

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.6730, 5.3250,  
22.2508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(83.6730, 5.3250,  
22.2508) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(83.6439, 5.4123,  
22.1516)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCD2B1
RGB	252, 210, 177
RGB Percent	99%, 82%, 69%
CMY	0.0118, 0.1764, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.30, 0.01
HSL	26°, 93%, 84%
HSV	26°, 30%, 99%
XYZ	71.1274, 69.9630, 51.3504
YIQ	218.7960, 35.6250, -1.3590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

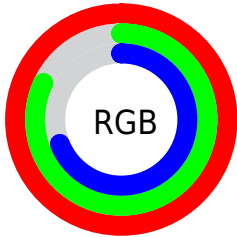
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">252, 236, 177</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16569009</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.98, 10.07, 21.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 24.079, 65.285</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.9663, 0.3696, 0.3636</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294759089 (0xFFFC D2B1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">218.7960, -20.6054, 29.1199</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **81.8758, -10.2226, -16.4182**, and the grayscale version is **84.1538, -4.4902, 4.5722**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3293, -9.0223, 15.0326**, and **60.5818, 5.2824, 18.7605** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.9867, 9.8239, 26.6090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.5118, 1.4306, 17.0521**.

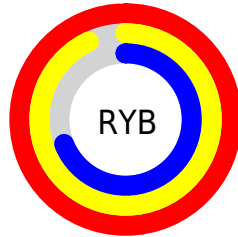
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (82%)

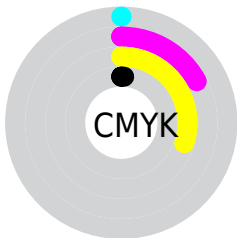
Blue (69%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (69%)

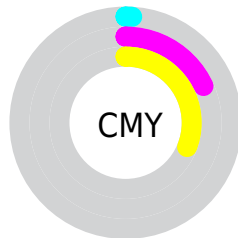


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83.6439, 5.4123,  
22.1516

 83.6439, 5.4123,  
22.1516

214.5767, 1.9185,  
37.2435

 71.7628, 5.5749,  
20.4001


 109.1607, 4.9236,  
25.5789

 60.5028, 5.6827,  
18.6088

122.7422, 4.6110,  
27.2652

 49.9024, 5.7265,  
16.7657


136.8445, 4.2560,  
28.9400

 40.0055, 5.6983,  
14.8521

151.4490, 3.8608,  
30.6068

 30.8663, 5.5873,  
12.8407

166.5389, 3.4277,  
32.2685

 22.5537, 5.3788,  
10.6896

182.0992, 2.9586,

 15.1599, 5.0510,

33.9273

8.5878

198.1160, 2.4550,  
35.5851

■ 8.7907, 4.6779,  
6.1535

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.6439, 5.4123,  
22.1516

■ 83.6439, 5.4123,  
22.1516

■ 78.9867, 9.8239,  
26.6090

■ 88.5118, 1.4306,  
17.0521

■ 74.5558, 14.6960,  
30.3388

■ 93.5655, -2.1408,  
11.3817

■ 70.3766, 20.0348,  
33.2569

■ 98.7901, -5.3366,  
5.2078

■ 66.4741, 25.8291,  
35.2819

■ 99.7174, -6.3203,  
5.0828

■ 62.8743, 32.0368,  
36.3501

■ 59.6019, 38.5717,  
36.4410

■ 56.6718, 45.2651,  
35.6953

■ 56.6057, 45.4230,  
35.6754

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6458, 15.2319, 16.2756



83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516



83.6458, -6.5843, 23.6083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6458, 5.4093, 22.1528



83.6458, -26.2448, 2.5040



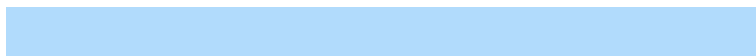
83.6458, 9.2956, -15.4393

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516



81.8758, -10.2226, -16.4182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6458, -2.3297, -20.4107



83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516



83.6458, -22.4975, -9.1579

# Square

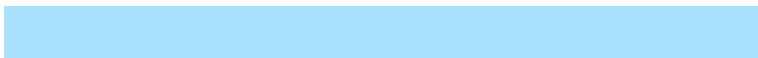
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.6458, 5.4093, 22.1528



83.6458, -24.4305, 13.2278



83.6458, -13.9065, -17.9640



83.6458, 17.5629, -5.1633



# Rectangle

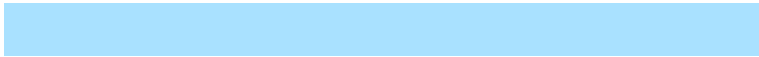
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516



83.6458, -14.1053, 22.0817



83.6458, -13.9065, -17.9640



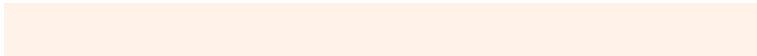
83.6458, 5.6272, -17.8475

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6458, 5.4093, 22.1528



95.2273, -2.4275, 11.0800



75.6845, 29.6261, -5.6169



43.7055, -0.8925, 5.5312

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6458, 5.4093, 22.1528



81.7964, 8.2307, 25.3623



95.0746, -13.6632, 32.4054



42.9909, -1.0240, 5.1482



41.1987, 31.9224, 25.9453



13.3387, 7.7997, 8.3558

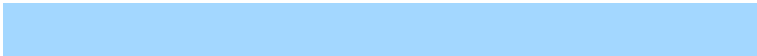


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.8758, -10.2226, -16.4182



79.6404, -10.7312, -21.5466



70.5919, 9.0418, -33.6943



42.7263, -3.3763, -0.6317



37.2814, 3.0893, -53.2675



12.2413, -0.6082, -13.9878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

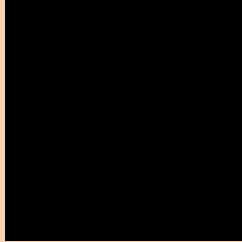
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6439, 5.4123,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516

### Protanopia

83.8463, -6.1280, 20.6456

### Deuteranopia

83.7557, 5.7878, 22.2664



## Tritanopia

83.7197, 15.5089, 3.9072

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516

## Protanomaly

83.7098, -1.9208, 20.9644

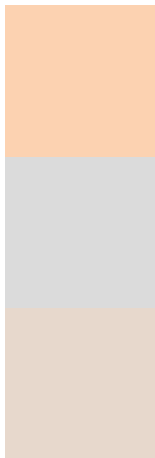
## Deuteranomaly

83.7557, 5.7878, 22.2664

## Tritanomaly

83.6995, 11.5215, 11.3103

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516

## Achromatopsia

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

## Achromatomaly

83.9406, -1.4221, 11.3484

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 210, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 210, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 210, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 210, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 210, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 210, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 210, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 210, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 210, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 210,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.6439, 5.4123, 22.1516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 210, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
210, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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