

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EDD3D1
RGB	237, 211, 209
RGB Percent	93%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1725, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.12, 0.07
HSL	4°, 44%, 87%
HSV	4°, 12%, 93%
XYZ	69.7279, 69.1964, 70.0027
YIQ	218.5460, 16.1380, 4.8900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

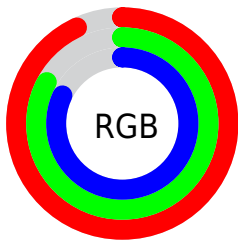
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	237, 211, 209
Decimal	15586257
CIE Lab	86.60, 8.70, 4.28
CIE LCh	87, 9.696, 26.220
Yxy	69.1995, 0.3337, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293776337 (0xFFEDD3D1)
YUV	218.5460, -4.7062, 16.1842
Hunter-Lab	83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344

# Details

The HunterLab color  $83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $88.9296, -12.5362, 1.1610$ , and the grayscale version is  $83.9847, -4.4812, 4.5630$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $59.9727, 4.7589, 6.3809$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $76.1027, 12.0360, 11.2160$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.6388, -3.5661, 5.5071$ .

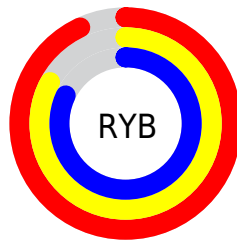
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (83%)

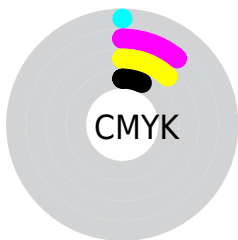
Blue (82%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (82%)

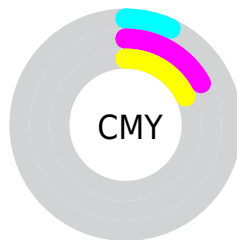


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (17%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344

 83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344


213.9473, 0.1024,  
16.9224

 71.3262, 4.2754,  
7.4903


108.6584, 3.4502,  
10.0935

 60.0904, 4.4465,  
6.6672


122.2199, 3.0840,  
11.0054

 49.5157, 4.5570,  
5.8661


136.3028, 2.6771,  
11.9391

 39.6463, 4.5992,  
5.0862

150.8886, 2.2317,  
12.8942

 30.5370, 4.5634,  
4.3258

165.9605, 1.7499,  
13.8704

 22.2571, 4.4355,  
3.5817

181.5033, 1.2335,

 14.9003, 4.1950,

14.8674

2.8469

197.5031, 0.6838,  
15.8848

■ 8.5497, 4.0122,  
2.5424

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344

■ 83.1844, 4.0518,  
8.3344

■ 76.1027, 12.0360,  
11.2160

■ 90.6388, -3.5661,  
5.5071

■ 69.4522, 20.4060,  
14.1309

■ 98.3589, -11.0926,  
3.3852

■ 63.3135, 29.1240,  
17.0418

■ 57.7823, 38.0670,  
19.8750

■ 52.9683, 46.9716,  
22.5083

■ 48.9870, 55.3885,  
24.7660

■ 45.9393, 62.6937,  
26.4429

■ 43.8791, 68.2220,  
27.3755

■ 42.9005, 71.0731,  
27.6793

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.1862, 5.0236, 3.9438



83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344



83.1862, 0.7814, 11.5384

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.1862, 4.0494, 8.3357



83.1862, -12.0189, 9.2897



83.1862, -5.0542, -4.7738

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344



88.9296, -12.5362, 1.1610

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.1862, -9.5417, -3.1510



83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344



83.1862, -13.5044, 5.1081

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.1862, 4.0494, 8.3357



83.1862, -8.5047, 12.0667



83.1862, -12.6079, 0.5314



83.1862, -0.3020, -3.7897



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344



83.1862, -2.2204, 12.6558



83.1862, -12.6079, 0.5314



83.1862, -6.6427, -4.5128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.1862, 4.0494, 8.3357



96.6780, -2.0860, 6.6559



83.4339, 9.6139, -4.3454



44.4416, -0.6792, 3.1862

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

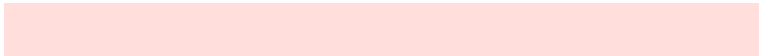


# Same Dimension

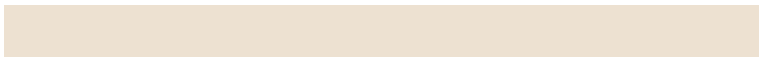
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.1862, 4.0494, 8.3357



88.6319, 6.3094, 9.7550



87.3997, -3.1978, 12.8779



39.0219, 1.0224, 3.5227



31.8067, 52.1522, 20.5121



9.2471, 13.5232, 5.9348



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.9296, -12.5362, 1.1610



96.0349, -15.0827, 0.5033



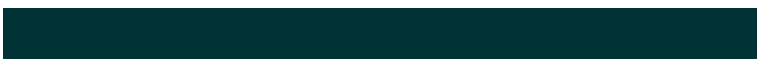
84.5304, -5.4477, -4.2056



41.1418, -5.0961, 0.8753



56.0149, -26.7571, -12.2528



15.8720, -7.7142, -3.1859



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

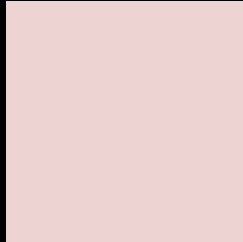
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

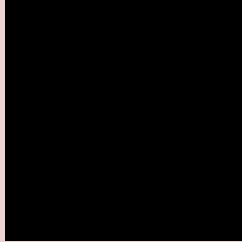
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

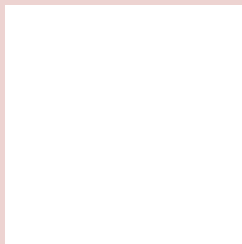
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344.



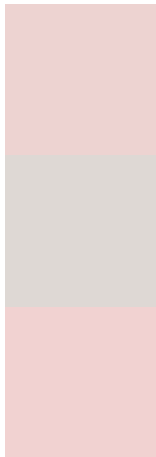
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.1844, 4.0518,

8.3344.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344

### Protanopia

83.3035, -3.1507, 6.9440

### Deuteranopia

83.3051, 5.9871, 8.5049



## Tritanopia

83.2994, 8.4865, 0.7749

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344

## Protanomaly

83.1428, -0.6199, 7.2737

## Deuteranomaly

83.1997, 5.6335, 8.3793

## Tritanomaly

83.2975, 6.5752, 3.7403

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344

## Achromatopsia

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

## Achromatomaly

83.7776, -1.3315, 6.1015

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 211, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 211, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 211, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 211, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 211, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 211, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 211, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 211, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 211, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 211,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.1844, 4.0518, 8.3344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 211, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
211, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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