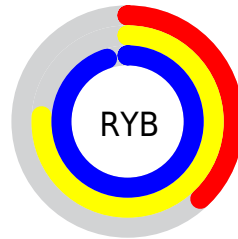
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (95%)

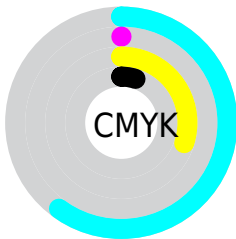
Blue (67%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (95%)

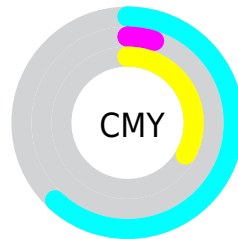


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (62%)


Magenta (5%)


Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83.0349, -50.8585,
23.1204


 83.0349, -50.8585,
23.1204


213.7422,
-78.9870, 38.8123


 71.1840, -47.2867,
21.2824


 108.4948,
-57.6322, 26.7038


 59.9561, -43.5533,
19.3985


 122.0497,
-60.8716, 28.4622

 49.3898, -39.6201,
17.4547


 136.1264,
-64.0325, 30.2056

 39.5295, -35.4328,
15.4303

 150.7061,
-67.1260, 31.9379

 30.4298, -30.9125,
13.2953

165.7721,
-70.1612, 33.6624

 22.1607, -25.9396,
11.0039

181.3092,

 14.8160, -21.2451,

-73.1457, 35.3816

8.9683

197.3034,
-76.0858, 37.0976

■ 8.4696, -14.8218,
5.9287

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0349, -50.8585,
23.1204

■ 83.0349, -50.8585,
23.1204

■ 82.0876, -55.2456,
26.2556

■ 84.2405, -45.4736,
19.9570

■ 81.3783, -58.6509,
29.3147


■ 85.7088, -39.1038,
16.8073


■ 80.8862, -61.1363,
32.2521


■ 87.4458, -31.7940,
13.7128


■ 80.5677, -62.8637,
35.0110


■ 89.4516, -23.6096,
10.7100

 80.5654, -62.8766,
35.0328

 91.7230, -14.6304,
7.8300

 94.2537, -4.9447,
5.0977

 95.8803, 1.4418,
1.0607

 95.9098, 1.6011,
0.6421

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.0366, -36.1710, 37.3271



83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



83.0366, -53.9877, -2.3939

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.0366, -50.8594, 23.1211



83.0366, 2.6568, -69.7999



83.0366, 46.4501, 31.0794

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



55.0388, 59.5366, -5.4812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.0366, 60.4165, 10.8860



83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



83.0366, 32.9239, -51.8461

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.0366, -50.8594, 23.1211



83.0366, -25.6581, -62.9121



83.0366, 55.1467, -19.7221



83.0366, 19.1599, 40.6613

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



83.0366, -49.5625, -24.2150



83.0366, 55.1467, -19.7221



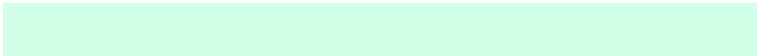
83.0366, 53.0221, 25.6457

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.0366, -50.8594, 23.1211



95.3561, -23.3377, 10.7845



85.3585, -44.0203, 43.9709



43.8081, -12.0332, 5.4107

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.0366, -50.8594, 23.1211



86.9189, -59.5433, 28.6134



85.1231, -38.4321, -6.7335



42.1772, -6.5280, 3.5389



59.0722, -45.9389, 25.3338



17.0970, -12.8856, 6.4466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0388, 59.5366, -5.4812



53.3352, 74.3060, -4.1284



53.1894, 51.3990, 21.0676



39.8619, 2.3371, 1.0066



33.0140, 58.8342, 3.5294



9.6270, 17.3503, -0.4751

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

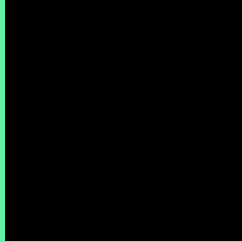
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204.



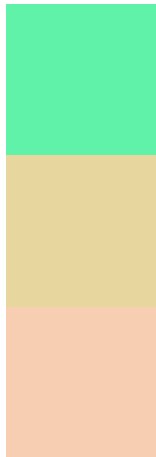
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.0349,

-50.8585, 23.1204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204

Protanopia

82.1892, -6.6306, 27.1934

Deuteranopia

82.0448, 6.1463, 20.2254



Tritanopia

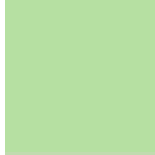
82.9616, -28.3935, -14.0128

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



Protanomaly

81.1573, -26.6239, 24.5704



Deuteranomaly

80.6819, -19.3751, 19.5725



Tritanomaly

82.9390, -37.5641, 1.5477

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204



Achromatopsia

71.7578, -3.8288, 3.8987



Achromatomaly

74.8918, -23.6675, 10.2667

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 242, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 242, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 242, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 242, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 242, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 242, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 242, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 242, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 242, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 242,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.0349, -50.8585, 23.1204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 242, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 242,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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