

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.5093, 24.6845,
-15.2795)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.5093, 24.6845,
-15.2795) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.5395, 24.6237,
-15.2376)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC8FF
RGB	255, 200, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2157, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 89%
HSV	300°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	79.9442, 69.7885, 103.8647
YIQ	222.7150, 15.1250, 28.7650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	255, 200, 255
Decimal	16763135
CIELab	86.89, 28.47, -19.48
CIELCh	87, 34.492, 325.624
Yxy	69.7912, 0.3152, 0.2752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953215 (0xFFFFC8FF)
YUV	222.7150, 15.9165, 28.3139
Hunter-Lab	83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376

Details

The HunterLab color $83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $93.7926, -30.9045, 22.7090$, and the grayscale version is $85.7075, -4.5731, 4.6567$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.5316, 23.1142, -14.6263$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.7775, 38.9000, -25.0681$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90.8869, 10.5418, -5.5287$.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.5395, 24.6237,
-15.2376

83.5395, 24.6237,
-15.2376

214.4333, 27.2107,
-14.0987

71.6633, 23.9929,
-15.1109

109.0463, 25.6355,
-15.3143

60.4088, 23.2747,
-14.9251

122.6232, 26.0355,
-15.2751

49.8143, 22.4560,
-14.6745

136.7211, 26.3709,
-15.1873

39.9237, 21.5254,
-14.3566

151.3213, 26.6458,
-15.0533

30.7912, 20.4693,
-13.9718

166.4072, 26.8641,
-14.8756

22.4860, 19.2738,
-13.5290

181.9635, 27.0292,

15.1006, 17.9312,

-14.6560

-13.0639

197.9764, 27.1438,
-14.3965

8.7364, 16.6481,
-12.8050

0.0000, INF, -NF

83.5395, 24.6237,
-15.2376

83.5395, 24.6237,
-15.2376

76.7775, 38.9000,
-25.0681

90.8869, 10.5418,
-5.5287

70.6942, 53.1292,
-34.8543

98.7309, -3.2138,
3.9673

65.4001, 66.8769,
-44.2989

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

61.0053, 79.5033,
-52.9647

■ 57.6024, 90.2082,
-60.3059

■ 55.2390, 98.2077,
-65.7886

■ 53.8842, 103.0295,
-69.0921

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.5411, 10.3253, -29.0792



83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



83.5411, 31.1332, 2.1112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.5411, 24.6206, -15.2354



83.5411, -1.9237, 30.2254



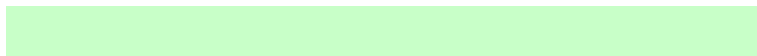
83.5411, -32.2366, -10.2326

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



93.7926, -30.9045, 22.7090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.5411, -34.9436, 6.9123



83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



83.5411, -18.2873, 28.2292

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.5411, 24.6206, -15.2354



83.5411, 15.0413, 26.5672



83.5411, -30.0408, 20.4305



83.5411, -22.3255, -25.8051

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



83.5411, 29.8297, 12.5836



83.5411, -30.0408, 20.4305



83.5411, -33.9832, -4.3761

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.5411, 24.6206, -15.2354



95.1965, 2.8409, -0.2140



77.9816, 6.6555, -23.7626



43.8048, 1.7298, -0.3858

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.5411, 24.6206, -15.2354



80.4651, 30.9381, -19.5871



82.5500, 19.5072, -1.2493



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

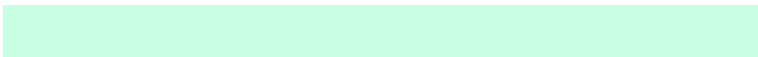
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.5411, 24.6206, -15.2354



80.4651, 30.9381, -19.5871



94.5378, -26.6340, 11.9816



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

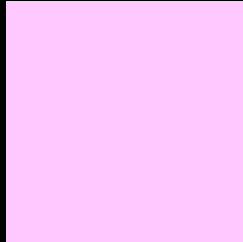
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376.

-15.2376.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376

Protanopia

83.5985, 0.8192, -15.5707

Deuteranopia

83.7914, 5.9963, -14.0185



Tritanopia

83.5108, 13.4817, 2.6310

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



Protanomaly

83.3558, 9.2961, -15.7671



Deuteranomaly

83.5224, 12.7906, -14.8715



Tritanomaly

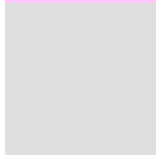
83.5594, 17.3810, -3.4400

Monochromacy



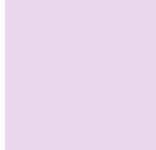
Original Color

83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376



Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672



Achromatomaly

85.0066, 5.6957, -2.3393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 200, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 200, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 200, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 200, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 200, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.5395, 24.6237, -15.2376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 200, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
200, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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