

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.3355, -6.3641,
5.1740)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.3355, -6.3641, 5.1740)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.3048, -6.0821,
4.9878)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6DAD8
RGB	214, 218, 216
RGB Percent	84%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1451, 0.1529
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.15
HSL	150°, 5%, 85%
HSV	150°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	65.1977, 69.3969, 74.9245
YIQ	216.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

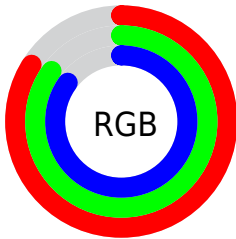
Format	Color
RYB	214, 217, 218
Decimal	14080728
CIELab	86.70, -1.71, 0.50
CIELCh	87, 1.785, 163.722
Yxy	69.3999, 0.3112, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292270808 (0xFFD6DAD8)
YUV	216.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592
Hunter-Lab	83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878

Details

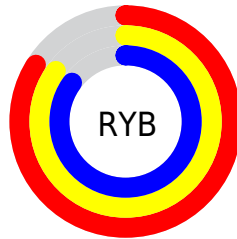
The HunterLab color $83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $82.4368, -2.7466, 4.0221$, and the grayscale version is $83.1189, -4.4350, 4.5160$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.1153, -4.7557, 3.7042$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.1113, -14.5420, 7.4640$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85.7238, 2.9302, 2.6548$.

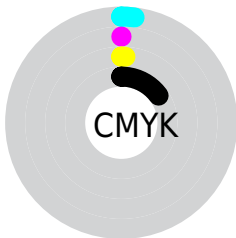
Distribution



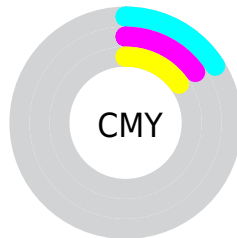
- Red (84%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.3048, -6.0821,
4.9878

■ 83.3048, -6.0821,
4.9878

214.1121,
-13.6790, 12.2781

■ 71.4405, -5.3680,
4.3204

108.7899, -7.5983,
6.4188

■ 60.1983, -4.6806,
3.6843

122.3567, -8.3948,
7.1772

■ 49.6169, -4.0231,
3.0827

136.4447, -9.2165,
7.9632

■ 39.7404, -3.3966,
2.5177

151.0354,
-10.0626, 8.7760

■ 30.6231, -2.8022,
1.9916

166.1120,
-10.9325, 9.6146

■ 22.3347, -2.2412,
1.5077

181.6594,

■ 14.9681, -1.7142,

-11.8255, 10.4783

1.0697

197.6637,
-12.7412, 11.3663

■ 8.6135, -1.3267,
0.7096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3048, -6.0821,
4.9878

■ 83.3048, -6.0821,
4.9878

■ 81.1113, -14.5420,
7.4640

■ 85.7238, 2.9302,
2.6548

■ 79.1452, -22.3643,
10.0618

■ 88.0727, 11.4955,
0.1104

■ 77.4131, -29.4745,
12.7593

■ 88.4467, 13.4716,
-5.1938

■ 75.9176, -35.8044,
15.5283

■ 88.6710, 14.6529,
-8.3644

■ 74.6579, -41.2994,
18.3359

■ 73.6296, -45.9248,
21.1455

■ 72.8238, -49.6708,
23.9184

■ 72.2263, -52.5590,
26.6143

■ 71.8163, -54.6487,
29.1930

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3066, -5.6277, 5.7012



83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878



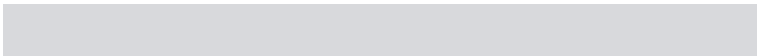
83.3066, -6.1036, 4.1480

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3066, -6.0840, 4.9891



83.3066, -4.0436, 2.9394



83.3066, -3.2105, 5.6507

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878



82.4368, -2.7466, 4.0221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3066, -2.7824, 4.9194



83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878



83.3066, -3.2647, 3.3508

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3066, -6.0840, 4.9891



83.3066, -4.9281, 2.9585



83.3066, -2.8023, 4.0775



83.3066, -3.9698, 6.0805

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878



83.3066, -5.8665, 3.6268



83.3066, -2.8023, 4.0775



83.3066, -3.0229, 5.4323

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3066, -6.0840, 4.9891



99.7184, -6.3987, 5.7209



83.4328, -5.7662, 6.1000



46.1407, -2.9361, 2.6401

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3066, -6.0840, 4.9891



99.4395, -7.4550, 6.0104



83.3671, -5.7517, 4.1265



39.1474, -2.8803, 2.3506



55.4282, -43.1367, 23.8394



14.1696, -10.5988, 5.1690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.4368, -2.7466, 4.0221



98.2986, -3.0769, 4.7419



82.3764, -3.0766, 4.8842



38.7274, -1.2685, 1.8835



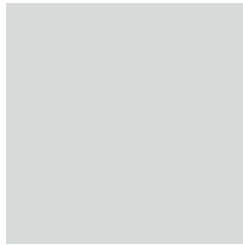
31.0069, 55.3075, 2.9263



8.0016, 14.4746, -0.8104

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

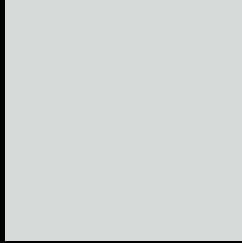
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

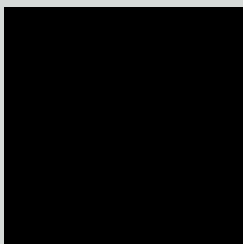
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

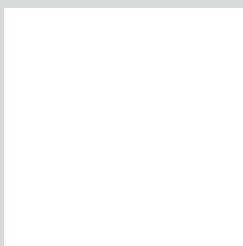
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878.



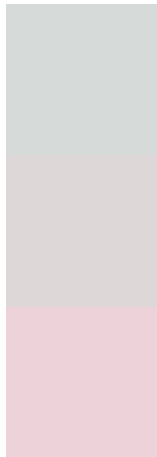
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3048, -6.0821,

4.9878.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878

Protanopia

83.3008, -2.9768, 5.5185

Deuteranopia

83.1623, 6.0592, 4.0610



Tritanopia

83.1738, -0.7321, -3.1829

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878

Protanomaly

83.3291, -4.4639, 5.5255

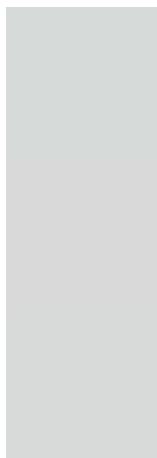
Deuteranomaly

83.2204, 1.5731, 4.5386

Tritanomaly

83.1875, -2.6661, -0.0687

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878

Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatomaly

83.2072, -4.7640, 4.4121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 218, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 218, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 218, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 218, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 218, 216) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 218, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 218, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 218, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 218, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 218,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.3048, -6.0821, 4.9878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 218, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
218, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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