

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.5553, -1.3146,
-15.6693)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.5553, -1.3146,
-15.6693) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.4764, -1.1805,
-15.7791)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCD9FF
RGB	204, 217, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	225°, 100%, 90%
HSV	225°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	67.7647, 69.6831, 104.4864
YIQ	217.4450, -19.9460, 9.0620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

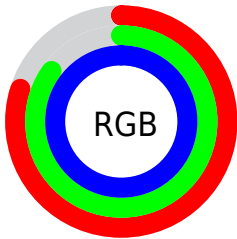
Format	Color
RYB	204, 214, 255
Decimal	13425151
CIELab	86.84, 3.39, -19.96
CIELCh	87, 20.243, 279.647
Yxy	69.6858, 0.2801, 0.2880
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291615231 (0xFFCCD9FF)
YUV	217.4450, 18.5146, -11.7913
Hunter-Lab	83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791

Details

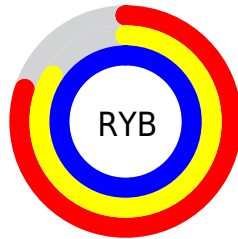
The HunterLab color $83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $94.4049, -6.5883, 22.1776$, and the grayscale version is $83.4217, -4.4512, 4.5325$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.2557, -0.2599, -15.4452$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75.5880, 1.6671, -27.6026$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.6262, -3.4820, -4.8206$.

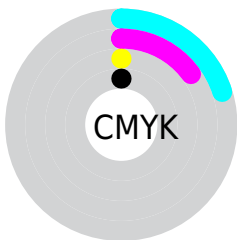
Distribution



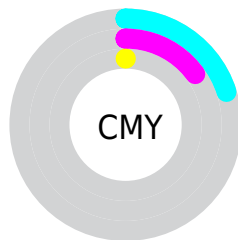
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.4764, -1.1805,
-15.7791

■ 83.4764, -1.1805,
-15.7791

214.3470, -6.9778,
-14.7746

■ 71.6034, -0.7087,
-15.6361

108.9774, -2.2441,
-15.8874

■ 60.3522, -0.2773,
-15.4340

122.5516, -2.8282,
-15.8637

■ 49.7612, 0.1084,
-15.1673

136.6468, -3.4452,
-15.7911

■ 39.8744, 0.4440,
-14.8340

151.2444, -4.0937,
-15.6721

■ 30.7460, 0.7235,
-14.4351

166.3278, -4.7724,
-15.5090

■ 22.4453, 0.9386,
-13.9812

181.8817, -5.4799,

■ 15.0650, 1.0772,

-15.3038

-13.5123

197.8923, -6.2154,
-15.0585

■ 8.7035, 1.2336,
-13.2808

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 83.4764, -1.1805,
-15.7791

■ 83.4764, -1.1805,
-15.7791

■ 75.5880, 1.6671,
-27.6026

■ 91.6262, -3.4820,
-4.8206

■ 67.9968, 5.1973,
-40.5031

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 60.7580, 9.5724,
-54.7155

■ 53.9422, 14.9870,
-70.4857

■ 47.6435, 21.6461,
-87.9981

■ 41.9844, 29.6999,
-107.2137

■ 37.1160, 39.0944,
-127.5738

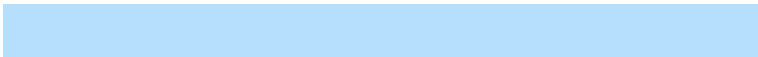
■ 33.1698, 49.2644,
-147.8068

■ 33.1695, 49.2654,
-147.8088

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4780, -11.1001, -14.6791



83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791



83.4780, 8.2855, -10.9535

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.4780, -1.1821, -15.7767



83.4780, 11.0123, 15.4836



83.4780, -21.8820, 10.7117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791



94.4049, -6.5883, 22.1776

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.4780, -16.4814, 17.5429



83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791



83.4780, 2.3971, 20.0625

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.4780, -1.1821, -15.7767



83.4780, 15.5434, 7.5783



83.4780, -7.6854, 20.7688



83.4780, -22.7384, 1.3913

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791



83.4780, 12.9527, -5.3311



83.4780, -7.6854, 20.7688



83.4780, -20.5505, 13.3429

Sweetspot

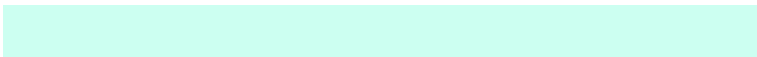
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.4780, -1.1821, -15.7767



94.9496, -4.2719, -0.6439



95.2537, -23.1504, 6.2949



43.6758, -1.9188, -0.6101

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.4780, -1.1821, -15.7767



80.2882, -0.1148, -20.3933



80.6170, 9.3367, -19.7403



42.5797, -1.6578, -1.9886



24.3910, 34.3026, -104.5361



8.6340, 7.7846, -27.5965

Inverse Universe

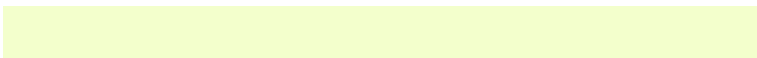
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.3409, 15.5568, 4.9230



80.2359, 19.8669, 5.0208



97.4435, -17.2820, 24.9816



42.5007, 2.0600, 2.3142



33.6579, 58.2930, 16.6884



10.5821, 18.4828, 4.0416

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

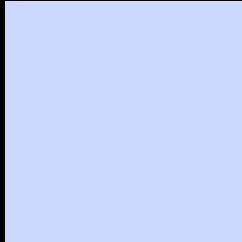
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.4764, -1.1805,

-15.7791.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791

Protanopia

83.3416, 1.4389, -15.3260

Deuteranopia

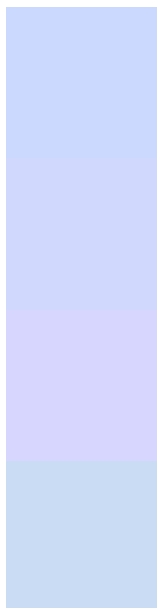
83.2869, 6.0010, -15.9230



Tritanopia

83.4975, -7.2357, -5.5681

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791

Protanomaly

83.4730, 0.3133, -15.1598

Deuteranomaly

83.4322, 3.3883, -15.7619

Tritanomaly

83.5172, -5.0564, -9.3857

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791

Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatomaly

83.3020, -3.5219, -2.5404

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 217, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 217, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 217,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.4764, -1.1805, -15.7791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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