

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.6274, 23.0748,  
-12.1797)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.6274, 23.0748,  
-12.1797) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(83.6274, 23.0903,  
-12.1867)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC9FA
RGB	255, 201, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2117, 0.0196
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	306°, 100%, 89%
HSV	306°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	79.3820, 69.9354, 99.7575
YIQ	222.7320, 16.4550, 26.6870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

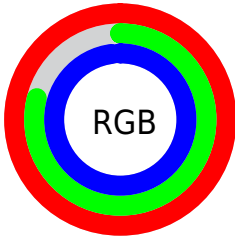
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 201, 250
Decimal	16763386
CIE Lab	86.97, 27.05, -16.72
CIE LCh	87, 31.800, 328.276
Yxy	69.9382, 0.3187, 0.2808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953466 (0xFFFFC9FA)
YUV	222.7320, 13.4431, 28.2990
Hunter-Lab	83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867

# Details

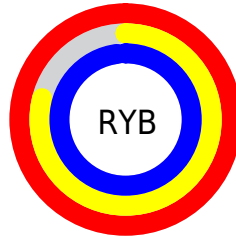
The HunterLab color  $83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $94.0185, -29.7532, 20.5875$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.7250, -4.5741, 4.6576$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $60.5999, 21.6341, -11.6414$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $76.7282, 36.8460, -20.4731$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.0931, 9.5034, -3.8409$ .

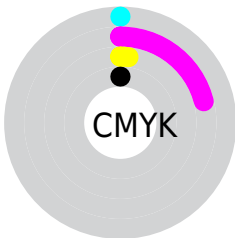
# Distribution



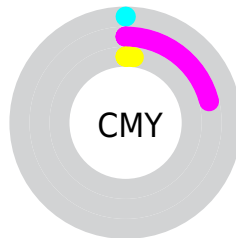
- Red (100%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83.6274, 23.0903,  
-12.1867

83.6274, 23.0903,  
-12.1867

214.5537, 25.2202,  
-10.2725

71.7469, 22.5183,  
-12.1550

109.1424, 23.9905,  
-12.0797

60.4878, 21.8606,  
-12.0644

122.7232, 24.3371,  
-11.9509

49.8883, 21.1047,  
-11.9091

136.8247, 24.6206,  
-11.7752

39.9924, 20.2387,  
-11.6846

151.4285, 24.8450,  
-11.5551

30.8543, 19.2488,  
-11.3876

166.5178, 25.0142,  
-11.2929

22.5428, 18.1198,  
-11.0193

182.0775, 25.1313,

15.1504, 16.8404,

-10.9906

-10.5957

198.0936, 25.1991,  
-10.6499

8.7820, 15.5784,  
-10.2667

0.0000, INF, -NF

83.6274, 23.0903,  
-12.1867

83.6274, 23.0903,  
-12.1867

76.7282, 36.8460,  
-20.4731

91.0931, 9.5034,  
-3.8409

70.4870, 50.5500,  
-28.5333

99.0387, -3.7952,  
4.4633

65.0143, 63.7979,  
-36.0913

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

60.4229, 75.9821,  
-42.7571

■ 56.8124, 86.3209,  
-48.0565

■ 54.2411, 94.0187,  
-51.5385

■ 52.6913, 98.5582,  
-52.9530

■ 52.0113, 100.2060,  
-52.7095

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6291, 10.4764, -25.2403



83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



83.6291, 28.2525, 3.6744

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6291, 23.0873, -12.1852



83.6291, -3.5470, 28.6686



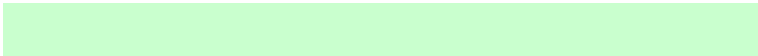
83.6291, -29.6663, -10.3902

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



94.0185, -29.7532, 20.5875

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6291, -32.8196, 5.4205



83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



83.6291, -18.4291, 26.2836

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.6291, 23.0873, -12.1852



83.6291, 12.1818, 25.6603



83.6291, -28.8589, 18.4157



83.6291, -19.9069, -24.0755



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



83.6291, 26.5077, 13.1484



83.6291, -28.8589, 18.4157



83.6291, -31.5006, -5.0661

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6291, 23.0873, -12.1852



95.1487, 2.5832, 0.4647



78.7700, 7.7590, -22.5375



43.7802, 1.5971, -0.0360

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6291, 23.0873, -12.1852



80.9175, 28.3398, -15.3700



82.6988, 18.2720, 0.9720



42.7430, 3.3594, -1.1334



37.6126, 72.4902, -38.3110



11.7710, 22.7403, -12.4095



# Inverse Universe

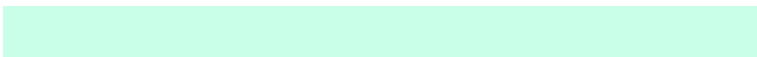
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6291, 23.0873, -12.1852



80.9175, 28.3398, -15.3700



94.7592, -25.5179, 9.9413



42.7430, 3.3594, -1.1334



37.6126, 72.4902, -38.3110



11.7710, 22.7403, -12.4095



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

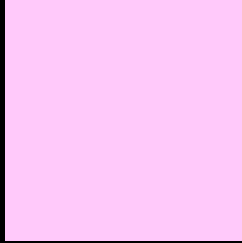
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867.

-12.1867.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867

### Protanopia

83.6859, 1.1178, -15.4414

### Deuteranopia

83.5894, 6.4838, -11.3699



## Tritanopia

83.6216, 13.8432, 2.7707

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



## Protanomaly

83.5758, 8.3475, -14.2798



## Deuteranomaly

83.5369, 12.4595, -11.9161



## Tritanomaly

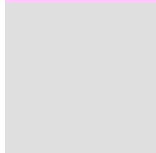
83.4909, 17.0239, -2.4699

# Monochromacy



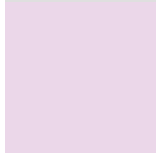
## Original Color

83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867



## Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672



## Achromatomaly

84.9389, 5.3331, -1.3794

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 201, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 201, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 201, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 201, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 201, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 201, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 201, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 201, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.6274, 23.0903, -12.1867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 201, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
201, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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