

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.0575, -22.8796,
50.5486)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.0575, -22.8796,
50.5486) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.9607,
-22.5987, 50.4732)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E21E
RGB	225, 226, 30
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 12%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1137, 0.8823
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.87, 0.11
HSL	60°, 77%, 50%
HSV	60°, 87%, 89%
XYZ	58.4820, 70.4940, 11.7526
YIQ	203.3570, 62.3200, -61.1680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

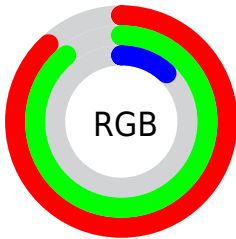
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 226, 31
Decimal	14803486
CIE _{Lab}	87.24, -19.73, 82.77
CIE _{LCh}	87, 85.089, 103.405
Yxy	70.4973, 0.4156, 0.5009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292993566 (0xFFE1E21E)
YUV	203.3570, -85.4650, 18.9809
Hunter-Lab	83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732

Details

The HunterLab color **83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **25.9078, 56.3453, -147.7205**, and the grayscale version is **77.7683, -4.1495, 4.2253**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.7889, -23.2221, 52.0033**, and **60.9304, -18.5068, 37.2210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.9053, -22.9059, 51.1507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0688, -22.0198, 49.0746**.

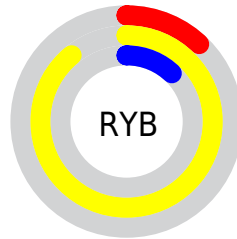
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (89%)

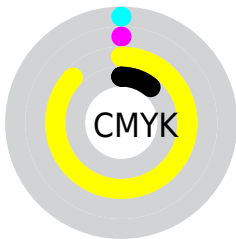
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (12%)

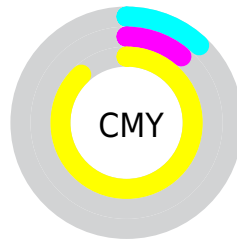


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.9607, -22.5987,
50.4732

■ 83.9607, -22.5987,
50.4732

215.0103,
-36.7933, 91.5812

■ 72.0639, -20.9834,
45.1331

■ 109.5069,
-25.7881, 60.5722

■ 60.7873, -19.3394,
39.5752

■ 123.1022,
-27.3659, 65.3684

■ 50.1692, -17.6596,
33.7939

■ 137.2178,
-28.9383, 70.0195

■ 40.2534, -15.9299,
28.1774

■ 151.8350,
-30.5077, 74.5410

■ 31.0937, -14.1292,
21.7656

■ 166.9374,
-32.0763, 78.9467

■ 22.7585, -12.2240,
15.9310

■ 182.5097,

■ 15.3394, -10.1567,

-33.6459, 83.2485

10.7376

198.5382,
-35.2178, 87.4569

■ 8.9528, -10.0796,
6.2670

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9607, -22.5987,
50.4732

■ 83.9607, -22.5987,
50.4732

■ 83.9053, -22.9059,
51.1507

■ 84.0688, -22.0198,
49.0746

■ 83.8920, -22.9745,
51.2917

■ 84.2329, -21.1099,
46.8218

■ 84.4617, -19.8349,
43.6183

■ 84.7611, -18.1659,
39.3891

■ 85.1355, -16.0810,
34.0766

■ 85.5890, -13.5641,
27.6385

■ 86.1247, -10.6045,
20.0465

■ 86.7451, -7.1964,
11.2852

■ 87.4523, -3.3387,
1.3513

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.9627, 20.1504, 50.1491



83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732



83.9627, -53.5802, 43.7013

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9627, -22.6016, 50.4738



83.9627, -55.9855, -68.3103



83.9627, 89.0526, -20.7986

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732



25.9078, 56.3453, -147.7205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.9627, 59.3664, -73.7860



83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732



83.9627, -26.5706, -109.2629

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.9627, -22.6016, 50.4738



83.9627, -70.1040, -15.5221



83.9627, 15.3122, -111.6547



83.9627, 90.7044, 20.6683

Rectangle

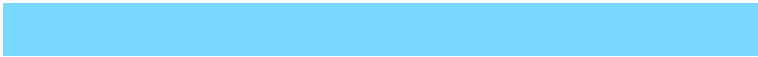
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732



83.9627, -65.7716, 32.4533



83.9627, 15.3122, -111.6547



83.9627, 81.7890, -38.2066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9627, -22.6016, 50.4738



98.1716, -15.3810, 31.2503



41.4641, 65.4754, 24.9387



45.3291, -7.6125, 15.7293

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9627, -22.6016, 50.4738



96.1938, -26.3468, 58.8129



76.8634, -50.1276, 45.5371



40.0323, -3.7772, 6.3745



63.3643, -17.3474, 38.7411



16.6859, -4.5541, 10.2020

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.9078, 56.3453, -147.7205



26.8858, 72.8962, -190.7911



33.1820, 66.1769, -106.9665



36.3960, -0.1391, -2.6424



17.7157, 48.0208, -125.6220



4.6770, 12.6520, -32.9657

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

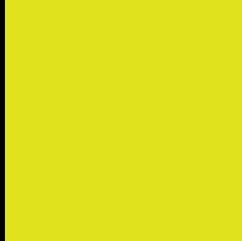
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9607,

-22.5987, 50.4732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732

Protanopia

83.8688, -11.5214, 50.7012

Deuteranopia

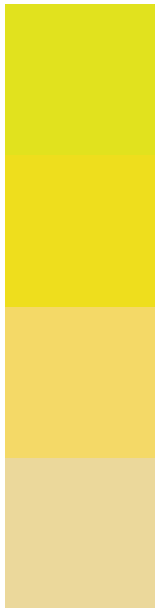
83.8995, 1.8791, 32.8008



Tritanopia

83.7643, 8.6479, 0.3271

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732

Protanomaly

83.9693, -15.9921, 50.6408

Deuteranomaly

83.5692, -8.3290, 42.2452

Tritanomaly

83.1507, -6.5508, 29.0107

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732

Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

Achromatomaly

78.9499, -14.0558, 29.7699

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 226, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 226, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 226, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 226, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 226, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 226, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 226, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 226, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.9607, -22.5987, 50.4732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 226, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
226, 30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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