

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.3860, -0.1643,  
19.2132)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.3860, -0.1643,  
19.2132) contains.

<b>HunterLab(83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(83.3066, 0.0074,  
19.0592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFD5B8
RGB	239, 213, 184
RGB Percent	94%, 84%, 72%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1647, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.23, 0.06
HSL	32°, 63%, 83%
HSV	32°, 23%, 94%
XYZ	68.0426, 69.3999, 55.1566
YIQ	217.4680, 24.8050, -3.5070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

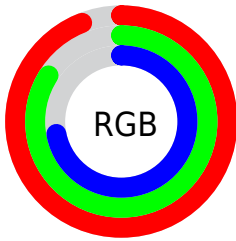
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 239, 184
Decimal	15717816
CIE Lab	86.70, 4.60, 17.64
CIE LCh	87, 18.232, 75.378
Yxy	69.4030, 0.3533, 0.3603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293907896 (0xFFEFD5B8)
YUV	217.4680, -16.4997, 18.8836
Hunter-Lab	83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592

# Details

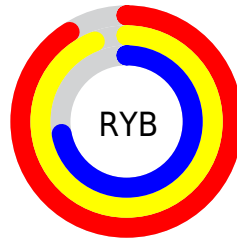
The HunterLab color  $83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $79.0657, -6.5355, -12.6312$ , and the grayscale version is  $83.5646, -4.4588, 4.5402$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.5346, -7.8917, 12.0885$ , and  $60.0312, 0.8448, 15.7982$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.3709, 2.7912, 24.0786$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $87.3921, -2.3889, 13.3665$ .

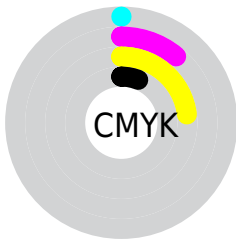
# Distribution



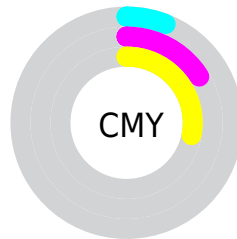
- Red (94%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.3066, 0.0074,  
19.0592

 83.3066, 0.0074,  
19.0592


214.1147, -5.3641,  
32.5242

 71.4423, 0.4208,  
17.5366

 108.7920, -0.9502,  
22.0669

 60.2000, 0.7918,  
15.9900

122.3588, -1.4839,  
23.5590

 49.6185, 1.1136,  
14.4109


136.4469, -2.0524,  
25.0483

 39.7418, 1.3808,  
12.7848

151.0377, -2.6541,  
26.5373

 30.6245, 1.5866,  
11.0907

166.1144, -3.2873,  
28.0278

 22.3359, 1.7213,  
9.2955

181.6619, -3.9508,

 14.9692, 1.7702,

29.5217

7.3888

197.6662, -4.6434,  
31.0201

■ 8.6145, 1.8679,  
6.0301

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3066, 0.0074,  
19.0592

■ 83.3066, 0.0074,  
19.0592

■ 79.3709, 2.7912,  
24.0786

■ 87.3921, -2.3889,  
13.3665

■ 75.5913, 5.9935,  
28.3555

■ 91.6108, -4.4150,  
7.0591

■ 71.9825, 9.6292,  
31.8250

■ 95.9310, -6.2296,  
0.5310

■ 68.5576, 13.7075,  
34.4248

■ 98.5347, -10.4713,  
3.6062

■ 65.3302, 18.2238,  
36.1050

■ 62.3130, 23.1538,  
36.8408

■ 59.5165, 28.4439,  
36.6556

■ 57.6911, 32.2792,  
36.1141

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3085, 8.1750, 15.5130



83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592



83.3085, -9.0301, 19.0144

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3085, 0.0047, 19.0604



83.3085, -20.6274, 0.0081



83.3085, 8.3475, -7.9982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592



79.0657, -6.5355, -12.6312

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3085, 0.2320, -13.1251



83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592



83.3085, -16.3645, -8.1765

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3085, 0.0047, 19.0604



83.3085, -20.6824, 8.6202



83.3085, -8.8123, -13.1937



83.3085, 13.1299, 0.2312



# Rectangle

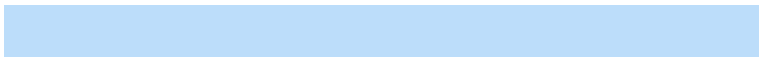
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592



83.3085, -14.3208, 16.9740



83.3085, -8.8123, -13.1937



83.3085, 5.9038, -10.1786

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3085, 0.0047, 19.0604



96.7667, -3.9228, 10.3973



75.7065, 19.4576, -1.0600



44.6412, -1.7545, 5.0018

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3085, 0.0047, 19.0604



87.4934, 1.4759, 23.3579



91.3158, -13.5740, 26.5868



41.3989, -1.4654, 5.2195



43.1947, 23.2983, 27.0243



13.2337, 5.0358, 8.2427



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.0657, -6.5355, -12.6312



81.9545, -7.0237, -18.0669



71.2866, 7.2300, -23.8661



40.5720, -2.7486, -0.9453



31.9753, 11.0324, -63.7820

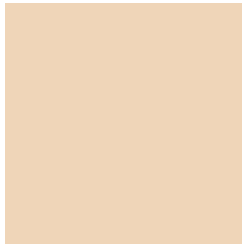


10.2387, 1.2100, -15.4096



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

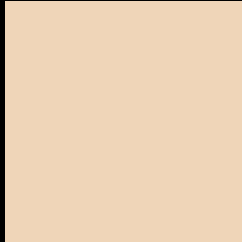
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

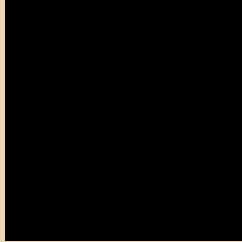
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3066, 0.0074,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592

### Protanopia

83.4655, -5.6207, 18.3336

### Deuteranopia

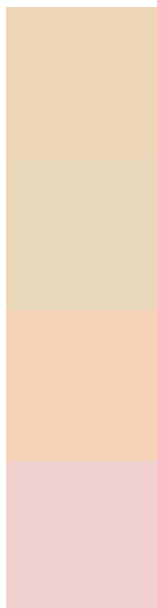
83.3233, 6.2455, 18.7926



## Tritanopia

83.2109, 11.1391, 1.2211

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592

## Protanomaly

83.5286, -3.8695, 18.8224

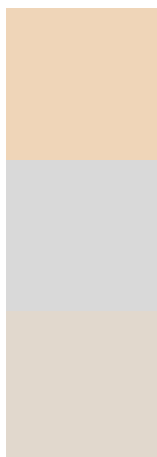
## Deuteranomaly

83.1798, 4.2435, 18.6128

## Tritanomaly

83.1154, 6.8723, 8.3054

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592

## Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

## Achromatomaly

83.3829, -3.2906, 10.2536

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 213, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 213, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 213, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 213, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 213, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 213, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 213, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 213, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 213, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 213, 184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.3066, 0.0074, 19.0592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 213, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
213, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor