

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.6855, 17.3494,
0.0349)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.6855, 17.3494,
0.0349) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.6942, 17.4093,
-0.1199)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCCE4
RGB	255, 204, 228
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2000, 0.1059
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	332°, 100%, 90%
HSV	332°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	76.8365, 70.0472, 82.8696
YIQ	221.9850, 22.6920, 18.2760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

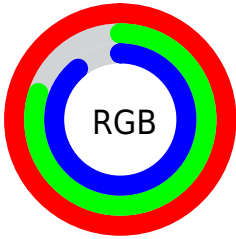
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 204, 228
Decimal	16764132
CIE Lab	87.02, 21.72, -4.98
CIE LCh	87, 22.288, 347.086
Yxy	70.0501, 0.3344, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954212 (0xFFFFCCE4)
YUV	221.9850, 2.9654, 28.9542
Hunter-Lab	83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199

Details

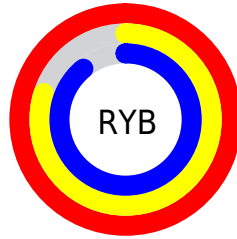
The HunterLab color **83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.9358, -24.9559, 10.8449**, and the grayscale version is **85.4425, -4.5590, 4.6423**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **60.6923, 16.5422, -0.9338** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.2779, 29.0657, -2.1998**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.6297, 5.9185, 2.4627**.

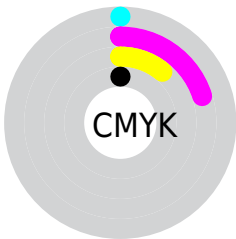
Distribution



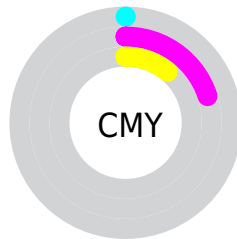
- Red (100%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)












- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199	 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199
214.6453, 17.8131, 5.3681	 71.8104, 17.0599, -0.5461
109.2155, 17.8860, 0.8600	 60.5478, 16.6332, -0.9285
122.7992, 18.0308, 1.4061	 49.9446, 16.1168, -1.2618
136.9035, 18.1184, 1.9872	 40.0447, 15.4994, -1.5410
151.5100, 18.1525, 2.6019	 30.9023, 14.7666, -1.7599
166.6019, 18.1363, 3.2486	 22.5860, 13.9004, -1.9097
182.1641, 18.0727,	 15.1882, 12.8801,


3.9259


-1.9785


198.1828, 17.9642,
4.6328

 8.8166, 11.8127,
-1.9885


0.0000, INF, NaN

 83.6942, 17.4093,
-0.1199


 83.6942, 17.4093,
-0.1199


 76.2779, 29.0657,
-2.1998

 91.6297, 5.9185,
2.4627

 69.4705, 40.7503,
-3.6396

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

 63.3869, 52.1722,
-4.2653

 58.1548, 62.8460,
-3.8900

■ 53.9021, 72.0711,
-2.3574

■ 50.7293, 79.0302,
0.3826

■ 48.6665, 83.0638,
4.1889

■ 47.5563, 84.2921,
8.6283

■ 47.5561, 84.2923,
8.6293

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6959, 11.7714, -10.5102



83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199



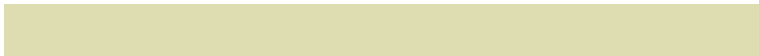
83.6959, 16.9634, 10.3140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6959, 17.4062, -0.1185



83.6959, -10.6600, 21.7588



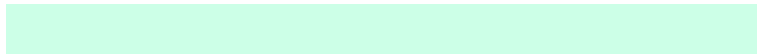
83.6959, -18.5369, -11.7510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199



94.9358, -24.9559, 10.8449

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6959, -23.9430, -1.6430



83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199



83.6959, -19.5608, 17.2553

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



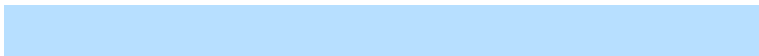
83.6959, 17.4062, -0.1185



83.6959, 0.3620, 22.0548



83.6959, -24.3077, 8.9751



83.6959, -9.1954, -17.7926

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199



83.6959, 13.2782, 15.9160



83.6959, -24.3077, 8.9751



83.6959, -20.8529, -8.6605

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6959, 17.4062, -0.1185



94.9278, 1.3894, 3.6088



82.0305, 13.9704, -17.5892



43.6665, 0.9839, 1.5811

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6959, 17.4062, -0.1185



80.6602, 22.0579, -1.0187



83.1947, 13.0454, 10.7777



42.5786, 2.4787, 1.2033



34.4193, 61.0884, 5.6187



10.8414, 19.4307, 0.3040

Inverse Universe

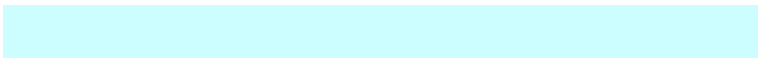
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6959, 17.4062, -0.1185



80.6602, 22.0579, -1.0187



95.4134, -20.2218, -0.3501



42.5786, 2.4787, 1.2033



34.4193, 61.0884, 5.6187



10.8414, 19.4307, 0.3040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

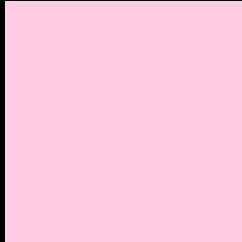
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

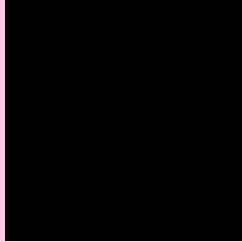
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199.

-0.1199.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199

Protanopia

83.9247, -1.0295, -4.3670

Deuteranopia

83.9440, 6.2017, 0.5051



Tritanopia

83.6385, 15.3090, 3.3133

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199

Protanomaly

83.6415, 5.5895, -3.0091

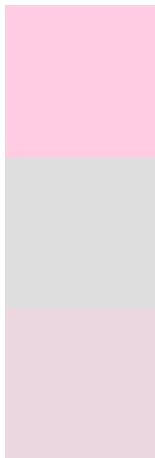
Deuteranomaly

83.7864, 10.2315, 0.3821

Tritanomaly

83.7349, 15.8141, 1.9402

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199

Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

Achromatomaly

84.5430, 3.4057, 2.6982

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

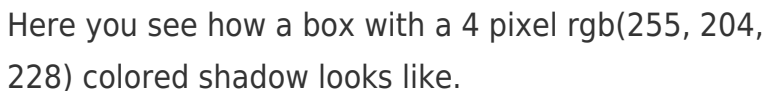
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 228) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.6942, 17.4093, -0.1199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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