

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.3247, -4.4460,
4.5272)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.3247, -4.4460, 4.5272)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.2990, -4.4446,
4.5258)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9D9D9
RGB	217, 217, 217
RGB Percent	85%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1490, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	120°, 0%, 85%
HSV	120°, 0%, 85%
XYZ	65.9526, 69.3872, 75.5627
YIQ	217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 217, 217
Decimal	14277081
CIE Lab	86.70, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	87, 0.008, 289.257
Yxy	69.3902, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292467161 (0xFFD9D9D9)
YUV	217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Details

The HunterLab color $83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83.3001, -4.4429, 4.5246$, and the grayscale version is $83.3006, -4.4447, 4.5259$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.7642, -14.7129, 11.4357$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86.1024, 6.5305, -2.8540$.

Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (85%)

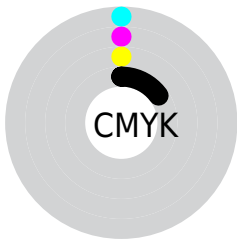
Blue (85%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (85%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.2990, -4.4446,
4.5258

■ 83.2990, -4.4446,
4.5258

214.1042,
-11.4319, 11.6445

■ 71.4350, -3.8129,
3.8816

108.7836, -5.8074,
5.9136

■ 60.1931, -3.2126,
3.2701

122.3501, -6.5319,
6.6517

■ 49.6120, -2.6476,
2.6945

136.4379, -7.2842,
7.4182

■ 39.7358, -2.1203,
2.1573

151.0283, -8.0634,
8.2122

■ 30.6190, -1.6335,
1.6615

166.1047, -8.8685,
9.0325

■ 22.3310, -1.1910,
1.2109

181.6519, -9.6988,

■ 14.9649, -0.7978,

9.8785

0.8105

197.6559,
-10.5535, 10.7494

■ 8.6104, -0.4585,
0.4649

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.2990, -4.4446,
4.5258

■ 83.2990, -4.4446,
4.5258

■ 80.7642, -14.7129,
11.4357

■ 86.1024, 6.5305,
-2.8540

■ 78.5041, -24.1488,
17.7908

■ 88.3790, 15.2030,
-8.7438

■ 76.5290, -32.6363,
23.5128

■ 74.8445, -40.0681,
28.5289

■ 73.4515, -46.3576,
32.7798

■ 72.3456, -51.4488,
36.2271

■ 71.5164, -55.3264,
38.8595

■ 70.9461, -58.0244,
40.6985

■ 70.6085, -59.6352,
41.8047

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3008, -4.4507, 4.5268



83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258



83.3008, -4.4431, 4.5293

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3008, -4.4466, 4.5271



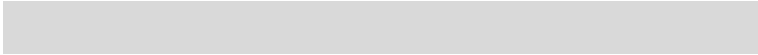
83.3008, -4.4440, 4.5400



83.3008, -4.4570, 4.5357

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258



83.3001, -4.4429, 4.5246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3008, -4.4552, 4.5392



83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258



83.3008, -4.4477, 4.5417

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3008, -4.4466, 4.5271



83.3008, -4.4417, 4.5368



83.3008, -4.4518, 4.5414



83.3008, -4.4567, 4.5318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258



83.3008, -4.4417, 4.5316



83.3008, -4.4518, 4.5414



83.3008, -4.4566, 4.5370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3008, -4.4466, 4.5271

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



83.3011, -4.4454, 4.5276



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3008, -4.4466, 4.5271

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



83.3008, -4.4462, 4.5263



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



54.8109, -46.9899, 32.9288



13.9521, -11.9530, 8.3643

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.3001, -4.4429, 4.5246

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



83.3000, -4.4432, 4.5254



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



34.5458, 67.8568, -45.0877



8.7947, 17.2777, -11.4993

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

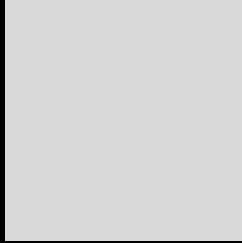
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

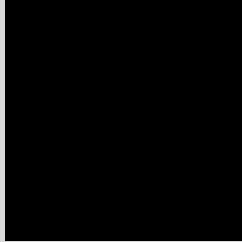
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

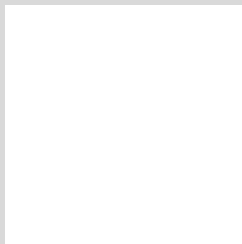
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258.



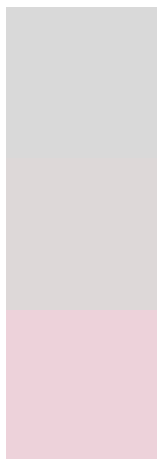
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2990, -4.4446,

4.5258.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Protanopia

83.3317, -2.8078, 5.0767

Deuteranopia

83.1623, 6.0592, 4.0610



Tritanopia

83.3589, -0.0970, -2.9368

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Protanomaly

83.2378, -3.1330, 4.9610

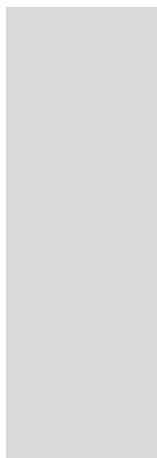
Deuteranomaly

83.3507, 2.0795, 4.2144

Tritanomaly

83.4046, -1.8508, -0.3002

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatomaly

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 217, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 217, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 217, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 217, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 217, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 217, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 217, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 217, 217); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 217, 217); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 217, 217) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 217, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
217, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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