

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.6594, 17.2280,  
0.3739)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.6594, 17.2280,  
0.3739) contains.

<b>HunterLab(83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(83.6611, 17.2366,  
0.3505)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	FFCCE3
RGB	255, 204, 227
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2000, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	333°, 100%, 90%
HSV	333°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	76.6980, 69.9918, 82.1404
YIQ	221.8710, 23.0130, 17.9650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

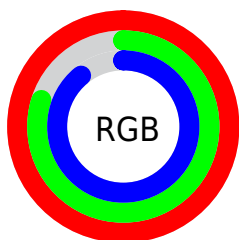
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 204, 227</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16764131</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.99, 21.56, -4.49</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 22.024, 348.235</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.9947, 0.3352, 0.3059</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294954211</a> (0xFFFFCCE3)
YUV	<a href="#">221.8710, 2.5286, 29.0541</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.9656, -24.7861, 10.4174**, and the grayscale version is **85.3947, -4.5564, 4.6397**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **60.6605, 16.3783, -0.4824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.2277, 28.8125, -1.4878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.6134, 5.8309, 2.6952**.

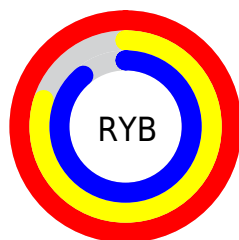
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

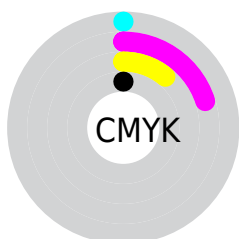
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (89%)

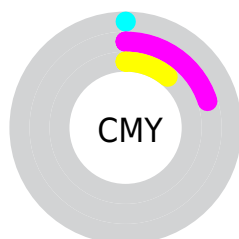


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)










Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505	 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505
214.6000, 17.5884, 5.9961	 71.7790, 16.8939, -0.0965
109.1793, 17.7005, 1.3696	 60.5181, 16.4741, -0.5008
122.7616, 17.8393, 1.9342	 49.9167, 15.9650, -0.8570
136.8645, 17.9210, 2.5333	 40.0188, 15.3551, -1.1606
151.4697, 17.9493, 3.1653	 30.8785, 14.6301, -1.4053
166.5603, 17.9275, 3.8287	 22.5647, 13.7719, -1.5828
182.1212, 17.8585,	 15.1695, 12.7597,


4.5225


-1.6814

198.1387, 17.7447,  
5.2452


 8.7995, 11.7063,  
-1.7249


0.0000, INF, NaN

 83.6611, 17.2366,  
0.3505


 83.6611, 17.2366,  
0.3505


 76.2277, 28.8125,  
-1.4878

 91.6134, 5.8309,  
2.6952

 69.4031, 40.4243,  
-2.6855

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

 63.3028, 51.7850,  
-3.0750

 58.0552, 62.4130,  
-2.4802

■ 53.7895, 71.6103,  
-0.7599

■ 50.6075, 78.5588,  
2.1166

■ 48.5406, 82.5954,  
5.9907

■ 47.4318, 83.8370,  
10.4228

■ 47.4316, 83.8372,  
10.4238

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6628, 11.8785, -9.9676



83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505



83.6628, 16.5560, 10.6013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6628, 17.2335, 0.3519



83.6628, -10.9767, 21.4806



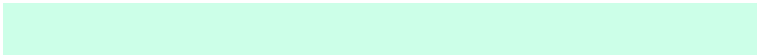
83.6628, -18.0797, -11.8644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505



94.9656, -24.7861, 10.4174

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6628, -23.6023, -1.9814



83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505



83.6628, -19.6495, 16.8641

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



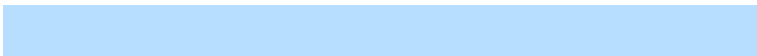
83.6628, 17.2335, 0.3519



83.6628, -0.1173, 21.9355



83.6628, -24.1617, 8.5488



83.6628, -8.7326, -17.6050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505



83.6628, 12.7799, 16.0607



83.6628, -24.1617, 8.5488



83.6628, -20.4237, -8.8620

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6628, 17.2335, 0.3519



94.9181, 1.3366, 3.7477



82.1165, 14.2504, -17.4596



43.6615, 0.9569, 1.6524

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6628, 17.2335, 0.3519



80.6203, 21.8522, -0.4519



83.4392, 12.5885, 11.0396



42.5714, 2.4402, 1.3055



34.3287, 60.7575, 6.9224



10.8124, 19.3255, 0.7163



# Inverse Universe

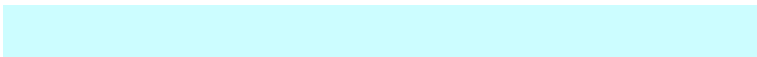
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6628, 17.2335, 0.3519



80.6203, 21.8522, -0.4519



95.1307, -19.7964, -0.6916



42.5714, 2.4402, 1.3055



34.3287, 60.7575, 6.9224



10.8124, 19.3255, 0.7163



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

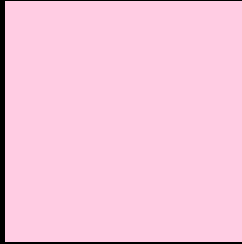
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

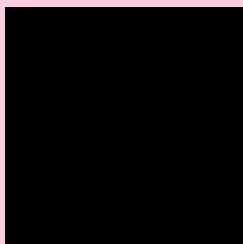
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6611, 17.2366,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505

### Protanopia

83.8902, -1.2174, -3.8778

### Deuteranopia

83.9112, 6.0261, 0.9716



## Tritanopia

83.6385, 15.3090, 3.3133

# Trichromacy



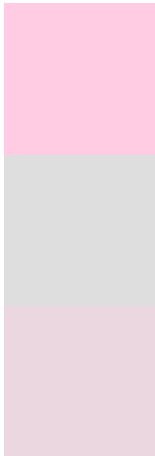
**Original Color**  
83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505

**Protanomaly**  
83.6075, 5.4069, -2.5259

**Deuteranomaly**  
83.7536, 10.0572, 0.8494

**Tritanomaly**  
83.7026, 15.6449, 2.4003

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505

**Achromatopsia**  
85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

**Achromatomaly**  
84.5430, 3.4057, 2.6982

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 204, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.6611, 17.2366, 0.3505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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