

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.2911, -15.0178,  
0.9614)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.2911, -15.0178,  
0.9614) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(83.3738,  
-15.0991, 0.9603)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDE0E0
RGB	189, 224, 224
RGB Percent	74%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.2588, 0.1216, 0.1216
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	180°, 36%, 81%
HSV	180°, 16%, 88%
XYZ	61.0964, 69.5119, 80.7180
YIQ	213.5350, -20.8600, -7.4200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

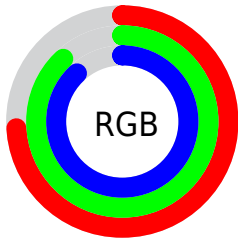
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	189, 207, 224
Decimal	12443872
CIELab	86.76, -11.40, -3.84
CIELCh	87, 12.034, 198.612
Yxy	69.5148, 0.2891, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290633952 (0xFFBDE0E0)
YUV	213.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172
Hunter-Lab	83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603

# Details

The HunterLab color  $83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $74.7787, 7.8863, 8.0418$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.7884, -4.3640, 4.4437$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.1629, -8.2600, 4.3927$ , and  $60.3253, -12.8323, 0.0556$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.7727, -20.9402, -1.1102$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85.2081, -8.5664, 3.2828$ .

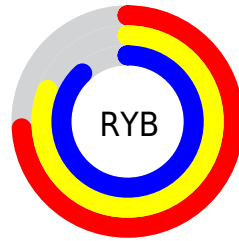
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (88%)

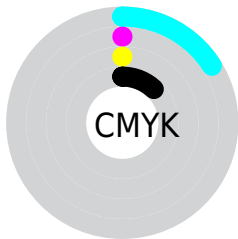
Blue (88%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (88%)

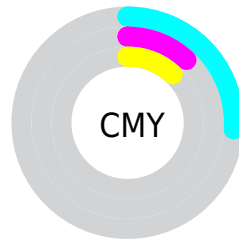


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 83.3738, -15.0991,  
0.9603

■ 83.3738, -15.0991,  
0.9603

214.2066,  
-26.2013, 6.8101

■ 71.5060, -13.9069,  
0.4861

■ 108.8653,  
-17.5014, 2.0301

■ 60.2602, -12.7139,  
0.0535

122.4350,  
-18.7127, 2.6187

■ 49.6749, -11.5169,  
-0.3325

136.5260,  
-19.9332, 3.2410

■ 39.7942, -10.3094,  
-0.6676

151.1195,  
-21.1639, 3.8955

■ 30.6725, -9.0812,  
-0.9459

166.1988,  
-22.4055, 4.5808

■ 22.3792, -7.8163,  
-1.1595

181.7488,

■ 15.0071, -6.4858,

-23.6587, 5.2957

-1.2969

197.7556,  
-24.9238, 6.0391

■ 8.6498, -6.2071,  
-1.4035

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3738, -15.0991,  
0.9603

■ 83.3738, -15.0991,  
0.9603

■ 81.7727, -20.9402,  
-1.1102

■ 85.2081, -8.5664,  
3.2828

■ 80.4008, -26.0366,  
-2.9163

■ 87.2668, -1.3961,  
5.8336

■ 79.2581, -30.3543,  
-4.4447

■ 89.4181, 5.9173,  
8.4391

■ 78.3393, -33.8756,  
-5.6901

■ 89.4182, 5.9176,  
8.4382

■ 77.6356, -36.6039,  
-6.6541

■ 89.4182, 5.9179,  
8.4374

■ 77.1337, -38.5672,  
-7.3472

■ 89.4183, 5.9182,  
8.4365

■ 76.8148, -39.8216,  
-7.7895

■ 89.4184, 5.9186,  
8.4357

■ 76.6538, -40.4575,  
-8.0131

■ 89.4184, 5.9189,  
8.4348

■ 76.6125, -40.6208,  
-8.0703

■ 89.4185, 5.9192,  
8.4339

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3755, -15.4571, 6.6750



83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603



83.3755, -11.9397, -4.1164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3755, -15.1005, 0.9616



83.3755, 4.3741, -3.0433



83.3755, -2.1645, 14.5899

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603



74.7787, 7.8863, 8.0418

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3755, 3.3072, 12.3545



83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603



83.3755, 7.1528, 2.3436

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3755, -15.1005, 0.9616



83.3755, -0.7415, -6.5389



83.3755, 6.7568, 7.9634



83.3755, -8.1010, 14.2775



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603



83.3755, -8.6162, -6.3332



83.3755, 6.7568, 7.9634



83.3755, -0.2069, 14.1182

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3755, -15.1005, 0.9616



98.8238, -9.4518, 3.9693



82.3904, -20.7478, 15.7589



45.6464, -4.6337, 1.7437

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3755, -15.1005, 0.9616



95.8856, -19.9596, 0.2372



78.0185, -6.6339, -5.6363



39.4618, -5.2039, 1.1061



58.4492, -30.9904, -6.1571



15.3883, -8.1589, -1.6213



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.7787, 7.8863, 8.0418



83.7563, 12.5237, 10.2438



79.7661, -0.8935, 13.3495



37.0143, 1.3282, 3.1177



30.3716, 52.0123, 19.6245

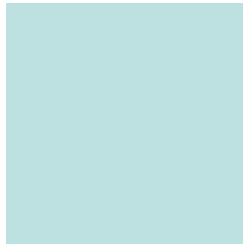


7.9962, 13.6938, 5.1660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

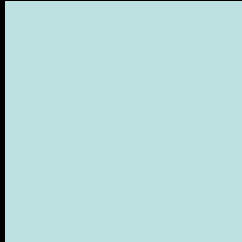
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

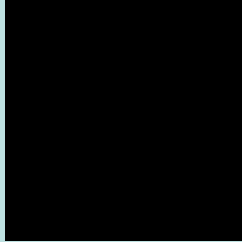
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603.



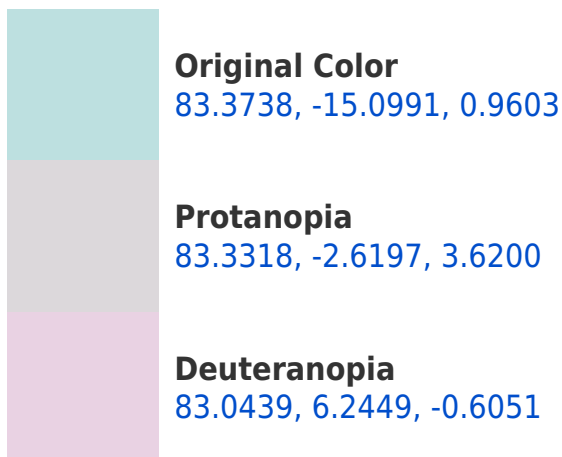
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603.

-15.0991, 0.9603.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

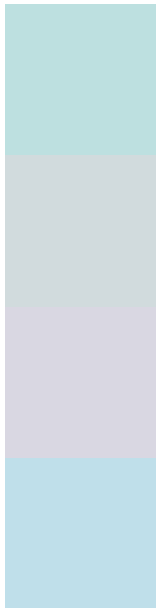




## Tritanopia

83.4752, -10.4250, -6.7472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603

## Protanomaly

83.3299, -7.2833, 2.5481

## Deuteranomaly

82.9720, -1.8298, -0.3200

## Tritanomaly

83.5417, -12.1767, -3.9799

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603

## Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554

## Achromatomaly

82.5735, -8.5254, 3.1057

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 224, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 224, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 224, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 224, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 224, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 224, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 224, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 224,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.3738, -15.0991, 0.9603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 224, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
224, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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