

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.5346, -2.5712,
-15.7207)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.5346, -2.5712,
-15.7207) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.5346, -2.5712,
-15.7207)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | C9DAFF |
| RGB | 201, 218, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 79%, 85%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.2118, 0.1451, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.21, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 221°, 100%, 89% |
| HSV | 221°, 21%, 100% |
| XYZ | 67.2088, 69.7803, 104.5344 |
| YIQ | 217.1350, -22.0090, 7.9030 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

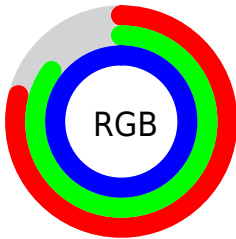
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 201, 214, 255 |
| Decimal | 13228799 |
| CIELab | 86.89, 1.96, -19.90 |
| CIELCh | 87, 20.001, 275.629 |
| Yxy | 69.7830, 0.2783, 0.2889 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291418879 (0xFFC9DAFF) |
| YUV | 217.1350, 18.6674, -14.1504 |
| Hunter-Lab | 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 |

Details

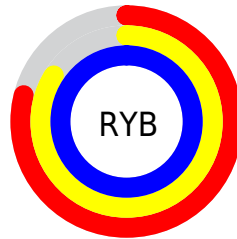
The HunterLab color $83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $93.0727, -4.9284, 22.0624$, and the grayscale version is $83.2875, -4.4440, 4.5252$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.3180, -1.5534, -15.3751$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.1238, -0.4497, -26.7872$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.1918, -4.1346, -5.3913$.

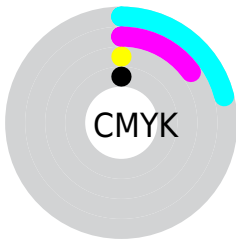
Distribution



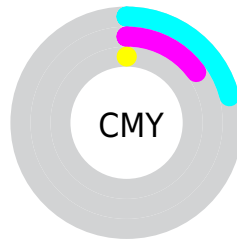
- Red (79%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207

■ 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207

214.4266, -8.8717, -14.7000

■ 71.6587, -2.0317, -15.5797

109.0410, -3.7610, -15.8252

■ 60.4045, -1.5290, -15.3797

122.6177, -4.4045, -15.7996

■ 49.8102, -1.0676, -15.1150

136.7154, -5.0788, -15.7251

■ 39.9199, -0.6512, -14.7836

151.3154, -5.7826, -15.6043

■ 30.7877, -0.2844, -14.3865

166.4010, -6.5147, -15.4395

■ 22.4829, 0.0263, -13.9339

181.9572, -7.2742,

■ 15.0979, 0.2717,

-15.2326

-13.4653

197.9699, -8.0602,
-14.9855

■ 8.7339, 0.5122,
-13.2218

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 83.5346, -2.5712,
-15.7207

■ 83.5346, -2.5712,
-15.7207

■ 76.1238, -0.4497,
-26.7872

■ 91.1918, -4.1346,
-5.3913

■ 68.9906, 2.3565,
-38.7522

■ 99.0620, -5.2333,
4.3258

■ 62.1826, 5.9952,
-51.7851

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 55.7588, 10.6407,
-66.0546

■ 49.7944, 16.4776,
-81.6776

■ 44.3831, 23.6554,
-98.6208

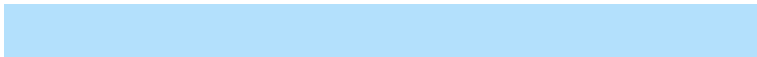
■ 39.6343, 32.1900,
-116.5400

■ 36.0554, 40.5709,
-132.6471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.5362, -12.2279, -13.8328



83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207



83.5362, 7.0042, -11.6792

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.5362, -2.5728, -15.7184



83.5362, 11.7021, 14.4901



83.5362, -21.2203, 11.7293

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207



93.0727, -4.9284, 22.0624

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.5362, -15.3408, 18.0560



83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207



83.5362, 3.5989, 19.5143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.5362, -2.5728, -15.7184



83.5362, 15.4899, 6.3164



83.5362, -6.3341, 20.7391



83.5362, -22.7006, 2.7382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207



83.5362, 11.9615, -6.4201



83.5362, -6.3341, 20.7391



83.5362, -19.7068, 14.2033

Sweetspot

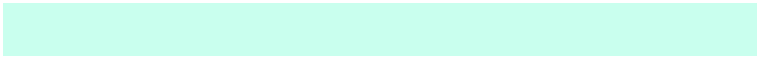
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.5362, -2.5728, -15.7184



95.2397, -4.7557, -0.2936



94.9237, -24.5816, 7.5851



43.8245, -2.1669, -0.4296

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.5362, -2.5728, -15.7184



80.6708, -1.8331, -19.8563



79.2648, 9.4045, -21.7593



42.7913, -2.0116, -1.7250



26.5088, 28.0752, -93.7401



9.3285, 6.0584, -24.7381

Inverse Universe

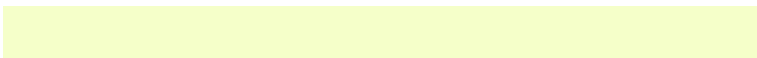
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.5208, 17.3506, 3.4935



79.5928, 21.5650, 3.3564



97.5540, -17.0304, 26.2289



42.5221, 2.1753, 2.0083



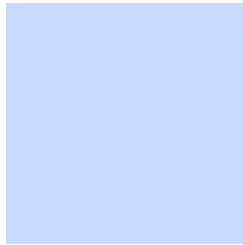
33.8192, 58.8878, 14.3225



10.6414, 18.7007, 3.1782

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

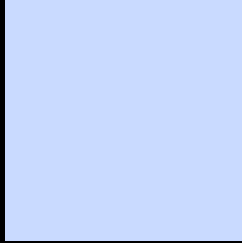
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

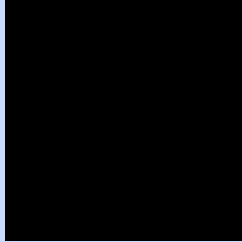
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207.

-15.7207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207

Protanopia

83.6093, 0.7030, -14.3665

Deuteranopia

83.2869, 6.0010, -15.9230



Tritanopia

83.6013, -8.4199, -5.9991

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207

Protanomaly

83.6940, -0.5098, -14.8622

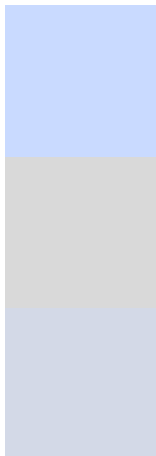
Deuteranomaly

83.2527, 2.7804, -16.0281

Tritanomaly

83.5824, -6.4385, -9.3223

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207

Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatomaly

83.2130, -3.8306, -2.6581

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 218, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 218, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 218, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 218, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 218, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 218, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 218, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 218, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 218,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.5346, -2.5712, -15.7207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 218, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
218, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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