

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.2901, -0.4112,
9.7491)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.2901, -0.4112, 9.7491)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.2901, -0.4111,
9.7491)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6D6CE
RGB	230, 214, 206
RGB Percent	90%, 84%, 81%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1608, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.10
HSL	20°, 32%, 85%
HSV	20°, 10%, 90%
XYZ	67.8203, 69.3724, 68.2082
YIQ	217.8720, 12.1040, 0.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

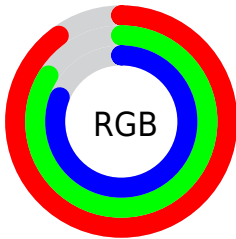
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 218, 206
Decimal	15128270
CIE Lab	86.69, 4.17, 5.92
CIE LCh	87, 7.245, 54.822
Yxy	69.3755, 0.3302, 0.3377
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293318350 (0xFFE6D6CE)
YUV	217.8720, -5.8529, 10.6363
Hunter-Lab	83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491

Details

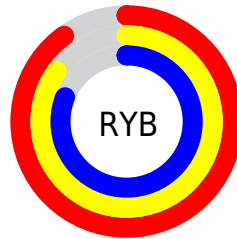
The HunterLab color $83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84.3068, -8.0986, -0.8414$, and the grayscale version is $83.6988, -4.4660, 4.5475$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.0516, 0.4945, 7.6831$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.0642, 4.0808, 14.1481$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88.7156, -4.5728, 5.0439$.

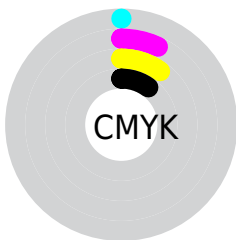
Distribution



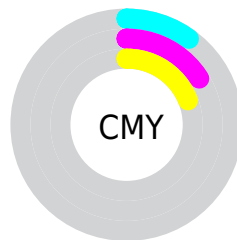
- Red (90%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.2901, -0.4111,
9.7491

83.2901, -0.4111,
9.7491

214.0921, -5.9314,
18.9129

71.4266, 0.0227,
8.8260

108.7739, -1.4057,
11.6544

60.1852, 0.4148,
7.9190

122.3400, -1.9570,
12.6346

49.6046, 0.7588,
7.0281

136.4274, -2.5425,
13.6338

39.7289, 1.0499,
6.1511

151.0175, -3.1605,
14.6520

30.6126, 1.2813,
5.2844

166.0936, -3.8096,
15.6892

22.3253, 1.4439,
4.4214

181.6404, -4.4886,

14.9599, 1.5239,

16.7452

3.5496

197.6441, -5.1962,
17.8198

■ 8.6057, 1.6537,
3.3206

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.2901, -0.4111,
9.7491

■ 83.2901, -0.4111,
9.7491

■ 78.0642, 4.0808,
14.1481

■ 88.7156, -4.5728,
5.0439

■ 73.0558, 8.9399,
18.1817

■ 94.3152, -8.4294,
0.0735

■ 68.2942, 14.1878,
21.7840

■ 97.7564, -13.2308,
2.6251

■ 63.8111, 19.8355,
24.8754

■ 59.6422, 25.8705,
27.3649

■ 55.8272, 32.2434,
29.1567

■ 52.4076, 38.8509,
30.1647

■ 49.4234, 45.5189,
30.3407

■ 47.0000, 51.6892,
29.8661

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2919, 1.9429, 7.2573



83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491



83.2919, -3.8215, 10.8431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.2919, -0.4134, 9.7504



83.2919, -11.2470, 5.1273



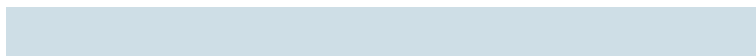
83.2919, -1.5158, -1.6822

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491



84.3068, -8.0986, -0.8414

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.2919, -5.0740, -2.3113



83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491



83.2919, -10.6532, 1.7151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.2919, -0.4134, 9.7504



83.2919, -10.0445, 8.2476



83.2919, -8.4086, -1.0437



83.2919, 1.2989, 0.6408

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491



83.2919, -6.2163, 10.6656



83.2919, -8.4086, -1.0437



83.2919, -2.6663, -2.1028

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.2919, -0.4134, 9.7504



98.1361, -3.9671, 7.0667



81.3883, 6.4665, -0.0798



45.1732, -1.6636, 3.4692

0.0000, NaN, NaN



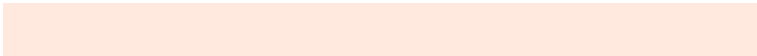
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

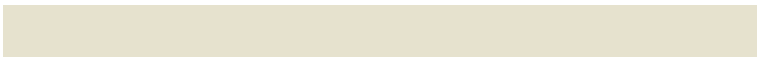
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.2919, -0.4134, 9.7504



92.0600, 0.8306, 12.3017



86.9902, -6.6035, 13.6880



38.9222, -0.3880, 4.3196



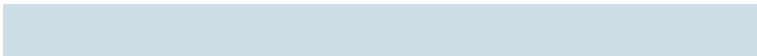
35.6469, 38.0995, 22.6325



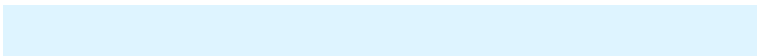
10.5118, 8.1935, 6.6208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.3068, -8.0986, -0.8414



93.4846, -9.9632, -2.5719



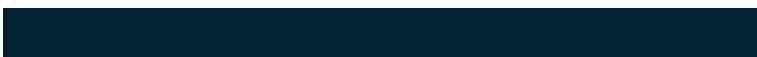
80.5787, -1.9317, -5.4666



39.3497, -3.6249, -0.1418



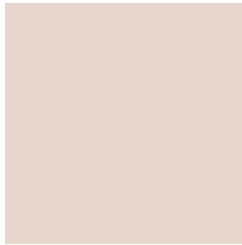
40.5225, -6.2526, -37.1520



11.7583, -2.8258, -8.5968

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

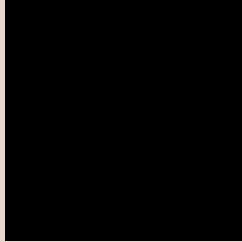
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491.



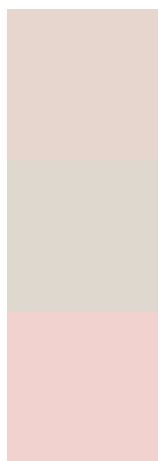
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491.

9.7491.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491

Protanopia

83.2494, -3.6365, 9.1922

Deuteranopia

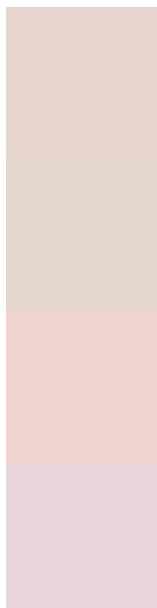
83.3519, 6.0260, 9.4762



Tritanopia

83.3416, 5.7129, -0.2456

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491

Protanomaly

83.2314, -2.1218, 9.1985

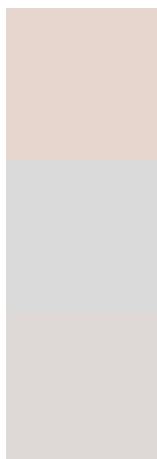
Deuteranomaly

83.2290, 4.0840, 9.3044

Tritanomaly

83.2810, 3.4531, 3.6660

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491

Achromatopsia

83.7318, -4.4677, 4.5493

Achromatomaly

83.6722, -3.3343, 6.4202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 214, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 214, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 214, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 214, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 214, 206) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 214, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 214, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 214, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 214, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 214,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.2901, -0.4111, 9.7491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 214, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
214, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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