

Converting Colors

HunterLab(83.9649, -4.8902,
3.2263)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(83.9649, -4.8902, 3.2263)
contains.

HunterLab(83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(83.9538, -5.1004,
3.3324)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8DBDD
RGB	216, 219, 221
RGB Percent	85%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1412, 0.1333
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	204°, 7%, 86%
HSV	204°, 2%, 87%
XYZ	66.7015, 70.4824, 78.4955
YIQ	218.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

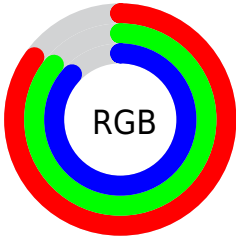
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 218, 221
Decimal	14212061
CIE Lab	87.23, -0.64, -1.34
CIE LCh	87, 1.490, 244.360
Yxy	70.4854, 0.3093, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292402141 (0xFFD8DBDD)
YUV	218.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443
Hunter-Lab	83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324

Details

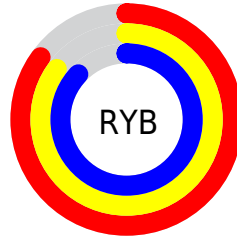
The HunterLab color $83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83.9476, -3.8385, 5.7766$, and the grayscale version is $83.8720, -4.4752, 4.5569$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.7299, -3.8259, 2.1334$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.2840, -7.3430, -2.4306$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88.7739, -2.4552, 8.9712$.

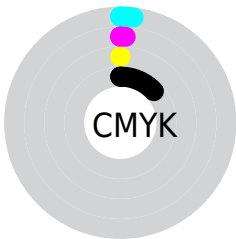
Distribution



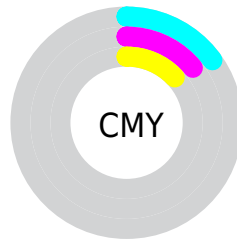
- Red (85%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.9538, -5.1004,
3.3324

■ 83.9538, -5.1004,
3.3324

215.0006,
-12.3297, 10.0177

■ 72.0572, -4.4360,
2.7465

109.4992, -6.5240,
4.6114

■ 60.7809, -3.8012,
2.1965

123.0942, -7.2771,
5.2984

■ 50.1632, -3.1996,
1.6861

137.2094, -8.0569,
6.0156

■ 40.2479, -2.6330,
1.2187

151.8264, -8.8627,
6.7619

■ 31.0886, -2.1038,
0.7983

166.9285, -9.6935,
7.5362

■ 22.7540, -1.6145,
0.4302

182.5006,

■ 15.3354, -1.1687,

-10.5488, 8.3375

0.1222

198.5288,
-11.4277, 9.1649

■ 8.9493, -0.7919,
-0.1349

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9538, -5.1004,
3.3324

■ 83.9538, -5.1004,
3.3324

■ 79.2840, -7.3430,
-2.4306

■ 88.7739, -2.4552,
8.9712

■ 74.7723, -9.1230,
-8.3287

■ 93.1923, -1.2834,
13.8804

■ 70.4346, -10.3815,
-14.3641

■ 95.9553, -5.9167,
16.7550

■ 66.2868, -11.0516,
-20.5349

■ 98.7699, -10.5065,
19.6136

■ 62.3457, -11.0624,
-26.8315

■ 98.9952, -10.8685,
19.8395

■ 58.6284, -10.3434,
-33.2342

■ 55.1515, -8.8318,
-39.7114

■ 51.9287, -6.4845,
-46.2203

■ 48.9668, -3.2975,
-52.7141

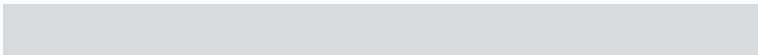
Harmonies

Analogous

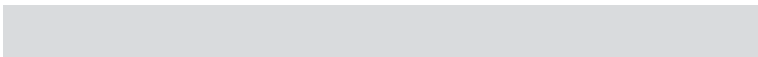
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.9556, -5.6619, 3.7982



83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324



83.9556, -4.3754, 3.2016

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9556, -5.1023, 3.3338



83.9556, -3.0529, 4.6733



83.9556, -5.2901, 5.6856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324



83.9476, -3.8385, 5.7766

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.9556, -4.5929, 5.9156



83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324



83.9556, -3.2999, 5.3344

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.9556, -5.1023, 3.3338



83.9556, -3.1905, 3.9789



83.9556, -3.8642, 5.7876



83.9556, -5.7700, 5.1567

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324



83.9556, -3.8933, 3.3207



83.9556, -3.8642, 5.7876



83.9556, -5.0734, 5.8002

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9556, -5.1023, 3.3338



99.4342, -5.6348, 4.7602



84.4811, -6.6572, 5.4286



46.0158, -2.6001, 2.2177

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

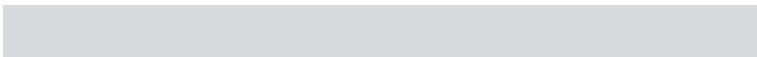
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9556, -5.1023, 3.3338



98.3079, -6.2186, 3.4096



83.2055, -3.8561, 2.4579



38.5243, -2.5305, 1.1442



36.0098, -0.8128, -43.2544



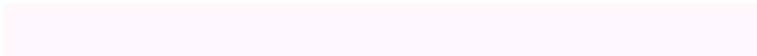
10.0345, -1.6147, -9.0566

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.4264, -2.2948, 3.7356



97.4785, -1.8083, 4.0458



84.6974, -5.0848, 6.6231



38.1184, -0.3672, 1.4586



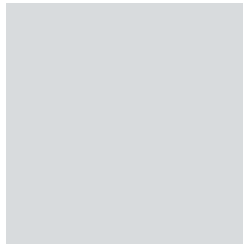
31.5163, 57.1547, -4.3013



8.1261, 14.9230, -2.5534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

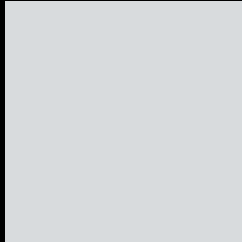
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

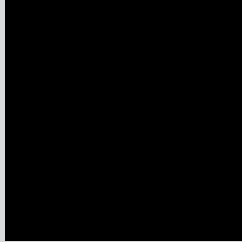
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

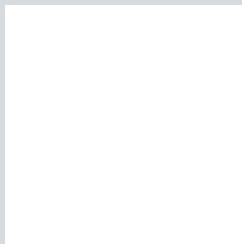
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324.

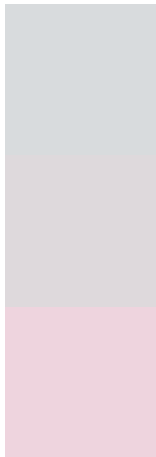


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9538, -5.1004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324

Protanopia

83.8586, -2.3168, 3.7600

Deuteranopia

83.9869, 6.0216, 3.0720



Tritanopia

83.9474, -1.0893, -3.2689

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324

Protanomaly

83.9796, -3.4817, 3.8832

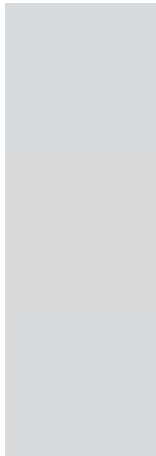
Deuteranomaly

84.0820, 1.7128, 3.1103

Tritanomaly

83.9950, -2.8450, -0.6181

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324

Achromatopsia

83.7318, -4.4677, 4.5493

Achromatomaly

83.6714, -4.6153, 3.9879

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 219, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 219, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 219, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 219, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

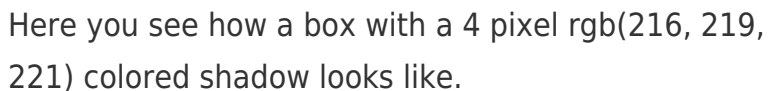
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 219, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 219, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 219, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 219, 221); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 219, 221); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 219, 221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.9538, -5.1004, 3.3324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 219, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
219, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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