

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.9487, 18.7541,
-3.7410)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.9487, 18.7541,
-3.7410) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.9654, 18.8219,
-3.9672)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFCCEC |
| RGB | 255, 204, 236 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 80%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.2000, 0.0745 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.20, 0.07, 0.00 |
| HSL | 322°, 100%, 90% |
| HSV | 322°, 20%, 100% |
| XYZ | 77.9732, 70.5019, 88.8554 |
| YIQ | 222.8970, 20.1240, 20.7640 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

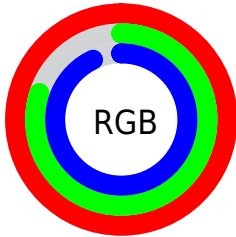
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 204, 236 |
| Decimal | 16764140 |
| CIE Lab | 87.24, 23.05, -8.89 |
| CIE LCh | 87, 24.707, 338.905 |
| Yxy | 70.5048, 0.3285, 0.2971 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294954220 (0xFFFFCCEC) |
| YUV | 222.8970, 6.4598, 28.1543 |
| Hunter-Lab | 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 |

Details

The HunterLab color $83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCFF . A complement of this color would be $94.7028, -26.2827, 14.1864$, and the grayscale version is $85.8250, -4.5794, 4.6630$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.9211, 17.7185, -4.1745$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.6949, 31.1637, -8.0974$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.7618, 6.6263, 0.5827$.

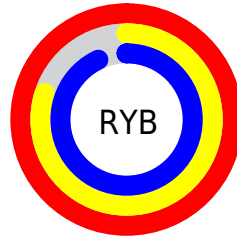
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

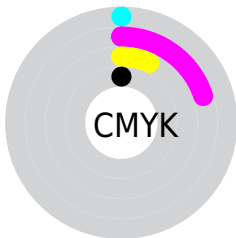
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (93%)

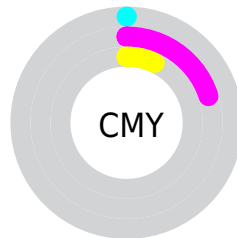


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.9654, 18.8219,
-3.9672

83.9654, 18.8219,
-3.9672

215.0164, 19.6477,
0.2905

72.0681, 18.4182,
-4.2323

109.5118, 19.4020,
-3.2914

60.7913, 17.9351,
-4.4468

123.1073, 19.5962,
-2.8896

50.1730, 17.3603,
-4.6045

137.2230, 19.7316,
-2.4481

40.2569, 16.6822,
-4.6995

151.8405, 19.8122,
-1.9690

31.0969, 15.8866,
-4.7246

166.9430, 19.8414,
-1.4541

22.7614, 14.9560,
-4.6706

182.5155, 19.8220,

15.3419, 13.8713,

-0.9049

-4.5268

198.5441, 19.7567,
-0.3229

■ 8.9551, 12.6981,
-4.3122

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 83.9654, 18.8219,
-3.9672

■ 83.9654, 18.8219,
-3.9672

■ 76.6949, 31.1637,
-8.0974

■ 91.7618, 6.6263,
0.5827

■ 70.0387, 43.4899,
-11.6525

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 64.1087, 55.4784,
-14.4165

■ 59.0264, 66.6112,
-16.1264

■ 54.9102, 76.1666,
-16.5080

■ 51.8486, 83.3307,
-15.3601

■ 49.8602, 87.4735,
-12.6721

■ 48.7833, 88.7446,
-8.8055

■ 48.7831, 88.7448,
-8.8046

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.9671, 10.9423, -14.9595



83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672



83.9671, 20.2658, 7.9899

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9671, 18.8189, -3.9658



83.9671, -8.1262, 23.9516



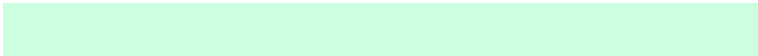
83.9671, -22.1628, -10.8763

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672



94.7028, -26.2827, 14.1864

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.9671, -26.6638, 1.0011



83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672



83.9671, -18.8727, 20.3063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



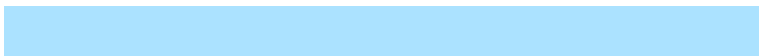
83.9671, 18.8189, -3.9658



83.9671, 4.2269, 23.0198



83.9671, -25.4951, 12.2952



83.9671, -12.8551, -19.3326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672



83.9671, 17.3125, 14.7649



83.9671, -25.4951, 12.2952



83.9671, -24.2630, -7.0876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9671, 18.8189, -3.9658



95.0063, 1.8138, 2.4909



81.2709, 11.4871, -18.7399



43.7069, 1.2017, 1.0068

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9671, 18.8189, -3.9658



80.9890, 23.7483, -5.6772



83.1516, 14.5577, 7.6409



42.6367, 2.7900, 0.3773



35.3055, 64.3023, -6.9580



11.1122, 20.4086, -3.5059

Inverse Universe

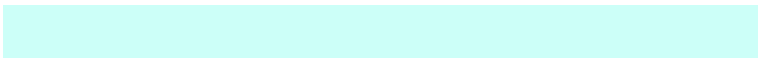
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.9671, 18.8189, -3.9658



80.9890, 23.7483, -5.6772



95.4715, -21.9178, 3.1927



42.6367, 2.7900, 0.3773



35.3055, 64.3023, -6.9580



11.1122, 20.4086, -3.5059

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

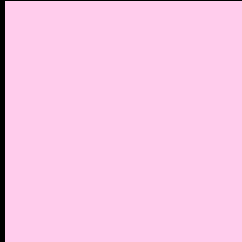
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

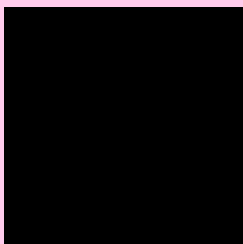
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672.

-3.9672.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672

Protanopia

84.0264, -0.1141, -8.6171

Deuteranopia

84.1740, 5.9089, -2.8587



Tritanopia

83.8446, 14.5691, 3.0511

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672

Protanomaly

83.8217, 6.7519, -7.0950

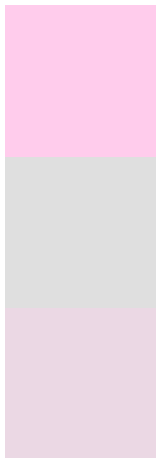
Deuteranomaly

84.1381, 10.4242, -3.3576

Tritanomaly

83.8329, 16.3270, 0.5460

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672

Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672

Achromatomaly

85.0737, 3.9114, 1.3370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 236) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 204, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.9654, 18.8219, -3.9672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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