

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.1799, -0.5992,
13.4098)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.1799, -0.5992,
13.4098) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.3355, -0.7655,
13.7557)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9D6C5
RGB	233, 214, 197
RGB Percent	91%, 84%, 77%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1608, 0.2274
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.15, 0.09
HSL	28°, 45%, 84%
HSV	28°, 15%, 91%
XYZ	67.7289, 69.4481, 62.6586
YIQ	217.7430, 16.7810, -1.2590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

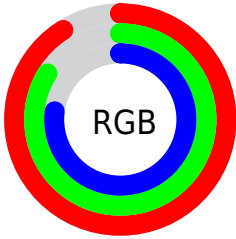
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 229, 197
Decimal	15324869
CIE Lab	86.73, 3.81, 10.76
CIE LCh	87, 11.414, 70.490
Yxy	69.4511, 0.3389, 0.3475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293514949 (0xFFE9D6C5)
YUV	217.7430, -10.2263, 13.3804
Hunter-Lab	83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557

Details

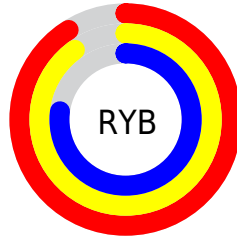
The HunterLab color $83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81.7704, -7.1235, -5.6356$, and the grayscale version is $83.6599, -4.4639, 4.5454$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.9679, -5.5118, 5.8916$, and $60.1054, 0.2059, 11.4062$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.0404, 2.3022, 18.8207$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87.7857, -3.4796, 8.1594$.

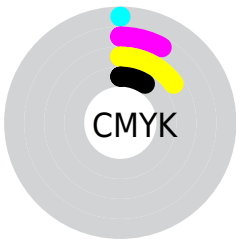
Distribution



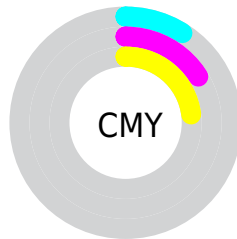
- Red (91%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.3355, -0.7655,
13.7557

83.3355, -0.7655,
13.7557

214.1543, -6.4135,
24.6558

71.4697, -0.3147,
12.5923

108.8236, -1.7922,
16.1041

60.2260, 0.0954,
11.4295

122.3916, -2.3586,
17.2905

49.6428, 0.4586,
10.2639

136.4810, -2.9586,
18.4875

39.7644, 0.7701,
9.0888

151.0729, -3.5906,
19.6959

30.6452, 1.0235,
7.8936

166.1508, -4.2533,
20.9164

22.3546, 1.2102,
6.6613

181.6993, -4.9454,

14.9855, 1.3169,

22.1496

5.3614

197.7047, -5.6658,
23.3960

8.6297, 1.4639,
5.6376

0.0000, NaN, NaN

83.3355, -0.7655,
13.7557

83.3355, -0.7655,
13.7557

79.0404, 2.3022,
18.8207

87.7857, -3.4796,
8.1594

74.9090, 5.7572,
23.2871

92.3727, -5.8606,
2.0850

70.9588, 9.6197,
27.0870

96.6792, -10.1898,
1.3753

67.2068, 13.9051,
30.1486

98.0121, -12.3216,
2.9483

■ 63.6715, 18.6164,
32.4020

■ 60.3717, 23.7375,
33.7889

■ 57.3260, 29.2243,
34.2781

■ 54.5504, 34.9927,
33.8952

■ 53.3741, 37.6479,
33.5480

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3374, 4.0286, 11.0114



83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557



83.3374, -6.4325, 14.1294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3374, -0.7679, 13.7569



83.3374, -14.9323, 2.6202



83.3374, 2.7681, -3.7682

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557



81.7704, -7.1235, -5.6356

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3374, -2.4510, -6.3530



83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557



83.3374, -12.6048, -2.5041

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3374, -0.7679, 13.7569



83.3374, -14.5091, 7.9358



83.3374, -8.0715, -5.8755



83.3374, 6.1077, 0.9872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557



83.3374, -9.9268, 13.0108



83.3374, -8.0715, -5.8755



83.3374, 1.1696, -4.9337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3374, -0.7679, 13.7569



97.4619, -3.9742, 8.7629



78.8831, 11.2840, -0.1272



44.9267, -1.7468, 4.2658

0.0000, NaN, NaN



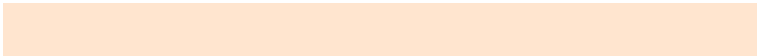
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3374, -0.7679, 13.7569



90.5664, 0.3408, 17.3557



88.8573, -9.8929, 19.3332



40.2833, -1.1390, 4.9052



40.5077, 27.6304, 25.4443



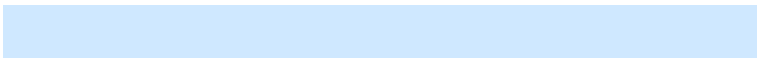
12.1646, 5.8763, 7.5987

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7704, -7.1235, -5.6356



88.4300, -8.3159, -9.0875



76.3114, 2.0639, -12.8372



39.8304, -2.9778, -0.6986



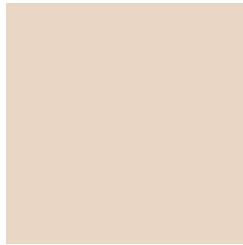
34.0864, 5.7337, -54.9825



10.5111, -0.1101, -12.9002

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

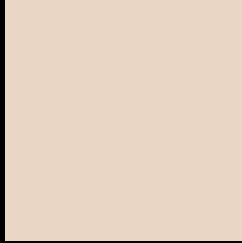
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

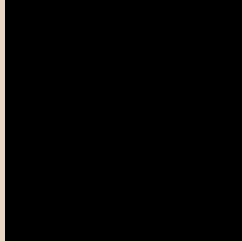
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3355, -0.7655,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557

Protanopia

83.1844, -4.3763, 13.1016

Deuteranopia

83.1208, 6.2573, 13.2194



Tritanopia

83.4198, 7.4355, 0.3941

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557

Protanomaly

83.1698, -2.8488, 13.1126

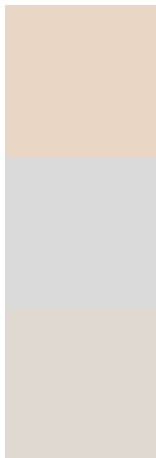
Deuteranomaly

83.2866, 3.7646, 13.3538

Tritanomaly

83.2633, 4.6815, 5.6089

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557

Achromatopsia

83.7318, -4.4677, 4.5493

Achromatomaly

83.6462, -3.6657, 8.2595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 214, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 214, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 214, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 214, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 214, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 214, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 214, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 214, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 214, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 214,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.3355, -0.7655, 13.7557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 214, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
214, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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