

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.0675, -16.2547,
0.6039)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.0675, -16.2547,
0.6039) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.9336,
-16.2687, 0.6087)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBE2E2
RGB	187, 226, 226
RGB Percent	73%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.2667, 0.1137, 0.1137
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	180°, 40%, 81%
HSV	180°, 17%, 89%
XYZ	61.4173, 70.4485, 82.3124
YIQ	214.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

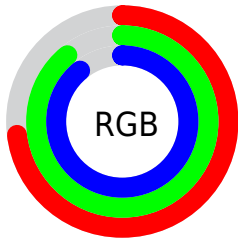
Format	Color
R _Y B	187, 207, 226
Decimal	12313314
CIE Lab	87.22, -12.63, -4.23
CIE LCh	87, 13.321, 198.526
Yxy	70.4514, 0.2868, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290503394 (0xFFBBE2E2)
YUV	214.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087

Details

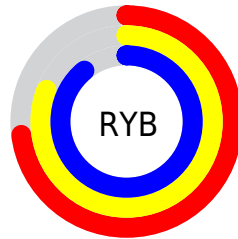
The HunterLab color $83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $74.3634, 9.3413, 8.4995$, and the grayscale version is $82.1337, -4.3824, 4.4625$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.9814, -8.8975, 4.1659$, and $60.8709, -13.8987, -0.2624$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.3538, -22.0514, -1.4409$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85.7495, -9.7778, 2.9160$.

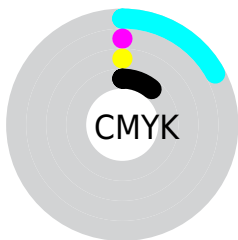
Distribution



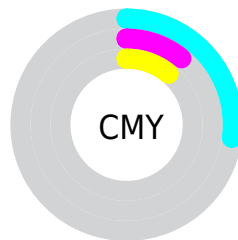
- Red (73%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.9336, -16.2687,
0.6087

■ 83.9336, -16.2687,
0.6087

214.9729,
-27.8250, 6.3444

■ 72.0379, -15.0147,
0.1495

■ 109.4771,
-18.7857, 1.6503

■ 60.7627, -13.7563,
-0.2674

123.0712,
-20.0508, 2.2254

■ 50.1462, -12.4896,
-0.6370

137.1856,
-21.3230, 2.8348

■ 40.2320, -11.2072,
-0.9547

151.8017,
-22.6035, 3.4767

■ 31.0741, -9.8975,
-1.2147

166.9030,
-23.8933, 4.1498

■ 22.7409, -8.5423,
-1.4086

182.4743,

■ 15.3239, -7.1096,

-25.1931, 4.8529

-1.5252

198.5018,
-26.5035, 5.5847

■ 8.9390, -6.6344,
-1.5714

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9336, -16.2687,
0.6087

■ 83.9336, -16.2687,
0.6087

■ 82.3538, -22.0514,
-1.4409

■ 85.7495, -9.7778,
2.9160

■ 81.0058, -27.0741,
-3.2206

■ 87.7931, -2.6320,
5.4576

■ 79.8888, -31.3052,
-4.7183

■ 90.0607, 5.1033,
8.2130

■ 78.9971, -34.7300,
-5.9295

■ 90.0815, 5.1732,
8.2371

■ 78.3209, -37.3559,
-6.8574

■ 90.0815, 5.1735,
8.2363

■ 77.8460, -39.2156,
-7.5139

■ 90.0816, 5.1737,
8.2356

■ 77.5525, -40.3712,
-7.9214

■ 90.0816, 5.1740,
8.2348

■ 77.4116, -40.9279,
-8.1171

■ 90.0817, 5.1743,
8.2340

■ 77.3857, -41.0302,
-8.1530

■ 90.0817, 5.1746,
8.2333

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.9353, -16.6542, 6.9533



83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087



83.9353, -12.7873, -5.0688

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9353, -16.2701, 0.6100



83.9353, 5.3173, -3.8956



83.9353, -1.9236, 15.6400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087



74.3634, 9.3413, 8.4995

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.9353, 4.1571, 13.1838



83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087



83.9353, 8.4236, 2.1123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.9353, -16.2701, 0.6100



83.9353, -0.3801, -7.8064



83.9353, 7.9925, 8.3438



83.9353, -8.5087, 15.3065

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087



83.9353, -9.1144, -7.5612



83.9353, 7.9925, 8.3438



83.9353, 0.2508, 15.1215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9353, -16.2701, 0.6100



98.8238, -9.4518, 3.9693



82.8435, -22.5459, 17.0051



45.6464, -4.6337, 1.7436

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9353, -16.2701, 0.6100



95.5090, -21.3305, -0.2496



77.9464, -6.8538, -6.8223



39.4618, -5.2039, 1.1060



58.4492, -30.9900, -6.1581



15.3883, -8.1588, -1.6215

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.3634, 9.3413, 8.4995



82.1473, 14.4916, 10.7872



79.8934, -0.4615, 14.3314



37.0143, 1.3281, 3.1177



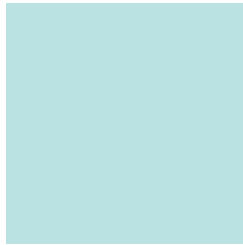
30.3715, 52.0123, 19.6246



7.9961, 13.6937, 5.1661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

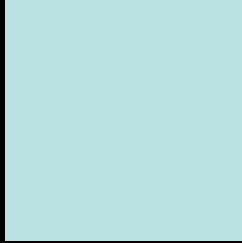
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

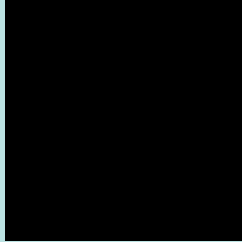
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087.



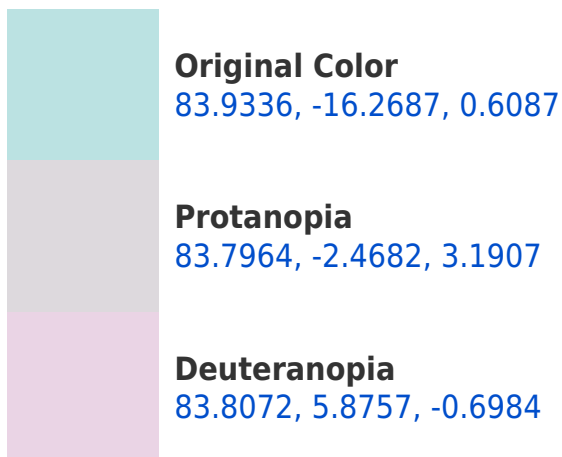
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9336,

-16.2687, 0.6087.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

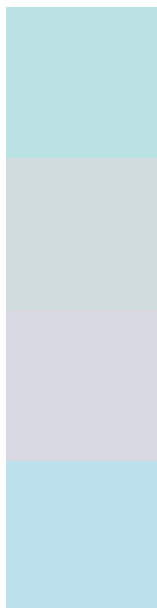




Tritanopia

84.0294, -11.5916, -7.1427

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087

Protanomaly

83.7075, -7.4390, 2.0021

Deuteranomaly

83.6534, -2.5072, -0.5191

Tritanomaly

84.0984, -13.3438, -4.3598

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087

Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554

Achromatomaly

82.4877, -8.8286, 2.9979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 226, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 226, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 226, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 226, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 226, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 226, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 226, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 226, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 226, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 226,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.9336, -16.2687, 0.6087 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 226, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
226, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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