

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.5501, -26.0895,
12.3147)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.5501, -26.0895,
12.3147) contains.

HunterLab(83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(83.5239,
-26.1088, 12.2209)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEE6C8
RGB	174, 230, 200
RGB Percent	68%, 90%, 78%
CMY	0.3176, 0.0980, 0.2157
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.13, 0.10
HSL	148°, 53%, 79%
HSV	148°, 24%, 90%
XYZ	56.1777, 69.7624, 65.1481
YIQ	209.8360, -23.7460, -21.2020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

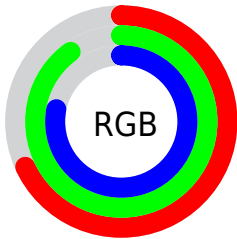
Format	Color
RYB	174, 212, 230
Decimal	11462344
CIELab	86.88, -23.84, 8.85
CIELCh	87, 25.431, 159.633
Yxy	69.7653, 0.2940, 0.3651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289652424 (0xFFAEE6C8)
YUV	209.8360, -4.8491, -31.4282
Hunter-Lab	83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209

Details

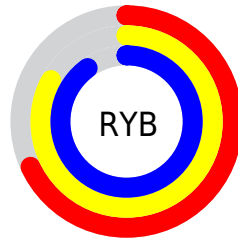
The HunterLab color $83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $71.7331, 20.4626, -2.6599$, and the grayscale version is $80.2380, -4.2813, 4.3595$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.7563, -13.2311, 2.6250$, and $60.2831, -22.3790, 10.0082$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.7268, -33.5907, 15.3875$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85.5784, -17.8366, 9.1186$.

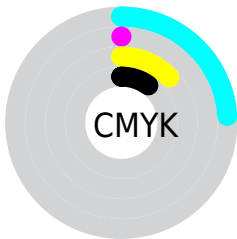
Distribution



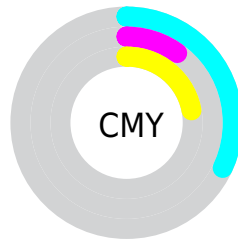
- Red (68%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83.5239, -26.1088,
12.2209

 83.5239, -26.1088,
12.2209


214.4121,
-41.8580, 22.4312

 71.6486, -24.2759,
11.1532


 109.0294,
-29.6947, 14.3926

 60.3949, -22.4015,
10.0926


122.6056,
-31.4576, 15.4971

 49.8012, -20.4739,
9.0370


136.7029,
-33.2071, 16.6155

 39.9116, -18.4746,
7.9816

151.3025,
-34.9469, 17.7484

 30.7801, -16.3761,
6.9187

166.3877,
-36.6797, 18.8962

 22.4761, -14.1348,
5.8355

181.9434,

 15.0919, -11.6756,

-38.4080, 20.0591

4.7093

197.9558,
-40.1335, 21.2374

■ 8.7283, -12.3686,
4.6784

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.5239, -26.1088,
12.2209

■ 83.5239, -26.1088,
12.2209

■ 81.7268, -33.5907,
15.3875

■ 85.5784, -17.8366,
9.1186

■ 80.1840, -40.2055,
18.5798

■ 87.8802, -8.8528,
6.1075

■ 78.8956, -45.8985,
21.7595

■ 90.4235, 0.7540,
3.2130

■ 77.8557, -50.6371,
24.8845

■ 92.0402, 7.0390,
-1.0479

■ 77.0534, -54.4179,
27.9115

■ 92.2368, 8.0894,
-3.8366

■ 76.4718, -57.2737,
30.7973

■ 76.0861, -59.2816,
33.4998

■ 75.9297, -60.1402,
34.9200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.5256, -19.4505, 20.5081



83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209



83.5256, -27.1640, 0.5717

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.5256, -26.1102, 12.2220



83.5256, -0.3422, -21.7026



83.5256, 15.1564, 18.0284

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209



71.7331, 20.4626, -2.6599

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.5256, 20.9596, 8.3351



83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209



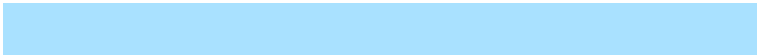
83.5256, 11.6659, -15.3594

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.5256, -26.1102, 12.2220



83.5256, -12.7779, -20.2488



83.5256, 19.6454, -3.9344



83.5256, 4.1942, 23.4973

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209



83.5256, -24.6137, -7.7527



83.5256, 19.6454, -3.9344



83.5256, 17.8039, 15.2200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.5256, -26.1102, 12.2220



98.0661, -12.7424, 7.7647



85.2077, -21.1981, 24.2688



45.2957, -6.1831, 3.6867

0.0000, NaN, NaN



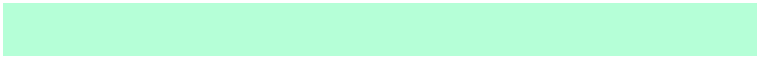
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.5256, -26.1102, 12.2220



92.8847, -33.5178, 15.4464



84.3519, -21.3938, 0.4176



40.2492, -6.2797, 3.5439



57.1513, -45.1185, 25.9638



15.5957, -11.8943, 6.1831

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.7331, 20.4626, -2.6599



77.1562, 28.7275, -4.3421



70.8964, 16.1380, 9.2696



38.0742, 2.2783, 0.7850



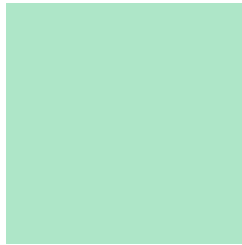
32.1900, 57.7287, 0.6274



8.8569, 16.0780, -1.3341

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

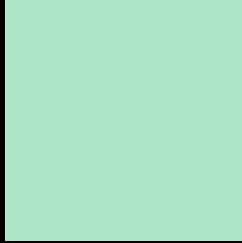
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

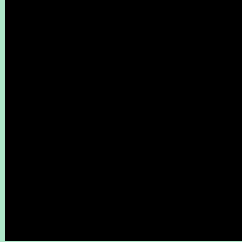
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209.



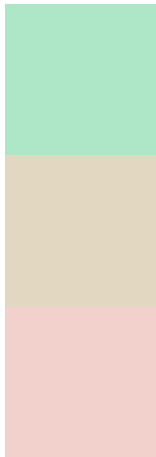
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209.

-26.1088, 12.2209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209

Protanopia

83.1449, -4.7868, 15.1727

Deuteranopia

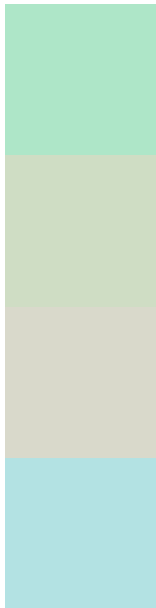
82.9686, 6.0873, 10.4082



Tritanopia

83.4669, -13.5310, -8.4768

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209

Protanomaly

83.0445, -13.0240, 13.6576

Deuteranomaly

82.8790, -6.7515, 10.5325

Tritanomaly

83.3801, -18.2126, -0.6168

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209

Achromatopsia

80.2795, -4.2835, 4.3617

Achromatomaly

81.2110, -12.4838, 7.1924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 230, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 230, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 230, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 230, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 230, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 230, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 230, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 230, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 230, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 230,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.5239, -26.1088, 12.2209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 230, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
230, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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